

Air Conditioner SVC MANUAL(General)

CAUTION

Before Servicing the unit, read the safety precautions in General SVC manual. Only for authorized service personnel.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| General Information | 3 |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| | |
| | |
| • | |
| Functions & Controls | 15 |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| · · | |
| | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | |
| Basic Control | 53 |
| | |
| • | |
| • | |
| Trouble Shooting Guide | 55 |
| | |
| <u> </u> | |
| · | |
| , | |
| , | |
| | |
| | General Information 1. Safety Precautions 2. Model Line Up 3. Nomenclature Functions & Controls 1. List of Functions & Accessory 2. Air Flow 3. Air Purifying 4. Installation Functions 5. Reliability 6. Convenience Functions & Controls 7. Special Function & KIT Basic Control 1. Normal operation 2 Compressor control 3. EEV(Electronic Expansion Valve) control Trouble Shooting Guide 1. Self-diagnosis Function 2. Pump Down 3. Evacuation (All amount of refrigerant leaked) 4. Gas Charging (After Evacuation) 5. Cycle Part. 6. Electronic Parts |

Part 1 General Information

| 1. Safety Precautions | 4 |
|-----------------------|----|
| 2. Model Line Up | 7 |
| 3. Nomenclature | 11 |

1. Safety Precautions

To prevent injury to the user or other people and property damage, the following instructions must be followed.

■ Incorrect operation due to ignoring instruction will cause harm or damage. The seriousness is classified by the following indications.

 ▲ WARNING
 This symbol indicates the possibility of death or serious injury.

 ▲ CAUTION
 This symbol indicates the possibility of injury or damage to properties only.

■ Meanings of symbols used in this manual are as shown below.

| \bigcirc | Be sure not to do. |
|------------|------------------------------------|
| 0 | Be sure to follow the instruction. |
| A | Dangerous Voltage |

1.1 Cautions in Repair

| ▲ WARNING | |
|--|------------|
| Be sure to disconnect the power cable plug from the plug socket before disassembling the equipment for a repair.Internal components and circuit boards are at main potential when the equipment is connected to the power cables. This voltage is extremely dangerous and may cause death or severe injury if come in contact with it. | A |
| Do not touch the discharging refrigerant gas during the repair work. The discharging refrigerant gas. The refrigerant gas can cause frostbite. | \bigcirc |
| Release the refrigerant gas completely at a well-ventilated place first. Otherwise, when the pipe is disconnected, refrigerant gas or refrigerating machine oil discharges and it Can cause injury. | • |
| When the refrigerant gas leaks during work, execute ventilation. If the refrigerant gas touches to a fire, poisonous gas generates. A case of leakage of the refrigerant and the closed room full with gas is dangerous because a shortage of oxygen occurs. Be sure to execute ventilation. | • |
| When removing the front panel or cabinet, execute short-circuit and discharge between high voltage capacitor terminals. If discharge is not executed, an electric shock is caused by high voltage resulted in a death or injury. | |
| Do not turn the air-conditioner ON or OFF by plugging or unplugging the power plug. There is risk of fire or electrical shock. | \bigcirc |

| Do not use a defective or underrated circuit breaker. Use the correctly rated breaker and fuse. Otherwise there is a risk of fire or electric shock. | A |
|--|------------|
| Install the panel and the cover of control box securely. Otherwise there is risk of fire or electric shock due to dust, water etc. | A |
| Indoor/outdoor wiring connections must be secured tightly and the cable should be routed properly so that there is no force pulling the cable from the connection terminals. Improper or loose connections can cause heat generation or fire. | 0 |
| Do not touch, operate, or repaire the product with wet hands. Hoding the plug by hand when taking out. Otherwise there is risk of electric shock or fire. | \bigcirc |
| Use a vacuum pump or Inert (nitrogen) gas when doing leakage test or air purge. Do not compress air or Oxygen and Do not use Flammable gases. Otherwise, it may cause fire or explosion. - There is the risk of death, injury, fire or explosion. | |

| ▲ CAUTION | |
|---|------------|
| Do not turn on the breaker under condition that front panel and cabinet are removed. | A |
| Be sure to earth the air conditioner with an earthing conductor connected to the earthing terminal. | A |
| Conduct repair works after checking that the refrigerating cycle section has cooled down sufficiently. Otherwise, working on the unit, the hot refrigerating cycle section can cause burns. | • |
| Do not tilt the unit when removing panels. Otherwise, the water inside the unit can spill and wet floor. | \bigcirc |
| Do not use the welder in a well-ventilated place. Using the welder in an enclosed room can cause oxygen deficiency. | \bigcirc |
| Be sure to turn off power switch before connect or disconnect connector, or parts damage may be occurred. | A |

1.2 Inspections after Repair

| ▲WARNING | | | | |
|--|------------|--|--|--|
| Check to see if the power cable plug is not dirty or loose. If the plug is dust or loose it can cause an electrical shock or fire. | 0 | | | |
| Do not use a joined power cable or extension cable, or share the same power outlet with other electrical appliances. otherwise, it can cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire. | \bigcirc | | | |
| Do not insert hands or other objects through the air inlet or outlet while the product is operating. There are sharp and moving parts that could cause personal injury. | \bigcirc | | | |
| Do not block the inlet or outlet of air flow. It may cause product failure | \bigcirc | | | |

| ▲ CAUTION | |
|--|---|
| Check to see if the parts are mounted correctly and wires are connected. Improper installation and connections can cause an electric shock or an injury. | 0 |
| Check the installation platform or frame has corroded. Corroded installation platform or frame can cause the unit to fall, resulting in injury. | 0 |
| Be sure to check the earth wire is correctly connected. | A |
| After the work has finished, be sure to do an insulation tset to check the resistance is 2[Mohm] or more between the charge section and the non-charge metal section (Earth position). If the resistance value is low, a disaster such as a leak or electric shock is caused at user's side. | A |
| Check the drainage of the indoor unit after the repair. If drainage is faulty the water to enter the room and wet floor. | 0 |

2. Model Line Up

2.1 Indoor units

| Category | | Chassis | | | | Capacit | y Index [kW | [kBtu/h)] | | | |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|---------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Name | 2.5 (9) | 3.5 (12) | 5.0 (18) | 7.1 (24) | 8.0 (30) | 10.0 (36) | 12.5 (42) | 14.0 (48) | 15.0 (60) |
| | | TR | ATNH09GRLE2 [CT09 NR2 | ATNH12GRLE2 [CT12 NR2] | | | | | | | |
| | | TQ | | | ATNH18GQLE2 [CT18 NQ2] | | | | | | |
| Ceiling Cassette | 4-Way | TP | | | | ATNH24GPLE2 [CT24 NP2] | ATNH30GPLE2 [UT30 NP2] | | | | |
| | | TN | | | | | | ATNH36GNLE2 [UT36 NN2 | | | |
| | | TM | | | | | | | ATNH42GMLE2 [UT42 NM2] | ATNH48GMLE2 [UT48 NM2] | ATNH60GMLE2 [UT60 NM2 |
| | | ВН | | | ABNH18GHLA2 [CB18 NH2] | ABNH24GHLA2 [CB24 NH2] | | | | | |
| | High Static Pressure | BG | | | | | ABNH30GGLA2 [UB30 NG2] | ABNH36GGLA2 [UB36 NG2] | | | |
| | | BR | | | | | | | ABNH42GRLA2 [UB42 NR2] | ABNH48GRLA2 [UB48 NR2] | ABNH60GRLA2 [UB60 NR2] |
| 0 "" | | M1 | | | ABNW18GM1A0 [CM18 N14] | ABNW24GM1A0 [CM24 N14] | ABNW30GM1A0 [UM30 N14] | | | | |
| Ceiling Concealed Duct | High Static Pressure | M2 | | | | | | ABNW36GM2A0 [UM36 N24] | ABNW42GM2A0 [UM42 N24] | | |
| | | МЗ | | | | | | | | ABNW48GM3A0 [UM48 N34] | ABNW60GM3A0 [UM60 N34] |
| | 1 | L1 | ABNH09GL1A2 [CB09L N12] | | | | | | | | |
| | Low Static Pressure | L2 | | ABNH12GL2A2 [CB12L N22] | ABNH18GL2A2 [CB18L N22] | | | | | | |
| | | L3 | | | | ABNH24GL3A2 [CB24L N32] | | | | | |
| Ceiling 8 | & Floor | VE | AVNH09GELA2 [CV09 NE2] | AVNH12GELA2 [CV12 NE2] | | | | | | | |
| | | VJ | | | UVNH18GJLA2 [CV18 NJ2] | UVNH24GJLA2 [CV24 NJ2] | UVNH30GJLA2 [UV30 NJ2] | | | | |
| Ceiling Suspended | VK | | | | | | UVNH36GKLA2 [UV36 NK2] | | | | |
| | VL | | | | | | | UVNH42GLLA2 [UV42 NL2] | UVNH48GLLA2 [UV48 NL2] | UVNH60GLLA2 [UV60 NL2] | |
| Cons | sole | QA | AQNH09GALA0 [CQ09 NA0] | AQNH12GALA0 [CQ12 NA0] | AQNH18GALA0 [CQ18 NA0] | | | | | | |
| Floor sta | anding | PT2 | | | | | | | | APNH48GTLA0 [UP48 NT2] | |
| Wall mo | ounted | SV | | | | | AJNW30GVLA0 [UJ30 NV2] | AJNW36GVLA0 [UJ36 NV2] | | | |

Ceiling Cassette 4-way

ATNH09GRLE2 [CT09 NR2] ATNH12GRLE2 [CT12 NR2] ATNH18GQLE2 [CT18 NQ2] ATNH24GPLE2 [CT24 NP2] ATNH30GPLE2 [UT30 NP2] ATNH36GNLE2 [UT36 NN2] ATNH42GMLE2 [UT42 NM2] ATNH48GMLE2 [UT48 NM2] ATNH48GMLE2 [UT60 NM2]



· Ceiling Concealed Duct - High static pressure

ABNH18GHLA2 [CB18 NH2]
ABNH24GHLA2 [CB24 NH2]
ABNH30GGLA2 [UB30 NG2]
ABNH36GGLA2 [UB36 NG2]
ABNH42GRLA2 [UB48 NR2]
ABNH42GRLA2 [UB48 NR2]
ABNH48GRLA2 [UB60 NR2]
ABNW18GM1A0 [CM18 N14]
ABNW24GM1A0 [CM24 N14]
ABNW30GM1A0 [UM30 N14]
ABNW36GM2A0 [UM36 N24]
ABNW42GM2A0 [UM42 N24]
ABNW48GM3A0 [UM48 N34]
ABNW48GM3A0 [UM48 N34]
ABNW46GM3A0 [UM60 N34]



Ceiling Concealed Duct – Low static pressure

ABNH09GL1A2 [CB09L N12] ABNH12GL2A2 [CB12L N22] ABNH18GL2A2 [CB18L N22] ABNH24GL3A2 [CB24L N32]



Floor Standing
 APNH48GTLA0 [UP48 NT2]



Ceiling & Floor
 AVNH09GELA2 [CV09 NE2]
 AVNH12GELA2 [CV12 NE2]

Ceiling Suspended
 UVNH18GJLA2 [CV18 NJ2]
 UVNH24GJLA2 [CV24 NJ2]
 UVNH30GJLA2 [UV30 NJ2]
 UVNH36GKLA2 [UV36 NK2]
 UVNH42GLLA2 [UV42 NL2]
 UVNH48GLLA2 [UV48 NL2]
 UVNH60GLLA2 [UV60 NL2]



Console

AQNH09GALA0 [CQ09 NA0] AQNH12GALA0 [CQ12 NA0] AQNH18GALA0 [CQ18 NA0]



Wall mounted
 AJNW30GVLA0 [UJ30 NV2]
 AJNW36GVLA0 [UJ36 NV2]



2.2 Outdoor units

| DC Inverter | AUUW096D [UU09W ULD] | AUUW126D [UU12W ULD] | AUUW186D2 [UU18W UE2] | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| No. of connectable indoor units | 1 | | | |
| Total capacity index of connectable indoor units(kW) | 2.5 | 3.5 | 5.0 | |
| Power supply | 1Ø, 220 - 240V, 50Hz | | | |
| Chassis | | LG | (La | |

| DC Inverter | AUUW246D2 [UU24W U42] | AUUW306D2 [UU30W U42] | AUUW366D2 [UU36W UO2] |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| No. of connectable indoor units | | 1 | |
| Total capacity index of connectable indoor units(kW) | 7.1 | 8.0 | 10.0 |
| Power supply | 1Ø, 220 - 240V, 50Hz | | |
| Chassis | | € LG | € LG |

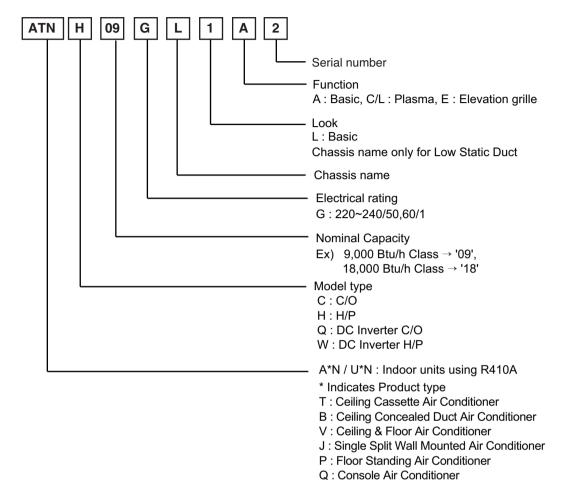
| DC Inverter Synchro | AUUW426D2 [UU42W U32] | AUUW486D2 [UU48W U32] | AUUW606D2 [UU60W U32] | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| No. of connectable indoor units | | 1 ~ 4 | | |
| Total capacity index of connectable indoor units(kW) | 12.5 14.0 15.0 | | | |
| Power supply | | 1Ø, 220 - 240V, 50Hz | | |
| Chassis | | ⊕ LG | | |

| DC Inverter | AUUW368D2 [UU37W UO2] |
|--|--------------------------|
| No. of connectable indoor units | 1 |
| Total capacity index of connectable indoor units(kW) | 10.0 |
| Power supply | 3Ø, 380 - 415V, 50Hz |
| Chassis | © LG |

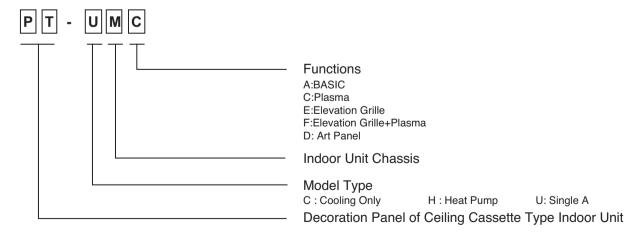
| DC Inverter | AUUW428D2 [UU43W U32] | AUUW488D2 [UU49W U32] | AUUW608D2 [UU61W U32] |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| No. of connectable indoor units | | 1 ~ 4 | |
| Total capacity index of connectable indoor units(kW) | 12.5 | 14.0 | 15.0 |
| Power supply | 3Ø, 380 - 415V, 50Hz | | |
| | © LG | | |

3. Nomenclature

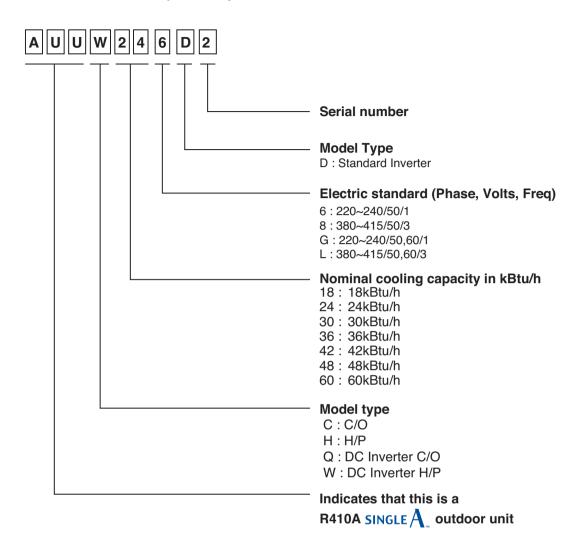
3.1 Indoor Unit(Global)



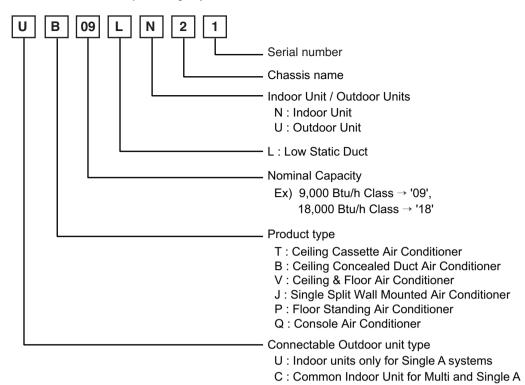
3.2 Decoration panel(For ceiling cassette models)



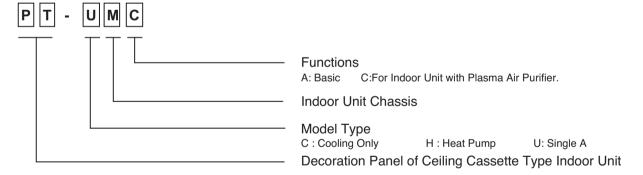
3.3 Outdoor Unit(Global)



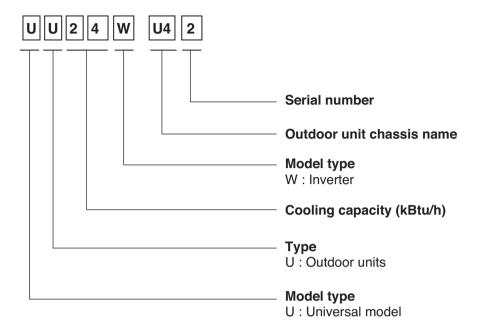
3.4 Indoor Unit(Europe)



3.5 Decoration panel(For ceiling cassette models)



3.6 Outdoor Unit(Europe)



Part 2 Functions & Controls

| 1. List of Functions & Accessory | 16 |
|---|----|
| 2. Air flow | 27 |
| 2.1 Auto swing (left & right) | 27 |
| 2.2 Auto swing (up & down) | |
| 2.3 Chaos swing (up/down) | |
| 2.4 Air flow step | |
| 2.5 Chaos wind (auto wind) | |
| 2.6 Jet Cool Mode Operation | |
| 2.7 Swirl wind Swing | |
| 3. Air purifying | 29 |
| 3.1 PLASMA Air Purifying System | 29 |
| 4. Installation Functions | |
| 4.1 E.S.P. (External Static Pressure) Setting | 30 |
| 4.2 High Ceiling operation | 40 |
| 5. Reliability | 41 |
| 5.1 Hot start | 41 |
| 5.2 Self-diagnosis Function | |
| 5.3 Soft dry operation | 41 |
| 6. Convenience Functions & Controls | 42 |
| 6.1 Cooling & heating Operations | 42 |
| 6.2 Auto cleaning operation | 43 |
| 6.3 Auto changeover operation | 43 |
| 6.4 Auto restart Opeartion | 43 |
| 6.5 Child Lock Function | 44 |
| 6.6 Forced operation | 44 |
| 6.7 Group Control | 45 |
| 6.8 Sleep Timer Operation | 46 |
| 6.9 Timer(On/Off) | 46 |
| 6.10 Weekly Program | 47 |
| 6.11 Two Thermistor Control | 49 |
| 7. Special Function & KIT | |
| 7.1 Low Ambient control | |
| 7.2 Space Control | |
| 7.3 Auto Elevation Grille | 50 |

1. List of Functions & Accessory

1. 4-Way Ceiling Cassette Indoor

| Category | Functions | ATNH09GRLE2 [CT09 NR2], ATNH12GRLE2 [CT12 NR2], ATNH18GQLE2 [CT18 NQ2] | |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| | Air supply outlet | 4 | |
| | Airflow direction control (left & right) | Х | |
| | Airflow direction control (up & down) | Auto | |
| | Auto swing (left & right) | X | |
| Air flow | Auto swing (up & down) | 0 | |
| | Airflow steps (fan/cool/heat) | 4/5/4 | |
| | Chaos wind(auto wind) | 0 | |
| | Jet cool/heat | O / X | |
| | Swirl wind | 0 | |
| | Triple filter (Deodorizing) | X | |
| A : | Plasma air purifier | PTPKQ0 | |
| Air purifying | Allergy Safe filter | X | |
| | Long-life prefilter (washable / anti-fungus) | 0 | |
| | Drain pump | 0 | |
| | E.S.P. control* | X | |
| Installation | Electric heater | Х | |
| | High ceiling operation* | 0 | |
| | Auto Elevation Grille* | Х | |
| | Hot start | 0 | |
| Reliability | Self diagnosis | 0 | |
| • | Soft dry operation | 0 | |
| | Auto changeover** | 0** | |
| | Auto cleaning | X | |
| | Auto operation(artificial intelligence)** | 0** | |
| | Auto Restart | 0 | |
| | Child lock* | 0 | |
| Convenience | Forced operation | 0 | |
| | Group control* | 0 | |
| | Sleep mode | 0 | |
| | Timer(on/off) | 0 | |
| | Timer(weekly)* | 0 | |
| | Two thermistor control* | 0 | |
| | Wired remote controller | 0 | |
| | Deluxe wired remote controller | PQRCUDS0 / PQRCUDS0B / PQRCUDS0S | |
| Individual | Simple wired remote controller | PQRCVCL0Q / PQRCVCL0QW | |
| control | Simple Wired remote controller(for hotel use) | PQRCHCA0Q / PQRCHCA0QW | |
| | Wireless remote controller | PQWRHQ0FDB | |
| | General central controller (Non LGAP) | X | |
| CAC network | Network Solution(LGAP) | 0 | |
| function | Dry contact | PQDSA(1)/PQDSB(1) / PQDSBC | |
| | PI 485(for Indoor Unit) | X | |
| | Zone controller | X | |
| Special | CTI(Communication transfer interface) | X | |
| function kit | Electronic thermostat | X | |
| | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 | |
| Others | Telecom shelter controller | X | |

| Category Functions | | ATNH24GPLE2 [CT24 NP2], ATNH30GPLE2 [UT30 NP2], ATNH36GNLE2 [UT36 NN2], ATNH42GMLE2 [UT42 NM2], ATNH48GMLE2 [UT48 NM2], ATNH60GMLE2 [UT60 NM2] | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | Air supply outlet | 4 | | |
| | Airflow direction control (left & right) | X | | |
| | Airflow direction control (up & down) | Auto | | |
| | Auto swing (left & right) | X | | |
| Air flow | Auto swing (up & down) | 0 | | |
| | Airflow steps (fan/cool/heat) | 4/5/4 | | |
| | Chaos wind(auto wind) | 0 | | |
| | Jet cool/heat | O / X | | |
| | Swirl wind | 0 | | |
| | Triple filter (Deodorizing) | X | | |
| Air purifying | Plasma air purifier | PTPKM0 | | |
| 7 til parliyling | Allergy Safe filter | X | | |
| | Long-life prefilter (washable / anti-fungus) | 0 | | |
| | Drain pump | 0 | | |
| | E.S.P. control* | Х | | |
| Installation | Electric heater | X | | |
| | High ceiling operation* | 0 | | |
| | Auto Elevation Grille* | PTEGM0 | | |
| | Hot start | 0 | | |
| Reliability | Self diagnosis | 0 | | |
| | Soft dry operation | 0 | | |
| | Auto changeover** | O** | | |
| | Auto cleaning | X | | |
| | Auto operation(artificial intelligence)** | O** | | |
| | Auto Restart | 0 | | |
| | Child lock* | 0 | | |
| Convenience | Forced operation | 0 | | |
| | Group control* | 0 | | |
| | Sleep mode | 0 | | |
| | Timer(on/off) | 0 | | |
| | Timer(weekly)* | 0 | | |
| | Two thermistor control* | 0 | | |
| | Wired remote controller | 0 | | |
| Individual | Deluxe wired remote controller | PQRCUDS0 / PQRCUDS0B / PQRCUDS0S | | |
| control | Simple wired remote controller | PQRCVCL0Q / PQRCVCL0QW | | |
| CONTROL | Simple Wired remote controller(for hotel use) | PQRCHCA0Q / PQRCHCA0QW | | |
| | Wireless remote controller | PQWRHQ0FDB | | |
| | General central controller (Non LGAP) | X | | |
| CAC network | Network Solution(LGAP) | 0 | | |
| function | Dry contact | PQDSA(1)/PQDSB(1) / PQDSBC | | |
| | PI 485(for Indoor Unit) | X | | |
| Special | Zone controller | Х | | |
| function kit | CTI(Communication transfer interface) | X | | |
| TUTIOUOTI KIL | Electronic thermostat | Х | | |
| Others | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 | | |
| Outers | Telecom shelter controller | Х | | |

2. Ceiling Concealed Duct Indoor

| Category | Functions | ABNH18GHLA2 [CB18 NH2], ABNH24GHLA2 [CB24 NH: ABNH30GGLA2 [UB30 NG2], ABNH36GGLA2 [UB36 NG ABNH42GRLA2 [UB42 NR2], ABNH48GRLA2 [UB48 NR: ABNH60GRLA2 [UB60 NR2] | |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| | Air supply outlet | 2 | |
| | Airflow direction control (left & right) | X | |
| | Airflow direction control (up & down) | X | |
| | Auto swing (left & right) | X | |
| Air flow | Auto swing (up & down) | X | |
| | Airflow steps (fan/cool/heat) | 3/3/3 | |
| | Chaos wind(auto wind) | X | |
| | Jet cool/heat | O / X | |
| | Swirl wind | Х | |
| | Triple filter (Deodorizing) | X | |
| Air purifying | Plasma air purifier | X | |
| All pulliying | Allergy Safe filter | X | |
| | Long-life prefilter (washable / anti-fungus) | 0 | |
| | Drain pump | ABDPG | |
| | E.S.P. control* | 0 | |
| Installation | Electric heater | Х | |
| | High ceiling operation* | X | |
| | Auto Elevation Grille* | X | |
| | Hot start | 0 | |
| Reliability | Self diagnosis | 0 | |
| | Soft dry operation | 0 | |
| | Auto changeover** | O** | |
| | Auto cleaning | X | |
| | Auto operation(artificial intelligence)** | O** | |
| | Auto Restart | 0 | |
| | Child lock* | 0 | |
| Convenience | Forced operation | X | |
| | Group control* | 0 | |
| | Sleep mode | X | |
| | Timer(on/off) | 0 | |
| | Timer(weekly)* | 0 | |
| | Two thermistor control* | 0 | |
| | Standard Wired remote controller | 0 | |
| Individual | Deluxe wired remote controller | X | |
| control | Simple wired remote controller | X | |
| | Simple Wired remote controller(for hotel use) | | |
| | Wireless remote controller | X | |
| CAC network | General central controller (Non LGAP) | X | |
| function | Network Solution(LGAP) | PQDSA(1)/PQDSB(1) / PQDSBC | |
| TUTICUOTI | Dry contact PI 485(for Indoor Unit) | Y X | |
| | Zone controller | ABZCA | |
| Special | CTI(Communication transfer interface) | X | |
| function kit | Electronic thermostat | X | |
| | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 | |
| Others | Telecom shelter controller | X | |

| Category | Functions | ABNW18GM1A0 [CM18 N14], ABNW24GM1A0 [CM24 N14] ABNW30GM1A0 [UM30 N14], ABNW36GM2A0 [UM36 N24] ABNW42GM2A0 [UM42 N24], ABNW48GM3A0 [UM48 N34] ABNW60GM3A0 [UM60 N34] |
|---------------|---|--|
| | Air supply outlet | 1 |
| | Airflow direction control (left & right) | X |
| | Airflow direction control (up & down) | X |
| | Auto swing (left & right) | X |
| Air flow | Auto swing (up & down) | X |
| | Airflow steps (fan/cool/heat) | 3/3/3 |
| | Chaos wind(auto wind) | X |
| | Jet cool/heat | X / X |
| | Swirl wind | X |
| | Triple filter (Deodorizing) | X |
| A !!£ .! | Plasma air purifier | X |
| Air purifying | Allergy Safe filter | X |
| | Long-life prefilter (washable / anti-fungus) | 0 |
| | Drain pump | ABDPG |
| | E.S.P. control* | 0 |
| Installation | Electric heater | X |
| | High ceiling operation* | X |
| | Auto Elevation Grille* | X |
| | Hot start | 0 |
| Reliability | Self diagnosis | 0 |
| , | Soft dry operation | 0 |
| | Auto changeover** | 0 |
| | Auto cleaning | X |
| | Auto operation(artificial intelligence)** | 0 |
| | Auto Restart | 0 |
| | Child lock* | 0 |
| Convenience | Forced operation | X |
| | Group control* | 0 |
| | Sleep mode | X |
| | Timer(on/off) | 0 |
| | Timer(weekly)* | 0 |
| | Two thermistor control* | 0 |
| | Standard Wired remote controller | 0 |
| | Deluxe wired remote controller | X |
| Individual | Simple wired remote controller | X |
| control | Simple Wired remote controller(for hotel use) | X |
| | Wireless remote controller | PQWRHQ0FDB |
| | General central controller (Non LGAP) | X |
| Network | Network Solution(LGAP) | 0 |
| function | Dry contact | PQDSA(1)/PQDSB(1) / PQDSBC |
| | PI 485(for Indoor Unit) | X |
| | Zone controller | ABZCA |
| Special | CTI(Communication transfer interface) | X |
| function kit | Electronic thermostat | X |
| | T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T | |
| | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 |
| Others | Remote temperature sensor Group control wrie | PQRSTA0 PZCWRCG3 |

Note

- 1. *: These functions need to connect the wired remote controller.
- 2. **: Auto Changeover function can be operated when connected with Single A.

 Auto Operation function can be operated whne connected with Mutli F/FDX.
- 3. Group control, Dry Contact, Auto Changeover functions are not available for units which are connected with synchro models.
- O: Applied X: Not applied

3. Ceiling & floor

| | Туре | Ceiling & floor | Ceiling Suspended |
|---------------|---|--|---|
| Category | Functions | AVNH09GELA2 [CV09 NE2] AVNH12GELA2 [CV12 NE2] | UVNH18GJLA2 [CV18 NJ2] UVNH24GJLA2 [CV24 NJ2] UVNH30GJLA2 [UV30 NJ2] UVNH36GKLA2 [UV36 NK2 UVNH42GLLA2 [UV42 NL2] UVNH60GLLA2 [UV60 NL2] |
| | Air supply outlet | 1 | 1 |
| | Airflow direction control (left & right) | Manual | Manual |
| | Airflow direction control (up & down) | Auto | Auto |
| | Auto swing (left & right) | X | X |
| Air flow | Auto swing (up & down) | 0 | 0 |
| | Airflow steps (fan/cool/heat) | 3/4/3 | 3/4/3 |
| | Chaos wind(auto wind) | 0 | 0 |
| | Jet cool/heat | O / X | O / X |
| | Swirl wind | X | X |
| | Triple filter (Deodorizing) | X | X |
| Air purifying | Plasma air purifier | X | X |
| All pullying | Allergy Safe filter | X | X |
| | Long-life prefilter (washable / anti-fungus) | 0 | 0 |
| | Drain pump | X | X |
| | E.S.P. control* | X | X |
| Installation | Electric heater | X | X |
| | High ceiling operation* | X | 0 |
| | Auto Elevation Grille* | X | X |
| | Hot start | 0 | 0 |
| Reliability | Self diagnosis | 0 | 0 |
| | Soft dry operation | 0 | 0 |
| | Auto changeover** | O** | O** |
| | Auto cleaning | X | X |
| | Auto operation(artificial intelligence)** | O** | O** |
| | Auto Restart | 0 | 0 |
| | Child lock* | 0 | 0 |
| Convenience | Forced operation | 0 | 0 |
| | Group control* | 0 | 0 |
| | Sleep mode | 0 | 0 |
| | Timer(on/off) | 0 | 0 |
| | Timer(weekly)* | 0 | 0 |
| | Two thermistor control* | 0 | 0 |
| | Wired remote controller | PQRCVSL0/PQRCVSL0QW | PQRCVSL0/PQRCVSL0QV |
| Individual | Deluxe wired remote controller | X | X |
| control | Simple wired remote controller | X | X |
| CONTROL | Simple Wired remote controller(for hotel use) | X | X |
| | Wireless remote controller | 0 | 0 |
| | General central controller (Non LGAP) | X | X |
| Network | Network Solution(LGAP) | 0 | 0 |
| function | Dry contact | PQDSA(1)/PQDSB(1) / PQDSBC | PQDSA(1)/PQDSB(1) / PQDS |
| | PI 485(for Indoor Unit) | X | X |
| Special | Zone controller | X | X |
| function kit | CTI(Communication transfer interface) | X | X |
| TUTICUON KIL | Electronic thermostat | X | X |
| Othors | Remote temperature sensor | PQRSTA0 | PQRSTA0 |
| Others | Telecom shelter controller | X | X |

4. Wall mounted

| Category | Function | AJNW36GVLA0 [UJ36 NV2], AJNW30GVLA0 [UJ30 NV2] | |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| | Air supply outlet | 1 | |
| | Airflow direction control(left & right) | Manual | |
| | Airflow direction control(up & down) | Auto | |
| | Auto swing(left & right) | X | |
| Air flow | Auto swing(up & down) | 0 | |
| | Airflow steps(fan/cool/heat) | 3 / 4 / 4 | |
| | Chaos wind(Auto wind) | 0 | |
| | Jet cool/heat | 0/0 | |
| | Swirl wind | X | |
| | Triple filter (Deodorizing) | 0 | |
| Air purifying | Plasma air purifier | X | |
| 7 til parifyllig | Allergy Safe filter | Х | |
| | Long-life prefilter (washable / anti-fungus) | 0 | |
| | Drain pump | X | |
| | E.S.P. control | X | |
| Installation | Electric heater | X | |
| | High ceiling operation | X | |
| | Auto Elevation Grille | X | |
| Reliability | Hot start | 0 | |
| | Self diagnosis | 0 | |
| | Soft dry operation | 0 | |
| | Auto changeover** | 0 | |
| | Auto cleaning | 0 | |
| | Auto operation(artificial intelligence) | X | |
| | Auto restart | 0 | |
| _ | Child lock* | 0 | |
| Convenience | Forced operation | 0 | |
| | Group control | X | |
| | Sleep mode | 0 | |
| | Timer(on/off) | 0 | |
| | Timer(weekly) | X | |
| | Two thermistor control | X | |
| | Wired remote controller | PQRCVSL0 / PQRCVSL0QW | |
| Individual | Deluxe wired remote controller | X | |
| control | Simple wired remote controller | X | |
| | Wired remote controller(for hotel use) | X | |
| | Wireless remote controller | 0 | |
| | General central controller (Non LGAP) | X | |
| CAC network | Network Soluation(LGAP) | 0 | |
| function | Dry contact | PQDSA(1) / PQDSB(1) / PQDSC | |
| | PI 485(for indoor unit) | X | |
| Special | Zone controller | X | |
| function kit | CTI(Communication transfer interface) | X | |
| | Electronic thermostat | X | |
| Others | Remote temperature sensor | X | |
| | Telecom shelter controller | X | |

Note

^{1. * :} These functions need to connect the wired remote controller.
2. ** : Auto Changeover function can be operated when connected with Single A.

X : Not applied O : Applied

5. Outdoor

DC Inverter Single A (1Ø)

| Category | Functions | AUUW096D [UU09W ULD] | AUUW126D [UU12W ULD] | AUUW186D2 [UU18W UE2] |
|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Defrost / Deicing | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | High pressure switch | X | X | X |
| | Low pressure switch | X | X | X |
| Reliability | Phase protection | X | Х | X |
| neliability | Restart delay (3-minutes) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Self diagnosis | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Soft start | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Test function | 0 | 0 | X |
| Convenience | Night Silent Operation | X | X | 0 |
| CAC network function | Network soluation(LGAP) | Х | Х | 0 |

| | Device | AUUW096D [UU09W ULD] | AUUW126D [UU12W ULD] | AUUW186D2 [UU18W UE2] |
|---------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Simple Controller | Χ | X | PQCSB101S0 |
| | Function controller | Х | X | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSC101S0 |
| | Function Scheduler | Χ | X | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSD130A0 |
| | AC Ez | Х | X | PQCSZ250S0 |
| Central | AC Smart II | Х | X | PQCSW320A1E |
| Controller | Option Kit (SD card type) | Χ | X | PQCSE341A0 / PQCSE342A0 |
| | ACP(Advanced Control Platform) | Χ | X | PQCPA11A0E / PQCPB11A0E |
| | AC Manager | Χ | X | PQCSS520A0E |
| | PI485 | Χ | X | PMNFP14A0/PMNFP14A1 |
| | DO(Digital Output) Kit | Х | X | PQNFP00T0 |
| BNU (Building | LONWORKS Gateway | Х | X | PQNFB16A1 |
| Network Unit) | BACnet Gateway | Χ | X | PQNFB17B0 |
| | Y branch | Х | X | X |
| Installation | Header branch | Χ | X | X |
| | Air Guide | Χ | X | X |
| ODU Dry Conta | act | Χ | X | X |
| Low Ambient K | it | O (Logical operation) | O (Logical operation) | O (Logical operation) |

[Note]

[•] O: Applied, • X: Not applied

Part 2 Functions & Controls

| Category | Functions | AUUW246D2 [UU24W U42] | AUUW306D2 [UU30W U42] | AUUW366D2 [UU36W UO2] |
|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Defrost / Deicing | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | High pressure switch | Х | Х | X |
| | Low pressure switch | Х | Х | X |
| Reliability | Phase protection | Х | X | X |
| | Restart delay (3-minutes) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Self diagnosis | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Soft start | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Test function | Х | Х | X |
| Convenience | Night Silent Operation | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CAC network function | Network soluation(LGAP) | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | Device | AUUW246D2 [UU24W U42] | AUUW306D2 [UU30W U42] | AUUW366D2 [UU36W UO2] |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Simple Controller | PQCSB101S0 | PQCSB101S0 | PQCSB101S0 |
| | Function controller | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSC101S0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSC101S0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSC101S0 |
| | Function Scheduler | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSD130A0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSD130A0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSD130A0 |
| | AC Ez | PQCSZ250S0 | PQCSZ250S0 | PQCSZ250S0 |
| Central | AC Smart II | PQCSW320A1E | PQCSW320A1E | PQCSW320A1E |
| Controller | Option Kit (SD card type) | PQCSE341A0 / PQCSE342A0 | PQCSE341A0 / PQCSE342A0 | PQCSE341A0 / PQCSE342A0 |
| | ACP(Advanced Control Platform) | PQCPA11A0E / PQCPB11A0E | PQCPA11A0E / PQCPB11A0E | PQCPA11A0E / PQCPB11A0E |
| | AC Manager | PQCSS520A0E | PQCSS520A0E | PQCSS520A0E |
| | PI485 | PMNFP14A0/PMNFP14A1 | PMNFP14A0/PMNFP14A1 | PMNFP14A0/PMNFP14A1 |
| | DO(Digital Output) Kit | PQNFP00T0 | PQNFP00T0 | PQNFP00T0 |
| BNU (Building | LONWORKS Gateway | PQNFB16A1 | PQNFB16A1 | PQNFB16A1 |
| Network Unit) | BACnet Gateway | PQNFB17B0 | PQNFB17B0 | PQNFB17B0 |
| | Y branch | X | Χ | Х |
| Installation | Header branch | X | Χ | Х |
| | Air Guide | X | Χ | Х |
| ODU Dry Contact | | X | Χ | O (On/off control) |
| Low Ambient Kit | | O (Logical operation) | O (Logical operation) | O (Logical operation) |

[Note]

[•] O: Applied, • X: Not applied

| Category | Functions | AUUW426D2 [UU42W U32] | AUUW486D2 [UU48W U32] | AUUW606D2 [UU60W U32] |
|----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Defrost / Deicing | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | High pressure switch | Х | X | Х |
| | Low pressure switch | Χ | Х | Х |
| D 2 122 | Phase protection | Х | X | Х |
| Reliability | Restart delay (3-minutes) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Self diagnosis | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Soft start | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | Test function | X | X | Х |
| Convenience | Night Silent Operation | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| CAC network function | Network soluation(LGAP) | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| Device | | AUUW426D2 [UU42W U32] | AUUW486D2 [UU48W U32] | AUUW606D2 [UU60W U32] |
|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Simple Controller | PQCSB101S0 | PQCSB101S0 | PQCSB101S0 |
| | Function controller | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSC101S0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSC101S0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSC101S0 |
| | Function Scheduler | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSD130A0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSD130A0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSD130A0 |
| | AC Ez | PQCSZ250S0 | PQCSZ250S0 | PQCSZ250S0 |
| Central | AC Smart II | PQCSW320A1E | PQCSW320A1E | PQCSW320A1E |
| Controller | Option Kit (SD card type) | PQCSE341A0 / PQCSE342A0 | PQCSE341A0 / PQCSE342A0 | PQCSE341A0 / PQCSE342A0 |
| | ACP(Advanced Control Platform) | PQCPA11A0E / PQCPB11A0E | PQCPA11A0E / PQCPB11A0E | PQCPA11A0E / PQCPB11A0E |
| | AC Manager | PQCSS520A0E | PQCSS520A0E | PQCSS520A0E |
| | PI485 | PMNFP14A0/PMNFP14A1 | PMNFP14A0/PMNFP14A1 | PMNFP14A0/PMNFP14A1 |
| | DO(Digital Output) Kit | PQNFP00T0 | PQNFP00T0 | PQNFP00T0 |
| BNU (Building | LONWORKS Gateway | PQNFB16A1 | PQNFB16A1 | PQNFB16A1 |
| Network Unit) | BACnet Gateway | PQNFB17B0 | PQNFB17B0 | PQNFB17B0 |
| | Y branch | X | Χ | X |
| Installation | Header branch | Х | Х | X |
| | Air Guide | Х | Χ | X |
| ODU Dry Conta | ct | O (On/off control) | O (On/off control) | O (On/off control) |
| Low Ambient Ki | t | O (Logical operation) | O (Logical operation) | O (Logical operation) |

[Note]

[•] O: Applied, • X: Not applied

Part 2 Functions & Controls

| Category | Functions | AUUW368D2 [UU37W UO2] | AUUW428D2 [UU43W U32] |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Defrost / Deicing | 0 | 0 |
| | High pressure switch | X | Х |
| | Low pressure switch | X | X |
| Reliability | Phase protection | 0 | 0 |
| heliability | Restart delay (3-minutes) | 0 | 0 |
| | Self diagnosis | 0 | 0 |
| | Soft start | 0 | 0 |
| | Test function | X | Х |
| Convenience | Night Silent Operation | 0 | 0 |
| network function | Network solution(LGAP) | 0 | 0 |

| | Device | AUUW368D2 [UU37W UO2] | AUUW428D2 [UU43W U32] | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | Simple Controller | PQCSB101S0 | PQCSB101S0 | |
| | Function controller | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSC101S0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSC101S0 | |
| | Function Scheduler | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSD130A0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSD130A0 | |
| | AC Ez | PQCSZ250S0 | PQCSZ250S0 | |
| Central | AC Smart II | PQCSW320A1E | PQCSW320A1E | |
| Controller | Option Kit (SD card type) | PQCSE341A0 / PQCSE342A0 | PQCSE341A0 / PQCSE342A0 | |
| | ACP(Advanced Control Platform) | PQCPA11A0E / PQCPB11A0E | PQCPA11A0E / PQCPB11A0E | |
| | AC Manager | PQCSS520A0E | PQCSS520A0E | |
| | PI485 | PMNFP14A0/PMNFP14A1 | PMNFP14A0/PMNFP14A1 | |
| | DO(Digital Output) Kit | PQNFP00T0 | PQNFP00T0 | |
| BNU (Building | LONWORKS Gateway | PQNFB16A1 | PQNFB16A1 | |
| Network Unit) | BACnet Gateway | PQNFB17B0 | PQNFB17B0 | |
| | Y branch | Х | Х | |
| Installation | Header branch | X | X | |
| | Air Guide | Х | Х | |
| ODU Dry Contact | | O (On/off control) | O (On/off control) | |
| Low Ambient Kit | | O (Logical operation) | O (Logical operation) | |

[Note]

[•] O: Applied, • X: Not applied

| Category | Functions | AUUW488D2 [UU49W U32] | AUUW608D2 [UU61W U32] |
|---------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Defrost / Deicing | 0 | 0 |
| | High pressure switch | Х | X |
| | Low pressure switch | Х | X |
| D 1: 1:11 | Phase protection | 0 | 0 |
| Reliability | Restart delay (3-minutes) | 0 | 0 |
| | Self diagnosis | 0 | 0 |
| | Soft start | 0 | 0 |
| | Test function | Х | X |
| Convenience | Night Silent Operation | 0 | 0 |
| network function | Network solution(LGAP) | 0 | 0 |

| | Device | AUUW488D2 [UU49W U32] | AUUW608D2 [UU61W U32] |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Simple Controller | PQCSB101S0 | PQCSB101S0 |
| | Function controller | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSC101S0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSC101S0 |
| | Function Scheduler | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSD130A0 | PQCSB101S0 + PQCSD130A0 |
| | AC Ez | PQCSZ250S0 | PQCSZ250S0 |
| Central | AC Smart II | PQCSW320A1E | PQCSW320A1E |
| Controller | Option Kit (SD card type) | PQCSE341A0 / PQCSE342A0 | PQCSE341A0 / PQCSE342A0 |
| | ACP(Advanced Control Platform) | PQCPA11A0E / PQCPB11A0E | PQCPA11A0E / PQCPB11A0E |
| | AC Manager | PQCSS520A0E | PQCSS520A0E |
| | PI485 | PMNFP14A0/PMNFP14A1 | PMNFP14A0/PMNFP14A1 |
| | DO(Digital Output) Kit | PQNFP00T0 | PQNFP00T0 |
| BNU (Building | LONWORKS Gateway | PQNFB16A1 | PQNFB16A1 |
| Network Unit) | BACnet Gateway | PQNFB17B0 | PQNFB17B0 |
| | Y branch | Х | X |
| Installation | Header branch | X | X |
| | Air Guide | Х | X |
| ODU Dry Contac | ot | O (On/off control) | O (On/off control) |
| Low Ambient Kit | | O (Logical operation) | O (Logical operation) |

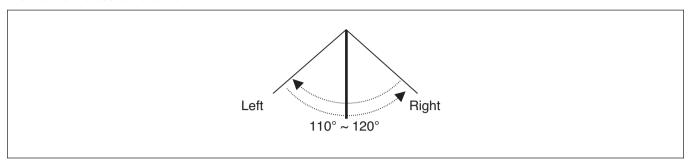
[Note]

[•] O: Applied, • X: Not applied

2. Air flow

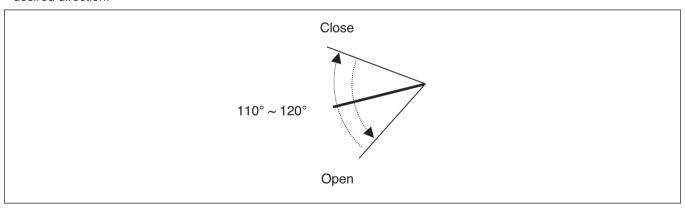
2.1 Auto swing (left & right)

• By the horizontal airflow direction control key input, the left/right louver automatically operates with the auto swing or it is fixed to the desired direction.



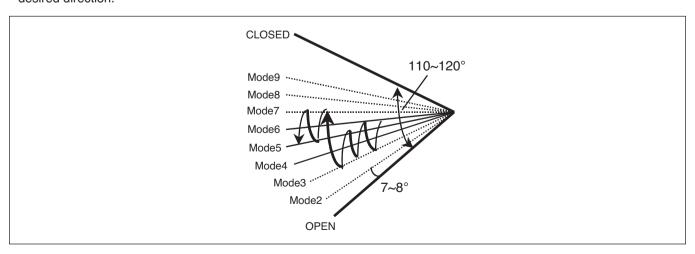
2.2 Auto swing (up & down)

 By the auto swing key input, the upper/lower vane automatically operates with the auto swing or it is fixed to the desired direction.



2.3 Chaos swing (up/down)

• By the Chaos swing key input, the upper/lower vane automatically operates with the chaos swing or it is fixed to the desired direction.



NOTE: Some Models are different by swing width and swing pattern.

2.4 Air flow step

- · Indoor fan motor control have 6 steps.
- · Air volume is controlled "SH", "H", "Med", Low" by remote controller.
- "LL" step is selected automatically in Hot start operation.

| Step | Discription | | | | |
|------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| LL | Very low, In heating mode | | | | |
| L | Low | | | | |
| М | Med | | | | |
| Н | High | | | | |
| SH | Super high | | | | |
| Auto | Chaos wind | | | | |

2.5 Chaos wind (auto wind)

• When "Auto" step selected and then operated, the high, medium, or low speed of the airflow mode is operated for 2~15 sec. randomly by the Chaos Simulation

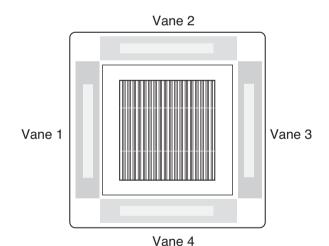
2.6 Jet Cool Mode Operation

- While in heating mode or Fuzzy operation, the Jet Cool key cannot be input.

 When it is input while in the other mode operation (cooling, dehumidification, ventilation), the Jet Cool mode is operated.
- In the Jet Cool mode, the indoor fan is operated at super-high speed for 30 min. at cooling mode operation.
- In the Jet Cool mode operation, the room temperature is controlled to the setting temperature, 18°C.
- · When the sleep timer mode is input while in the Jet Cool mode operation, the Jet Cool mode has the priority.
- When the Jet Cool key is input, the upper/lower vanes are reset to those of the initial cooling mode and then operated in order that the air outflow could reach further.

2.7 Swirl wind Swing

- It is the function for comfort cooling/heating operation.
- The diagonal two louvers are opened the more larger than the other louvers. After one minute, it is opposite.



- Comparison of Air Flow Types
- 4-Open (conventional)

| Vane 1 | Open | | |
|--------|---------------|--|--|
| Vane 2 | Open | | |
| Vane 3 | Open | | |
| Vane 4 | Open | | |
| | → Time | | |

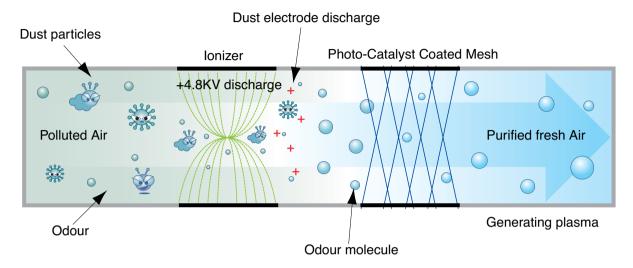
Swirl Swing (New)

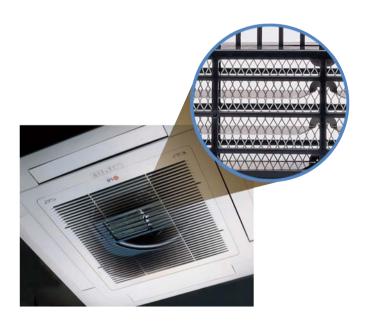
| Vane 1 | Close | Open | Close | Open | Close |
|--------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | | | | | |
| Vane 2 | Open | Close | Open | Close | Open |
| | | | | | |
| Vane 3 | Close | Open | Close | Open | Close |
| | | | | | |
| Vane 4 | Open | Close | Open | Close | Open |
| | ← | | | | |
| | Time | | 1 | • | |

3. Air purifying

3.1 PLASMA Air Purifying System

The PLASMA Air Purifying System not only removes microscopic contaminants and dust, but also removes house mites, pollen, and pet fur to help prevent allergic diseases like asthma. This filter that can be used over and over again by simply washing with water.

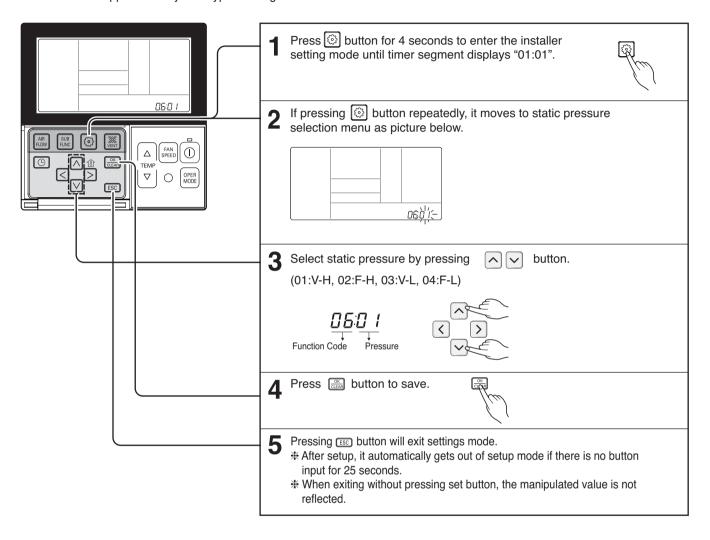




4. Installation Functions

4.1 E.S.P. (External Static Pressure) Setting

This function is applied to only duct type. Setting this in other cases will cause malfunction.

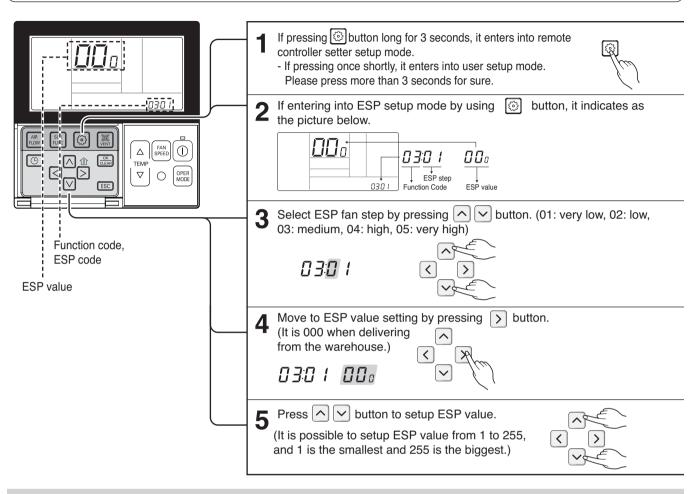


<Static Pressure Setting Table>

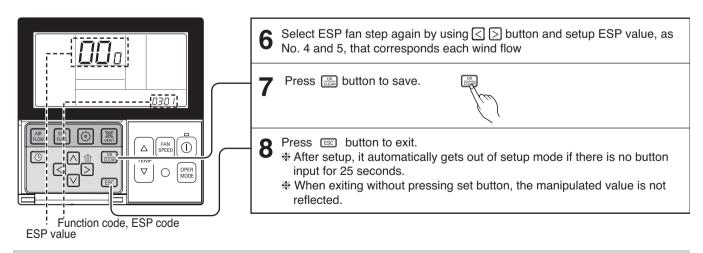
| Pressure selection | | Function | | |
|--------------------|-----|------------|--------------------|--|
| | | Zone state | ESP standard value | |
| 01 | V-H | Variable | High | |
| 02 | F-H | Fixed | High | |
| 03 | V-L | Variable | Low | |
| 04 | F-L | Fixed | Low | |

This is the function that decides the strength of the wind for each wind level and because this function is to make the installation easier.

- · If you set ESP incorrectly, the air conditioner may malfunction.
- · This setting must be carried out by a certificated-technician.



• When setting ESP value on the product without very weak wind or power wind function, it may not work.



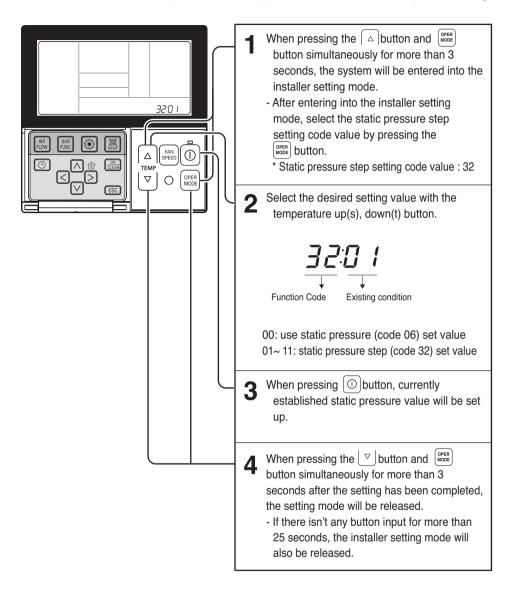
- Please be careful not to change the ESP value for each fan step.
- It does not work to setup ESP value for very low/power step for some products.
- ESP value is available for specific range belongs to the product.

Installer Setting - Static Pressure Step Setting

This function is applied to only duct type. Setting this in other cases will cause malfunction.

This function is only available on some products.

This is the function that static pressure of the product is divided in 11 steps for setting.



- Static Pressure (Code 06) setting will not be used if Static Pressure Step (Code 32) setting is being used.
- For the static pressure value for each step, refer to the next page Table. 1

E.S.P. setting value (reference)

Table 1

ABNH18GHLA2

(Unit: CMM)

| Catting Value | | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| Setting Value — | 2.5(25) | 4(39) | 6(59) | 8(78) | | |
| 100 | 12.8 | - | - | - | | |
| 105 | 13.9 | - | - | - | | |
| 110 | 15.2 | 12.7 | - | - | | |
| 115 | 16.5 | 14.0 | - | - | | |
| 120 | 17.8 | 15.3 | 12.7 | - | | |
| 125 | - | 16.5 | 14.0 | - | | |
| 130 | - | 17.8 | 15.3 | 12.6 | | |
| 135 | - | - | 16.5 | 13.5 | | |
| 140 | - | - | 17.5 | 14.5 | | |
| 145 | - | - | - | 16.5 | | |

ABNH24GHLA2

(Unit: CMM)

| Cotting Value | | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Setting Value — | 2.5(25) | 4(39) | 6(59) | 8(78) | | | | | | | |
| 105 | 13.9 | - | - | - | | | | | | | |
| 110 | 15.2 | 12.7 | - | - | | | | | | | |
| 115 | 16.5 | 14.0 | - | - | | | | | | | |
| 120 | 17.8 | 15.3 | 12.7 | - | | | | | | | |
| 125 | - | 16.5 | 14.0 | - | | | | | | | |
| 130 | - | 17.8 | 15.3 | 12.6 | | | | | | | |
| 135 | - | - | 16.5 | 13.5 | | | | | | | |
| 140 | - | - | 17.6 | 14.5 | | | | | | | |
| 145 | - | - | - | 16.5 | | | | | | | |
| 150 | - | - | - | 18.0 | | | | | | | |

ABNH30GGLA2

(Unit: CMM)

| Catting Malus | | Static Pressu | re[mmAq(Pa)] | |
|---------------|-------|---------------|--------------|--------|
| Setting Value | 4(49) | 6(59) | 8(78) | 10(98) |
| 100 | 20.8 | - | - | - |
| 105 | 23.2 | 19.5 | - | - |
| 110 | 26.0 | 21.5 | - | - |
| 115 | - | 23.5 | 19.1 | - |
| 120 | - | 26.3 | 21.6 | - |
| 125 | - | - | 24.0 | 19.9 |
| 130 | - | = | 27.0 | 22.7 |
| 135 | - | - | - | 25.9 |
| 140 | - | - | _ | - |

ABNH36GGLA2

(Unit: CMM)

| Cotting Value | | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------|---------------------------|-------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Setting Value | 4(49) | 6(59) | 8(78) | 10(98) | | | | | | | |
| 115 | 25.9 | - | - | - | | | | | | | |
| 120 | 27.9 | - | - | - | | | | | | | |
| 125 | 29.9 | 26.4 | - | - | | | | | | | |
| 130 | 32.0 | 28.5 | 25.0 | - | | | | | | | |
| 135 | - | 30.7 | 27.5 | - | | | | | | | |
| 140 | - | 32.9 | 29.9 | 26.0 | | | | | | | |
| 145 | - | - | 32.3 | 28.5 | | | | | | | |
| 150 | - | - | - | 31.0 | | | | | | | |
| 155 | - | - | - | - | | | | | | | |

ABNH42GRLA2

(Unit: CMM)

| Cotting Value | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------|--------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Setting Value | 6(59) | 8(78) | 10(98) | 12(118) | | | | | |
| 85 | 31.5 | - | - | - | | | | | |
| 90 | 36.3 | 29.8 | - | - | | | | | |
| 95 | 41.3 | 34.5 | 28.4 | - | | | | | |
| 100 | 45.4 | 39.7 | 33.5 | 27.3 | | | | | |
| 105 | - | 44.1 | 38.6 | 33.1 | | | | | |
| 110 | - | - | 44.2 | 38.9 | | | | | |
| 115 | - | - | - | 44.7 | | | | | |

ABNH48GRLA2

(Unit: CMM)

| Cotting Value | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------|--------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Setting Value | 6(59) | 8(78) | 10(98) | 12(118) | | | | | |
| 85 | 31.5 | - | - | - | | | | | |
| 90 | 36.3 | 29.8 | - | - | | | | | |
| 95 | 41.3 | 34.5 | 28.4 | - | | | | | |
| 100 | 45.4 | 39.7 | 33.5 | 27.3 | | | | | |
| 105 | - | 44.1 | 38.6 | 33.1 | | | | | |
| 110 | - | - | 44.2 | 38.9 | | | | | |
| 115 | - | - | - | 44.7 | | | | | |

ABNH60GRLA2

(Unit: CMM)

| Cotting Value | | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------|---------------------------|--------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Setting Value | 6(59) | 8(78) | 10(98) | 12(118) | 14(137) | | | | | | |
| 95 | 41.3 | - | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| 100 | 45.4 | 39.7 | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| 105 | 49.5 | 44.1 | 38.6 | - | - | | | | | | |
| 110 | - | 48.5 | 44.2 | 38.9 | - | | | | | | |
| 115 | - | - | 49.8 | 44.7 | 42.2 | | | | | | |
| 120 | - | - | - | 50.5 | 48.1 | | | | | | |

| | | | | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|---------|---------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Model | Step | CMM | 2(20) | 2.5(25) | 3(29) | 4(39) | 6(59) | 8(78) | 10(98) | 12(118) | 13(127) | 14(137) | 15(147) |
| Model | Siep | Civilvi | Setting Value | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 | 32:07 | 32:08 | 32:09 | 32:10 | 32:11 |
| | LOW | 13 | 73 | 74 | 77 | 88 | 93 | 103 | 111 | 117 | 120 | 125 | 128 |
| ABNW18GM1A0 | MID | 14.5 | 76 | 77 | 85 | 91 | 97 | 107 | 114 | 121 | 125 | 128 | 131 |
| | HIGH | 16.5 | 85 | 87 | 90 | 94 | 103 | 110 | 118 | 125 | 128 | 131 | 134 |
| | LOW | 14.5 | 76 | 77 | 85 | 89 | 97 | 107 | 114 | 121 | 125 | 128 | 131 |
| ABNW24GM1A0 | MID | 16.5 | 85 | 87 | 90 | 94 | 103 | 110 | 118 | 125 | 128 | 131 | 134 |
| | HIGH | 18 | 90 | 92 | 95 | 99 | 108 | 115 | 122 | 129 | 132 | 135 | 138 |

| | | | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|---------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| Model | Step | CMM | 2.5(25) | 4(39) | 5(49) | 6(59) | 7(69) | 8(78) | 9(88) | 10(98) | 11(108) | 13(127) | 15(147) |
| Model | Siep | Civilvi | Setting Value | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 | 32:07 | 32:08 | 32:09 | 32:10 | 32:11 |
| | LOW | 18 | 96 | 102 | 107 | 104 | 114 | 118 | 122 | 125 | 127 | 132 | 134 |
| ABNW30GM1A0 | MID | 20 | 102 | 110 | 114 | 110 | 121 | 125 | 127 | 130 | 133 | 135 | 137 |
| | HIGH | 22 | 110 | 117 | 121 | 118 | 127 | 130 | 133 | 136 | 137 | 138 | 140 |

| | | | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|---------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Model | Step | CMM | 4(39) | 5(49) | 6(59) | 7(69) | 8(78) | 9(88) | 10(98) | 11(108) | 12(118) | 13(127) | 15(147) |
| Model | Step | Civilvi | Setting Value | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 | 32:07 | 32:08 | 32:09 | 32:10 | 32:11 |
| | LOW | 24 | 88 | 91 | 95 | 100 | 101 | 108 | 113 | 115 | 118 | 118 | 118 |
| ABNW36GM2A0 | MID | 28 | 93 | 97 | 101 | 105 | 108 | 115 | 118 | 120 | 124 | 124 | 124 |
| | HIGH | 32 | 101 | 105 | 109 | 112 | 115 | 119 | 123 | 126 | 128 | 128 | 128 |

| | | | | Static Pressure[mmAq(Pa)] | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|---------|---------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Model | Step | CMM | 5(49) | 6(59) | 7(69) | 8(78) | 9(88) | 10(98) | 11(108) | 12(118) | 13(127) | 14(137) | 15(147) |
| Model | Step | Civilvi | Setting Value | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 32:01 | 32:02 | 32:03 | 32:04 | 32:05 | 32:06 | 32:07 | 32:08 | 32:09 | 32:10 | 32:11 |
| | LOW | 28 | 100 | 103 | 106 | 110 | 114 | 118 | 121 | 125 | 128 | 133 | 136 |
| ABNW42GM2A0 | MID | 33 | 108 | 111 | 114 | 118 | 122 | 125 | 128 | 131 | 134 | 138 | 141 |
| | HIGH | 38 | 117 | 120 | 124 | 127 | 130 | 133 | 135 | 138 | 141 | 144 | 147 |

NOTE

- 1. Be sure to set the value refering table 1. Unexpected set value will cause mal-function.
- 2. Table 1 is based at 230V. According to the fluctuation of voltage, air flow rate varies.
- 3. Factory Set(External Static Pressure) each Model

| Model | Factory set (E.S.P.) mmAq(Pa) |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| ABNW18GM1A0 | |
| ABNW24GM1A0 | |
| ABNW30GM1A0 | 6(59) |
| ABNW36GM2A0 | |
| ABNW42GM2A0 | |

* If it is zero static pressure, please set value below Maximum value.

| Model | Maximum value |
|-------------|---------------|
| ABNW18GM1A0 | 115 |
| ABNW24GM1A0 | 115 |
| ABNW30GM1A0 | 120 |
| ABNW36GM2A0 | 120 |
| ABNW42GM2A0 | 120 |

Table 2

| Model | Mode | | Set value | Standard ESP(mmAq(Pa)) | СММ | Lower Limit of External Static Pressure (mmAq(Pa)) | Upper Limit of External Static Pressure (mmAq(Pa)) |
|-------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------|---------------------------|------|---|---|
| ABNH18GHLA2 | High (factory set) | HI | 145 | 8(78) | 16.5 | 2.5(25) | 8(78) |
| | | Mid | 140 | | 14.5 | | |
| | | Low | 134 | | 13.0 | | |
| ABNH24GHLA2 | High (factory set) | HI | 150 | 8(78) | 18.0 | 2.5(25) | 8(78) |
| | | Mid | 145 | | 16.5 | | |
| | | Low | 136 | | 14.0 | | |
| ABNH30GGLA2 | High (factory set) | HI | 137 | 10(98) | 26.5 | 2.5(25) | 10(98) |
| | | Mid | 131 | | 23.0 | | |
| | | Low | 126 | | 20.0 | | |
| ABNH36GGLA2 | High (factory set) | HI | 152 | 10(98) | 32.0 | 4(39) | 10 (98) |
| | | Mid | 146 | | 29.0 | | |
| | | Low | 141 | | 26.5 | | |
| ABNH42GRLA2 | High (factory set) | HI | 106 | 10(98) | 38.0 | 5(49) | 12(118) |
| | | Mid | 102 | | 36.0 | | |
| | | Low | 99 | | 32.0 | | |
| ABNH48GRLA2 | High (factory set) | HI | 110 | 10(98) | 40.0 | 5(49) | 12(118) |
| | | Mid | 106 | | 35.0 | | |
| | | Low | 103 | | 30.0 | | |
| ABNH60GRLA2 | High (factory set) | HI | 123 | 10(98) | 50.0 | 6(59) | 14(137) |
| | | Mid | 120 | | 45.0 | | |
| | | Low | 115 | | 40.0 | | |

Models: ABNH09GL1A2 [CB09L N12]

(Unit: CMM)

| Cotting Value | | Static Pressure(mmAq(Pa)) | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|
| Setting Value | 0 (0) | 1 (10) | 2 (20) | 3 (30) | 4 (40) | 5 (50) | | | |
| 60 | - | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 65 | 5.03 | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 70 | 5.60 | 4.85 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 75 | 6.19 | 5.44 | 4.57 | - | - | - | | | |
| 80 | 6.79 | 6.05 | 5.17 | - | - | - | | | |
| 85 | 7.41 | 6.67 | 5.80 | 4.80 | - | - | | | |
| 90 | 8.05 | 7.31 | 6.43 | 5.44 | - | - | | | |
| 95 | 8.71 | 7.96 | 7.09 | 6.09 | 4.97 | - | | | |
| 100 | 9.38 | 8.63 | 7.76 | 6.76 | 5.64 | - | | | |
| 105 | 10.07 | 9.32 | 8.45 | 7.45 | 6.33 | 5.08 | | | |
| 110 | - | 10.03 | 9.16 | 8.16 | 7.04 | 5.79 | | | |
| 115 | - | - | 9.88 | 8.88 | 7.76 | 6.51 | | | |
| 120 | - | - | - | 9.62 | 8.50 | 7.25 | | | |
| 125 | - | - | - | 10.38 | 9.26 | 8.01 | | | |
| 130 | - | - | - | - | 10.03 | 8.78 | | | |

Models: ABNH12GL2A2 [CB12L N22] / ABNH18GL2A2 [CB18L N22]

(Unit: CMM)

| Cotting Value | | Static Pressure(mmAq(Pa)) | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|
| Setting Value | 0 (0) | 1 (10) | 2 (20) | 3 (30) | 4 (40) | 5 (50) | | | |
| 75 | 6.50 | - | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 80 | 7.34 | 6.70 | - | - | - | - | | | |
| 85 | 8.20 | 7.55 | 6.69 | - | - | - | | | |
| 90 | 9.07 | 8.43 | 7.56 | 6.47 | - | - | | | |
| 95 | 9.96 | 9.32 | 8.45 | 7.36 | - | - | | | |
| 100 | 10.87 | 10.22 | 9.36 | 8.27 | 6.96 | - | | | |
| 105 | 11.79 | 11.15 | 10.28 | 9.19 | 7.89 | 6.35 | | | |
| 110 | 12.73 | 12.09 | 11.22 | 10.14 | 8.83 | 7.30 | | | |
| 115 | 13.69 | 13.05 | 12.18 | 11.09 | 9.78 | 8.25 | | | |
| 120 | 14.67 | 14.02 | 13.16 | 12.07 | 10.76 | 9.23 | | | |
| 125 | 15.66 | 15.01 | 14.15 | 13.06 | 11.75 | 10.22 | | | |
| 130 | 16.67 | 16.02 | 15.16 | 14.07 | 12.76 | 11.23 | | | |
| 135 | - | - | 16.18 | 15.10 | 13.79 | 12.26 | | | |
| 140 | - | - | - | 16.14 | 14.83 | 13.30 | | | |
| 145 | - | - | - | - | 15.89 | 14.36 | | | |

Models: ABNH24GL3A2 [CB24L N32]

(Unit: CMM)

| Setting Value | | Static Pressure(mmAq(Pa)) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Setting value | 0 (0) | 1 (10) | 2 (20) | 3 (30) | 4 (40) | 5 (50) | | | | |
| 85 | 10.19 | - | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| 90 | 12.18 | 10.71 | 11.09 | - | - | - | | | | |
| 95 | 13.81 | 12.34 | 12.19 | - | - | - | | | | |
| 100 | 15.16 | 13.69 | 13.38 | 10.71 | - | - | | | | |
| 105 | 16.30 | 14.83 | 14.36 | 11.85 | - | - | | | | |
| 110 | 17.31 | 15.85 | 15.23 | 12.86 | 10.97 | - | | | | |
| 115 | 18.27 | 16.80 | 16.07 | 13.82 | 11.93 | - | | | | |
| 120 | 19.26 | 17.79 | 16.93 | 14.80 | 12.91 | 10.49 | | | | |
| 125 | 20.34 | 18.87 | 17.89 | 15.88 | 13.99 | 11.57 | | | | |
| 130 | 21.60 | 20.13 | 19.01 | 17.14 | 15.25 | 12.83 | | | | |
| 135 | - | 21.64 | 20.36 | 18.66 | 16.76 | 14.35 | | | | |
| 140 | - | - | 22.01 | 20.50 | 18.61 | 16.19 | | | | |
| 145 | - | - | - | 22.75 | 20.86 | 18.44 | | | | |

Note:

1. The above table shows the correlation between the air rates and E.S.P.

Table 1
ABNW18GM1A0, ABNW24GM1A0

(Unit: CMM)

| Catting a violes | | Static Pressure (mmAq(Pa)) | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---------|----------------------------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| Setting value | 2.5(25) | 4(39) | 6(59) | 8(78) | 10(98) | 12(118) | 14(137) | 15(147) | | | |
| 70 | 11.3 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 75 | 12.8 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 80 | 14.4 | 11.4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 85 | 15.9 | 13.2 | 10.2 | | | | | | | | |
| 90 | 17.5 | 15.0 | 12.0 | | | | | | | | |
| 95 | 19.0 | 16.7 | 13.7 | 10.7 | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 20.6 | 18.5 | 15.5 | 12.5 | | | | | | | |
| 105 | 22.1 | 20.3 | 17.3 | 14.3 | 11.1 | | | | | | |
| 110 | 23.7 | 22.1 | 19.0 | 16.1 | 13.1 | 10.0 | | | | | |
| 115 | | 23.8 | 20.8 | 17.9 | 15.1 | 12.2 | | | | | |
| 120 | | | 22.6 | 19.7 | 17.1 | 14.3 | 11.3 | | | | |
| 125 | | | | 21.5 | 19.1 | 16.5 | 13.6 | 11.9 | | | |
| 130 | | | | 23.3 | 21.2 | 18.7 | 15.8 | 14.3 | | | |
| 135 | | | | | 23.2 | 20.8 | 18.0 | 16.7 | | | |
| 140 | | | | | | 23.0 | 20.3 | 19.1 | | | |
| 145 | | | | | | | 22.5 | 21.5 | | | |
| 150 | | | | | | | | 23.8 | | | |

ABNW30GM1A0 (Unit: CMM)

| Cotting value | | Static Pressure (mmAq(Pa)) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|---------|----------------------------|-------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|
| Setting value | 2.5(25) | 4(39) | 6(59) | 8(78) | 10(98) | 12(118) | 14(137) | 15(147) | | |
| 85 | 16.8 | 14.6 | | | | | | | | |
| 90 | 18.1 | 15.9 | | | | | | | | |
| 95 | 19.4 | 17.2 | 15.0 | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 20.7 | 18.5 | 16.3 | 13.9 | | | | | | |
| 105 | 22.0 | 19.8 | 17.7 | 15.3 | 13.0 | | | | | |
| 110 | 23.3 | 21.1 | 19.1 | 16.8 | 14.6 | | | | | |
| 115 | 24.6 | 22.4 | 20.5 | 18.3 | 16.3 | 14.2 | | | | |
| 120 | 25.9 | 23.7 | 21.8 | 19.7 | 17.9 | 15.9 | 13.3 | | | |
| 125 | | 25.1 | 23.2 | 21.2 | 19.6 | 17.5 | 15.2 | 14.6 | | |
| 130 | | | 24.6 | 22.7 | 21.2 | 19.2 | 17.1 | 16.3 | | |
| 135 | | | | 24.2 | 22.9 | 20.9 | 19.0 | 18.1 | | |
| 140 | | | | | 24.5 | 22.6 | 20.9 | 19.9 | | |

Note:

1. The above table shows the correlation between the air rates and E.S.P.

ABNW36GM2A0 (Unit : CMM)

| Sotting value | | Static Pressure (mmAq(Pa)) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| Setting value | 4(39) | 6(59) | 8(78) | 10(98) | 12(118) | 14(137) | 15(147) | | | |
| 85 | 24.9 | | | | | | | | | |
| 90 | 27.6 | 22.7 | | | | | | | | |
| 95 | 30.4 | 25.7 | 20.7 | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 33.1 | 28.7 | 24.0 | | | | | | | |
| 105 | 35.9 | 31.7 | 27.3 | 20.8 | | | | | | |
| 110 | 38.6 | 34.7 | 30.5 | 24.3 | 20.6 | | | | | |
| 115 | | 37.8 | 33.8 | 27.9 | 23.8 | | | | | |
| 120 | | | 37.1 | 31.4 | 27.0 | 22.4 | 20.5 | | | |
| 125 | | | | 35.0 | 30.1 | 25.7 | 23.7 | | | |
| 128 | | | | 37.1 | 32.0 | 27.6 | 25.7 | | | |

ABNW42GM2A0 (Unit : CMM)

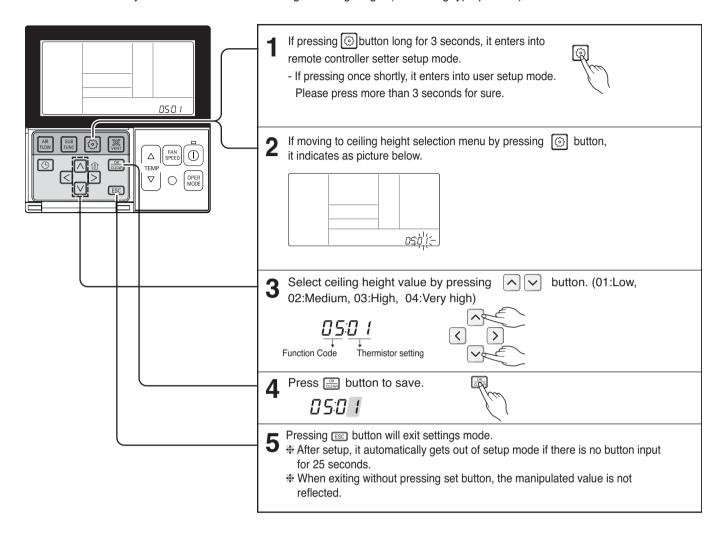
| Cotting value | | Static Pressure (mmAq(Pa)) | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-------|----------------------------|-------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
| Setting value | 5(49) | 6(59) | 8(78) | 10(98) | 12(118) | 14(137) | 15(147) | | | |
| 90 | 22.2 | | | | | | | | | |
| 95 | 25.1 | 22.3 | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 28.0 | 25.4 | | | | | | | | |
| 105 | 30.9 | 28.5 | 23.3 | | | | | | | |
| 110 | 33.8 | 31.6 | 26.8 | | | | | | | |
| 115 | 36.7 | 34.8 | 30.3 | 24.4 | | | | | | |
| 120 | 39.7 | 37.9 | 33.8 | 28.3 | 23.5 | | | | | |
| 125 | 42.6 | 41.0 | 37.3 | 32.2 | 27.5 | | | | | |
| 130 | | 44.1 | 40.8 | 36.1 | 31.6 | 26.1 | | | | |
| 135 | | | 44.3 | 40.0 | 35.6 | 30.4 | 28.0 | | | |
| 140 | | | | 43.9 | 39.7 | 34.6 | 32.4 | | | |
| 145 | | | | | 43.7 | 38.9 | 36.8 | | | |
| 150 | | | | | | 43.1 | 41.2 | | | |
| 155 | | | | | | | 45.6 | | | |

Note:

1. The above table shows the correlation between the air rates and E.S.P.

4.2 High Ceiling operation

This function is to adjust FAN Airflow rate according to ceiling height (For ceiling type product)



<Ceiling Height Selection Table>

| Ceilin | g Height Level | Description |
|--------|----------------|---|
| 01 | Low | Decrease the indoor airflow rate 1 step from standard level |
| 02 | Medium | Set the indoor airflow rate as standard level |
| 03 | High | Increase indoor airflow rate 1 step from standard level |
| 04 | Very high | Increase indoor airflow rate 2 steps from standard level |

- Ceiling height setting is available only for some products.
- Ceiling height of 'Very high' function may not exist depending on the indoor unit.
- · Refer to the product manual for more details.

5. Reliability

5.1 Hot start

- When heating is started, the indoor fan is stopped or very slow to prevent the cold air carry out
- When the temp. of heat exchanger reach 30°C(model by model), indoor fan is started.

5.2 Self-diagnosis Function

- The air conditioner installed can self-diagnosed its error status and then transmits the result to the central control.
 Therefore, a rapid countermeasure against failure of the air conditioner allows easy management and increases the usage life of air conditioner.
- · Refer to trouble shooting guide.

5.3 Soft dry operation

• When the dehumidification operation input by the remote control is received, the intake air temperature is detected and the setting temp is automatically set according to the intake air temperature.

| Intake air Temp. | Setting Temp. |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| 26°C ≤ intake air temp. | 25°C |
| 24°C ≤ intake air temp.< 26°C | intake air temp1°C |
| 22°C ≤ intake air temp. < 24°C | intake air temp0.5°C |
| 18°C ≤ intake air temp. < 22°C | intake air temp. |
| intake air temp. < 18°C | 18°C |

- · While compressor off, the indoor fan repeats low airflow speed and stop.
- While the intake air temp is between compressor on temp. and compressor off temp., 10-min dehumidification operation and 4-min compressor off repeat.

Compressor ON Temp. → Setting Temp+0.5°C Compressor OFF Temp. → Setting Temp-0.5°C

• In 10-min dehumidification operation, the indoor fan operates with the low airflow speed.

6. Convenience Functions & Controls

6.1 Cooling & heating Operations

6.1.1 Cooling Mode

- Operating frequency of compressor depends on the load condition, like the difference between the room temp. and the set temp., frequency restrictions.
- If the compressor operates at some frequency, the operating frequency of compressor cannot be changed within 30 seconds. (not emergency conditions)
- · Compressor turned off when
 - intake air temperature is in between ±0.5°C of the setting temp. limit for three minutes continuously.
 - intake air temperature reaches below 1.0°C of the temperature of setting temp..
- · Compressors three minutes time delay.
- After compressor off, the compressor can restart minimum 3 minutes later.

6.1.2 Heating Mode

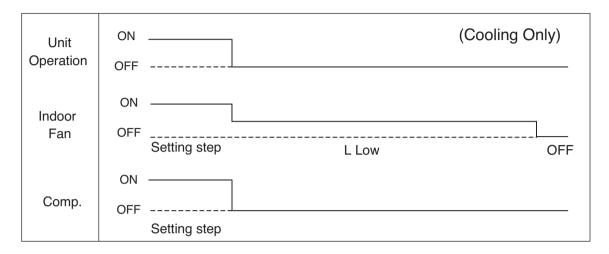
- Operating frequency of compressor depend on the load condition, The difference between the room temp. and set temp., frequency restrictions.
- If compressor operates at some frequency, the operating frequency of compressor cannot be changed within 30 seconds.
- · Condition of compressor turned off
 - When intake air temperature reaches +4°C above the setting temperature.
- · Condition of compressor turned on
 - When intake air temperature reaches +2°C above the setting temperature.
- * Condition of indoor fan turned off
 - While in compressor on : indoor pipe temp. < 20°C
 - While in compressor off: indoor pipe temp. < 30°C
- · While in defrost control, between the indoor and outdoor fans are turned off.
- · Compressor 2minutes delay
 - After compressor off, the compressor can restart minimum 2 minutes later.

NOTE: Some Models are different by temperature of thermo ON/OFF.

| CST/Duct/CVT type indoor unit matched with Universal Outdoor unit | CST/ Duct/CVT type indoor unit matched with Single Outdoor unit/Multi Outdoor unit/Multi V Outdoor unit |
|--|---|
| Thermo ON: +2 °C above setting temp. Thermo OFF: +4 °C above setting temp. | Thermo ON: Setting temp. Thermo OFF: +3 °C above setting temp. |

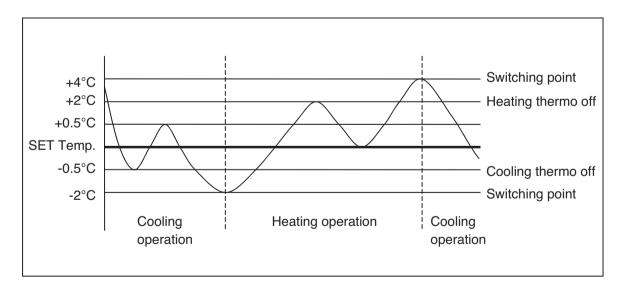
6.2 Auto cleaning operation

- Function used to perform Self Cleaning to prevent the Unit from Fungus and bad odor.
- Used after the Cooling Operation before turning the unit off, clean the Evaporator and keep it dry for the next operation.
- The function is easy to operate as it is accessed through the Remote controller.



6.3 Auto changeover operation

- The air conditioner changes the operation mode automatically to keep indoor temperature.
- When room temperature vary over ±2°C with respect to setting temperature, air conditioner keeps the room temperature in ±2°C with respect to setting temperature by auto change mode.

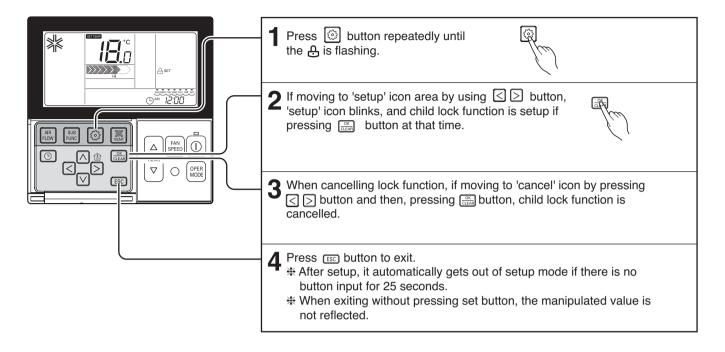


6.4 Auto restart Operation

• Whenever there is electricity failure to the unit, and after resumption of the power, unit will start in the same mode prior to the power failure. Memorized condition are on / off condition, operating mode (cooling/ heating), set temperature and fan speed. The unit will memorize the above conditions and start with same memorized condition.

6.5 Child Lock Function

It is the function to use preventing children or others from careless using.



6.6 Forced operation

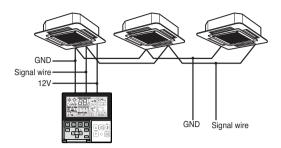
- To operate the appliance by force in case when the remote control is lost, the forced operation selection switch is on the main unit of the appliance, and operate the appliance in the standard conditions.
- The operating condition is set according to the outdoor temp, and intake air temperature as follows.

| Indoor temp. | Operating Mode | Setting temp. | Setting speed of indoor fan |
|--------------|--------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| over 24°C | Cooling | 22°C | |
| 21~24°C | Healthy Dehumidification | 23°C | High speed |
| below 21°C | Heating | 24°C | |

- The unit select the last operation mode in 3 hours.
- Operating procedures when the remote control can't be used is as follows:
 - The operation will be started if the ON/OFF button is pressed.
 - If you want to stop operation, re-press the button.

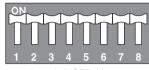
6.7 Group Control

- When installing more than 2 units of air conditioner to one wired remote controller, please connect as the right figure.
 - If it is not event communication indoor unit, set the unit as slave.
 - Check for event communication through the product manual.

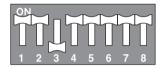


When controlling multiple indoor units with event communication function with one remote controller, you must change the master/slave setting from the indoor unit.

- Indoor units, the master/slave configuration of the product after completion of indoor unit power 'OFF' and then 'ON' the power after 1 minutes elapsed sign up.
- For ceiling type cassette and duct product group, change the switch setting of the indoor PCB.

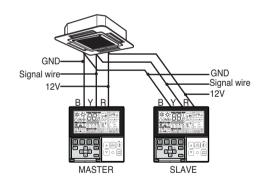


#3 switch OFF: Master (Factory default setting)



#3 switch ON: Slave

- For wall-mount type and stand type product, change the master/slave setting with the wireless remote controller. (Refer to wireless remote controller manual for detail)
- When installing 2 remote controllers to one indoor unit with event communication function, set the master/slave of the remote controller. (Refer to remote controller master/slave selection)
 When controlling the group, some functions excluding basic operation setting, fan level Min/Mid/Max, remote controlle
 - When controlling the group, some functions excluding basic operation setting, fan level Min/Mid/Max, remote controller lock setting and time setting may be limited.
- 2. When installing more than 2 wired remote controllers to one air conditioner, please connect as the right picture.
- When installing more than 2 units of wired remote controller to one air conditioner, set one wired remote controller as master and the others all as slaves, as shown in the right picture.
- You cannot control the group as shown in the right for some products.
- · Refer to the product manual for more detail.



<When simultaneously connecting 2 sets of wired remote controller>

• When controlling in groups, set the master/slaver of the remote controller. Refer to Installer setting section on how to set master/slave for more detail.

6.8 Sleep Timer Operation

- When the sleep time is reached after <1,2,3,4,5,6,7,0(cancel) hr> is input by the remote control while in appliance operation, the operation of the appliance stops.
- While the appliance is on pause, the sleep timer mode cannot be input.
- While in cooling mode operation, 30 min later since the start of the sleep timer, the setting temperature increases by 1°C. After another 30 min elapse, it increases by 1°C again.
- When the sleep timer mode is input while in cooling cycle mode, the airflow speed of the indoor fan is set to the low.
- When the sleep timer mode is input while in heating cycle mode, the airflow speed of the indoor fan is set to the medium.

6.9 Timer(On/Off)

6.9.1 On-Timer Operation

- When the set time is reached after the time is input by the remote control, the appliance starts to operate.
- The timer LED is on when the on-timer is input. It is off when the time set by the timer is reached.
- If the appliance is operating at the time set by the timer, the operation continues.

 While in Fuzzy operation, the airflow speed of the indoor fan is automatically selected according to the temperature.

6.9.2 Off-Timer Operation

- · When the set time is reached after the time is input by the remote control, the appliance stops operating.
- The timer LED is on when the off-timer is input. It is off when the time set by the timer is reached.
- If the appliance is on pause at the time set by the timer, the pause continues.

6.10 Weekly Program

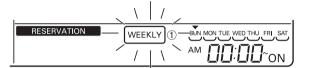
You can set the daily reservation in weekly unit.

Weekly reservation keeps operating until before you cancel it once you setup

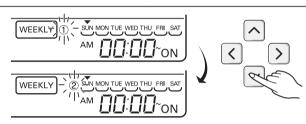
- Please move to reservation setup mode by pressing reservation button.
 - *You can setup two weekly reservations for one day, and up to fourteen reservations for a week.

For example, to setup (Tuesday morning 11:30 turned on \sim afternoon 12:30 turned off), you setup in order below.

Please move to 'weekly' by repeatedly pressing reservation button. 'Weekly' blinks at this time.

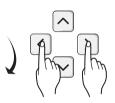


- - You can setup two reservations, weekly reservation 1 and weekly reservation 2, for a day.

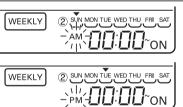


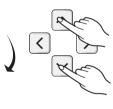
Please move to 'date' setup part by using \(\) button. If 'date' indication blinks, please setup date. You can setup date from Monday to Sunday.





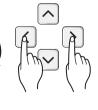
Please move to 'AM/PM' setup part of turning on by using \ v button.



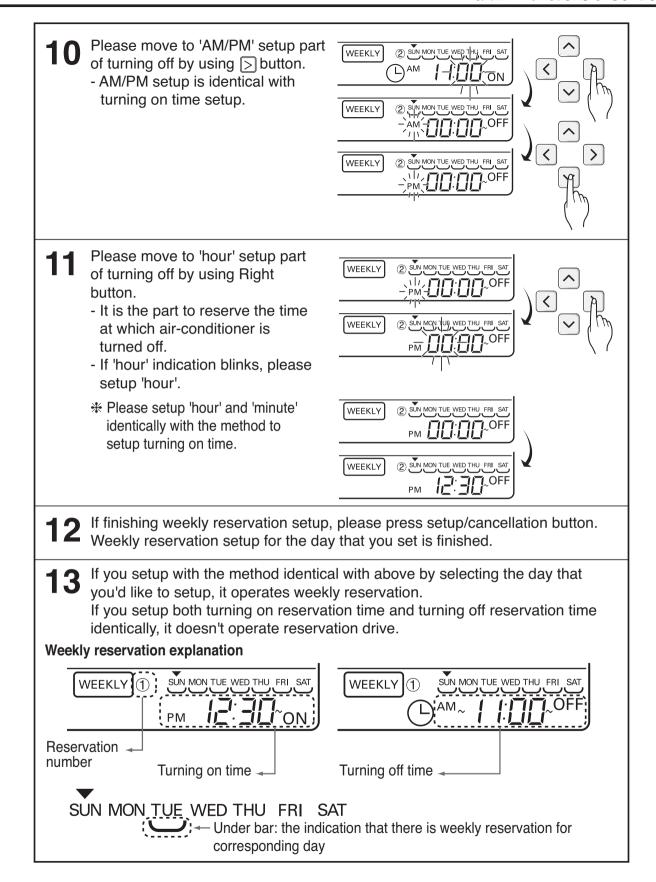


- Please move to 'hour' setup part of turning on by using button.
 - It is the part to setup the time at which air-conditioner is turned on.





- **7** Please change time by using ∧ ∨ button.
 - You can setup hour 0~12.

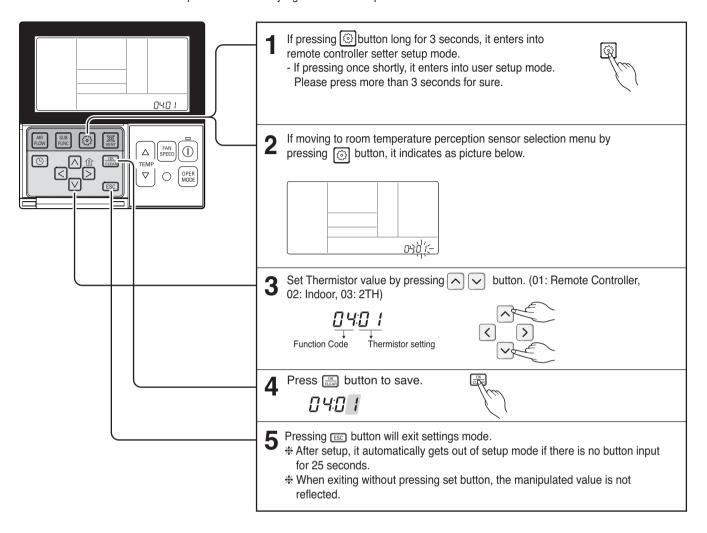


^{*} Indoor unit is turned on to desired temperature if it is configured using up/down button during preset of weekly operation time. (Temperature selection range : 18°C~30°C)

⁻ When desired temperature is not set, it is turned on automatically with desired temperature of previous operation.

6.11 Two Thermistor Control

This is the function to select the temperature sensor to judge the room temperature.



<Thermistor Table>

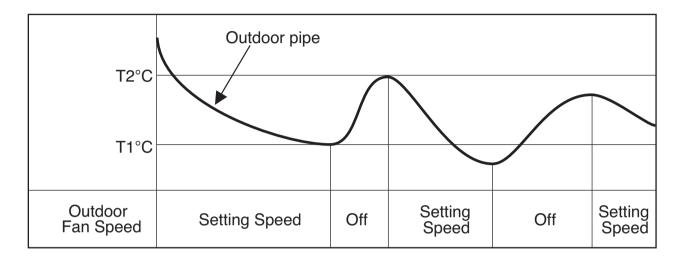
| Temper | Temperature sensor selection | | Function | |
|--------|------------------------------|---------|--|--|
| 01 | Remote controller | | Operation in remote controller temperature sensor | |
| 02 | Indoor unit | | Operation in indoor unit temperature sensor | |
| 03 | 03 2TH Cooling | | | Operation of higher temperature by comparing indoor unit's and wired remote controller's temperature. (There are products that operate at a lower temperature.) |
| | | Heating | Operation of lower temperature by comparing indoor unit's and wired remote controller's temperature. | |

^{*} The function of 2TH has different operation characteristics according to the product.

7. Special Function & KIT

7.1 Low Ambient control

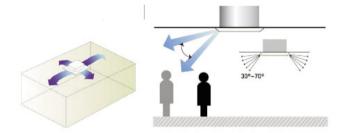
- This Function is for cooling operating in outdoor low temperature .
- If outdoor temperature drops below certain temperature, liquid back is prevented by reducing outdoor fan speed.
- It can prevent frosting of evaporator and keep cooling operation



7.2 Space control

Vanes angle can be controlled by pair, considering its installation environment.

- For example direct drafts can be annoying, leading to discomfort and reduced productivity vane control helps to eliminate this problem.
- · Easily controlled by wired remote control.
- Air Flow can be controlled easily regarding any space environment.

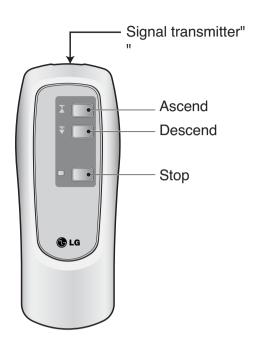


7.3 Auto Elevation Grille

 Auto Elevation Grille is automatically down to height of max. 3.1 m. So it enables to install the Indoor unit at high ceiling space. And Auto Elevation Grille makes you cleaning the filter easily.



■ ELEVATION GRILL (REMOTE CONTROLLER_Accessory)



Main Components of Lift Grill

- ① Lift grill front panel assembly
- 2 Bolts for installation (4 EA, P/No. 3A00255K)
- 3 Instruction manual
- Remote Controller for lift grill

How to Use Remote Controller

As for operation of Remote Controller, use it by directing the transmitter part of Remote Controller to the receiver part of front panel directly under front panel.

- Do not drop it down or into water. Or else there is worry about trouble failure.
- Do not press hard the Remote Controller button with nail (ball-point pen or other sharp substance). Or else there is worry about trouble failure.
- In case when obstacle such as curtain hides the signal reception part of receiver in between the space interval, Remote Controller operation is infeasible.

How to Operate the Lift Grill

ACAUTION

- Always stop the air conditioner operation for safety before operating lift grill.
- Take heed _ there is worry about dust fall etc. when suction grill descends.
- In case when the set automatic stop distance goes wrong, check the set value of operation panel and confirm if there is neither obstacle nor mankind.
- When you are not to remove obstacle, stop the operation before touching the obstacle.

1. Stop the Air Conditioner Operation

2. Descend the Suction Grill

- Depress the down button(\$\blue\bigs\$).
 Then suction grill descends and stops automatically at a certain distance.
- You may stop it at wanted distance point by depressing the stop button () when descending.

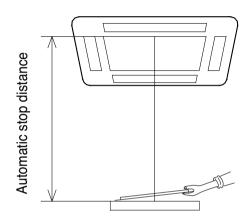
3. Raise the Suction Grill

Depress the up button(♠).
 Then suction grill goes up and enters into the front panel.

4. Stop the Suction Grill during Rising

Depress the stop button().
 Make use of this when you want to stop it at your wished position.

Automatic Stop Distance of Grill



| Ceiling height | Low | Medium (Height: 3~4 m) | High |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------|
| Automatic stop distance | 1.5±0.5 m | 2.5±0.5 m | 3.5±0.5 m |

* If you want to change automatic distance setting, consult with your sale agency.

3. Basic Control

| 1. Normal operation | 54 |
|---|----|
| 2 Compressor control | 54 |
| 3. EEV(Electronic Expansion Valve) control | 54 |

1. Normal operation

Basic principle is to control the rpm of the motor by changing the working frequency of the compressor.

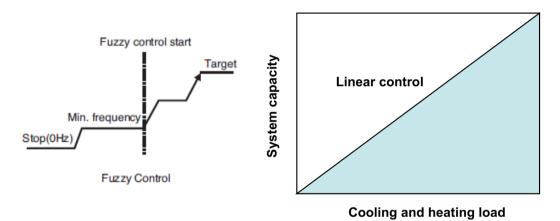
Three phase voltage is supplied to the motor and the time for which the voltage will supplied is controlled by IPM (intelligent power module).

Switching speed of IPM defines the variable frequency input to the motor.

| Actuator | Cooling operation | Heating operation | Stop state |
|------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Compressor | Fuzzy control | Fuzzy control | Stop |
| Fan | Fuzzy control | Fuzzy control | Stop |
| EEV | Super heating fuzzy control | Discharge Temp. Control | Min. Pulse |

2. Compressor control

Fuzzy control: Maintain evaporating temperature (Te) to be constant on cooling mode and constant condensing temperature (Tc) on heating mode by fuzzy control to ensure the stable system performance.



Inverter linear control as cooling and heating load increasing

3. EEV(Electronic Expansion Valve) control

EEV operates with fuzzy control rules to keep The degree of superheat (2~3°C) or the target temperature of discharge pipe.

* Cooling mode

The degree of superheat = Tsuction – Tevaporator Tsuction : temperature at suction pipe sensor(°C) Tevaporator : evaporation temperature (°C)

* Heating mode

the target temperature of discharge pipe = T condenser + α

T condenser: condenser temperature (°C)

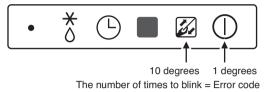
4. Trouble Shooting

| 1. Self-diagnosis Function | 56 |
|--|----|
| 1.1 Error Indicator (Indoor) | |
| 2. Pump Down | 58 |
| 3. Evacuation | 59 |
| 4. Gas Charging | 60 |
| 5. Cycle Part | 61 |
| 6. Electronic Parts | 62 |
| 6.1 The Product does'n t operate at all | 62 |
| 6.2 The Product doesn't operate with the remote controller | 63 |
| 6.3 The Compressor/Outdoor Fan are don't operate | 64 |
| 6.4 When indoor Fan does not operate | 65 |
| 6.5 When the louver does not operate | 66 |
| 6.6 Troubleshooting Indoor Error | 67 |
| 6.7 Troubleshooting Outdoor Error | 73 |

1. Self-diagnosis Function

1.1 Error Indicator (Indoor)

Ceiling Cassette Type Display



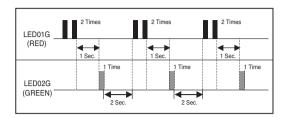
Error Indicator

- The function is to self-diagnoisis airconditioner and express the troubles identifically if there is any trouble.
- Error mark is ON/OFF for the operation LED of evaporator body in the same manner as the following table.
- If more than two troubles occur simultaneously, primarily the highest trouble fo error code is expressed.
- After error occurrence, if error is released, error LED is also released simultaneously.
- To operate again on the occurrence of error code, be sure to turn off the power and then turn on.
- Having or not of error code is different from Model.

Indoor Error

| Code | Title | Cause of Error |
|------|---|---|
| 1 | Air temperature sensor of Indoor unit | Air temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short |
| 2 | Inlet pipe temperature Sensor of indoor unit | Inlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short |
| 3 | Communication error : wired remote controller ↔ indoor unit | Failing to receive wired remote controller signal in indoor unit PCB |
| 4 | Drain pump | Malfunction of drain pump |
| 5 | Communication error : outdoor unit ← indoor unit | Failing to receive outdoor unit signal in indoor unit PCB |
| 6 | Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit | Outlet pipe temperature sensor of indoor unit is open or short |
| 9 | Indoor EEPROM Error | In case when the serial number marked on EEPROM of Indoor unit is 0 or FFFFFF |
| 10 | Abnormal fan motor operation | Disconnecting the fan motor connector/ Failure of indoor fan motor lock |

1.2 Error Indicator (Outdoor)



Outdoor Error Ex) Error 21 (DC Peack)







UU18W/24W/30W

UU36W/42W/48W/60W

UU37W/43W/49W/61W

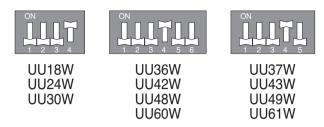
| | | | ı | Error Displa | / | |
|------|--|----------------------|---------|------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Code | e Contents Operation State | | Cable | Outdoor Device | | Count |
| | | Remote Controller | Red LED | Green LED | | |
| 21 | IPM Fault Error | Stop | CH21 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 1 time | 10 time Within 1h |
| 22 | CT 2 Error (Input of Over- Current) | Stop | CH22 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 2 times | Infinite restart |
| 23 | DC Link Error (High/Low DC Voltage) | Stop | CH23 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 3 times | Infinite restart |
| 24 | Pressure Switch High/Low Pressure Fault | Stop | CH24 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 4 times | Infinite restart |
| 25 | Input Frequency Detection Failure | Stop | CH25 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 5 times | 1 time Within 1h |
| 26 | DC Comp Position Detection Error | Stop | CH26 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 6 times | 1 time Within 1h |
| 27 | PSC/PFC Over-Current Error (HW) | Stop | CH27 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 7 times | 10 time Within 1h |
| 29 | Comp Phase Over-Current Error | Stop | CH29 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 9 times | 10 time Within 1h |
| 32 | D-Pipe Overheating Error (INV Comp) | Stop | CH32 | Flashing 2 times | Flashing 2 times | Infinite restart |
| 33 | D-Pipe Overheating Error (Constant-rate Comp) | Stop | CH33 | Flashing 3 times | Flashing 3 times | Infinite restart |
| 41 | D-Pipe Sensor Error (INV Comp) | Stop | CH41 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing 1 time | 1 time Within 1h |
| 43 | High pressure Sensor Error | Stop | CH43 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing3 time | 1 time Within 1h |
| 44 | Outdoor Inlet Sensor Error | Stop | CH44 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing 4 times | 1 time Within 1h |

| | | | Error Display | | y | | |
|------|---|-------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------------|--|
| Code | Contents | State | Cable | Outdoor Device | | Count | |
| | | | Remote Controller | Red LED | Green LED | | |
| 45 | Cond. Pipe Sensor Error | Stop | CH45 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing 5 times | 1 time Within 1h | |
| 46 | Suction Pipe Sensor Error | Stop | CH46 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing 6 times | 1 time Within 1h | |
| 47 | D-Pipe Sensor Error (Constant- rate Comp) | Stop | CH47 | Flashing 4 times | Flashing 7 times | 1 time Within 1h | |
| 51 | Over-Capacity Connection Error | Stop | CH51 | Flashing 5 times | Flashing 1 time | 1 time Within 1h | |
| 53 | Communication Error between Outdoor Device Indoor Device | Stop | CH53 | Flashing 5 times | Flashing 3 times | 1 time Within 1h | |
| 54 | Open and Reverse Phase Error | Stop | CH54 | Flashing 5 times | Flashing 4 times | 10 time Within 1h | |
| 60 | EEPROM Check Sum Error | Stop | CH60 | Flashing 6 times | - | 1 time Within 1h | |
| 61 | Outdoor Device Pipe Overheat- ing Error | Stop | CH61 | Flashing 6 times | Flashing 1 time | Infinite restart | |
| 62 | Heat-sink Overheating Error | Stop | CH62 | Flashing 6 times | Flashing 2 times | Infinite restart | |
| 65 | Heat-sink Sensor Error | Stop | CH65 | Flashing 6 times | Flashing 5 times | 1 time Within 1h | |
| 67 | Outdoor BLDC Fan Lock Error | Stop | CH67 | Flashing 6 times | Flashing 7 times | 10 time Within 1h | |
| 73 | PSC/PFC Over-Current Error (SW) | Stop | CH73 | Flashing 7 times | Flashing 3 times | 10 time Within 1h | |

2. Pump Down

Setting Procedure

1) Set the Dip Switch as follow after shutting the power source down.

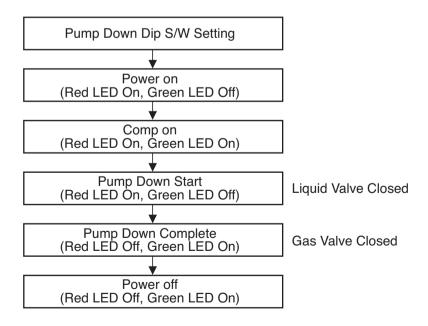


- 2) Reset the power.
- 3) Red LED and Green LED of PCB lights during work. (The indoor unit is operated by force.)
- 4) If operation is done, Red LED will be turned off.
 If operation is not done normally, Red LED will blink.
- 5) Close the Liquid valve only after green LED turned off (7 minutes from the start of the machine). Then close the gas valve after Green LED on.

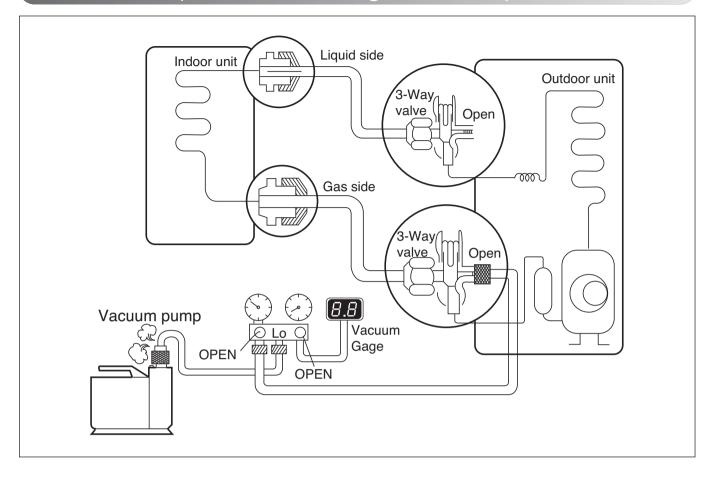


WARNING:

- When the green LED of PCB is on, compressor is going to be off because of low pressure.
- · You should return the Dip Switch to operate normally after finishing the operation.
- Improper Pump down will lead to product turn off along with LED (green &red) off with in 20 minutes from the initial start.



3. Evacuation (All amount of refrigerant leaked)



Procedure

- (1) Connect the vacuum pump to the center hose of charge set center hose
- (2) Evacuation for approximately one hour.
 - Confirm that the gauge needle has moved toward 0.8Torr.
- (3) Close the valve (Lo side) on the charge set, turn off the vacuum pump, and confirm that the gauge needle does not move (approximately 5 minutes after turning off the vacuum pump).
- (4) Disconnect the charge hose from the vacuum pump.
 - Vacuum pump oil.
 If the vacuum pump oil becomes dirty or depleted, replenish as needed.

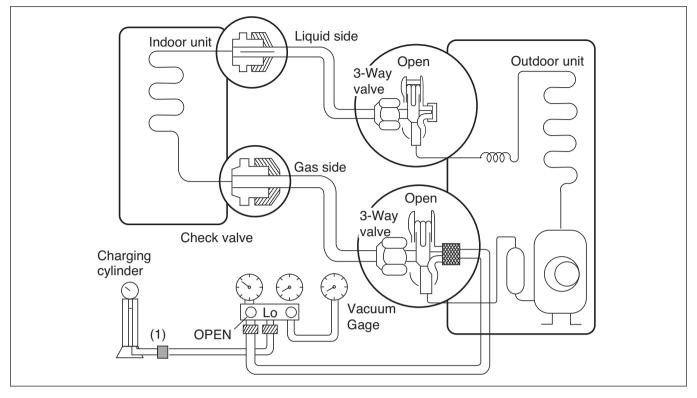


WARNING

Use a vacuum pump or Inert (nitrogen) gas when doing leakage test or air purge. Do not compress air or Oxygen and do not use Flammable gases. Otherwise, it may cause fire or explosion.

- Otherwise, it may cause personal injury.

4. Gas Charging (After Evacuation)



Procedure

(1) Connect the charge hose to the charging cylinder.

- Connect the charge hose which you dis-connected from the vacuum pump to the valve at the bottom of the cylinder.
- If you are using a gas cylinder, also use a scale and reverse the cylinder so that the system can be charged with liquid.

(2) Purge the air from the charge hose.

 Open the valve at the bottom of the cylinder and press the check valve on the charge set to purge the air. (Be careful of the liquid refrigerant). The procedure is the same if using a gas cylinder.

(3) Open the valve (Lo side on the charge set and charge the system with liquid refrigerant.

If the system can not be charged with the specified amount of refrigerant, it can be charged with a little at a time (approximately 150g each time) while operating the air conditioner in the cooling cycle; however, one time is not sufficient, wait approximately 1 minute and then repeat the procedure (pumping down-pin).

This is different from previous procedures. Because you are charging with liquid refrigerant from the gas side, absolutely do not attempt to charge with larger amounts of liquid refrigerant while operating the air conditioner.

(4) Immediately disconnect the charge hose from the 3-way valve's service port.

- Stopping partway will allow the gas to be discharged.
- If the system has been charged with liquid refrigerant while operating the air conditioner turn off the air conditioner before disconnecting the hose.

(5) Mount the valve stem nuts and the service port nut.

- Use torque wrench to tighten the service port nut to a torque of 1.8 kg.m.
- Be sure to check for gas leakage.



WARNING

When installing or relocation the unit, make sure that no substance other than the specified refrigerant(R410A) enter the refrigerant circult.

 Any presence of foreign substance such as air can cause an abnormal pressure rise and may result in explosion or injury.

5. Cycle Part

Trouble analysis

1. Check temperature difference between intake and discharge air, and check for the operating current too.

| Case | Symptom | Supposed Caused |
|--------|--|---|
| Case 1 | Temp. difference : approx. 0°C Current : less than 80% of rated current | All amount of refrigerant leaked out. Check refrigeration cycle. |
| Case 2 | Temp. difference : approx. 8°C Current : less than 80% of rated current | Refrigerant leakage Clog of refrigeration cycle Defective Compressor. |
| Case 3 | Temp. difference : less than 8°C Current : over the rated current | Excessive amount of refrigerant |
| Case 4 | Temp. difference : over 8°C | Normal |

N&TICE

Temperature difference between intake and discharge air depends on room air humidity. When the room air humidity is relativery higher, temperature difference is smaller. When the room air humidity is relatively lower temperature difference is larger.

2. Check temperature and pressure of refrigeration cycle in cooling mode.

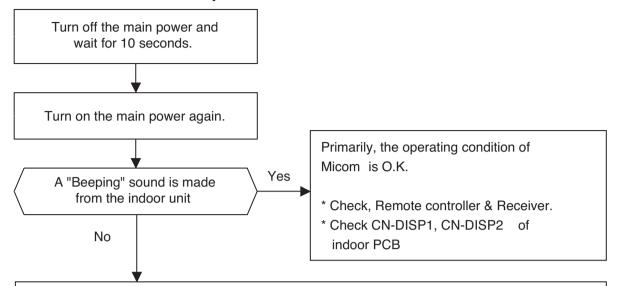
| Suction pressure (Compared with the normal value) | Temperature of Discharge Air (Compared with the normal valve) | Cause of Trouble | Description |
|---|---|---|--|
| | High | Defective compressor Defective 4-way reverse valve | Current is low. |
| Higher | Normal | Excessive amount of refrigerant | High pressure does not quickly rise at the beginning of operation. |
| Lower | Higher | Insufficient amount of refrigerant (Leakage) Clogging | Current is low. |

N&TICE

- 1. The suction pressure is usually 8.5~9.5kg/cm²G(Cooling) at normal condition.(R410A)
- 2. The temperature can be measured by attaching the thermometer to the low pressure tubing and wrap it with putty.

6. Electronic Parts

6.1 The Product doesn't operate at all

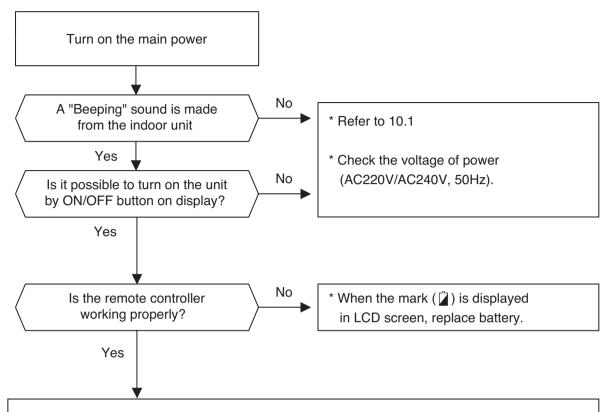


Check the voltage of power supply (AC220V/AC240V, 50Hz) and check for the following :

- * The voltage of main power supply.
- * The voltage applied to the unit.
- * The connecting method of Indoor/Outdoor connecting cable (each color)
- * The PCB Assembly (Fuse, Noise Filter, Power Module, Bridge Diode, etc.)

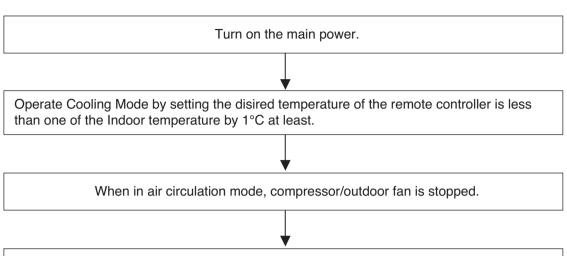
| Procedure | Specification | Remedy |
|---|--|----------------------------|
| The input voltage of power mod- ule. | 1) AC230V ± 30V : Check the rated voltage | 1) Check the power outlet. |
| 2) The output voltage of power mod- ule. | 2) 12V ± 3V | 2) Replace PCB Assembly |
| 4) IC04D(7805) | 4) DC5V | 4) Replace PCB Assembly |
| 5) IC01A(KIA7036) | 5) The voltage of micom pin 19 : DC4.5V↑ | 5) Replace PCB Assembly |

6.2 The Product doesn't operate with the remote controller



- * Check the contact point of CN-DISP 1, 2 connector & Re connector.
- * Check display PCB Assembly
- Voltage between CN-DISP1 3 6 should be DC +5V,
- If problem still persists, Replace display PCB

6.3 The Compressor/Outdoor Fan are don't operate



Check the sensor for Indoor temperature is attatched as close as to be effected by the themperature of Heat Exchange (EVA.)

When the sensor circuit for Indoor temperature and connector are in bad connection or are not engaged, Compressor/Outdoor fan is stopped.

- Check the related circuit of R02H(12.1K), R01H(1K), R04H(6.2K), R03H(1K), C01H(102), C02H(102), Micom(pin No. ①, ②).
- Check the Indoor temperature sensor is disconnected or not (about 10K at 25°C).

Check the Relay(RY-PWR, RY-START) for driving Compressor.

- Check the voltage between brown and blue cable of terminal to connect the Outdoor (About AC220V / 240V).
- · Check the related circuit of relay in Outdoor PCB Ass'y.

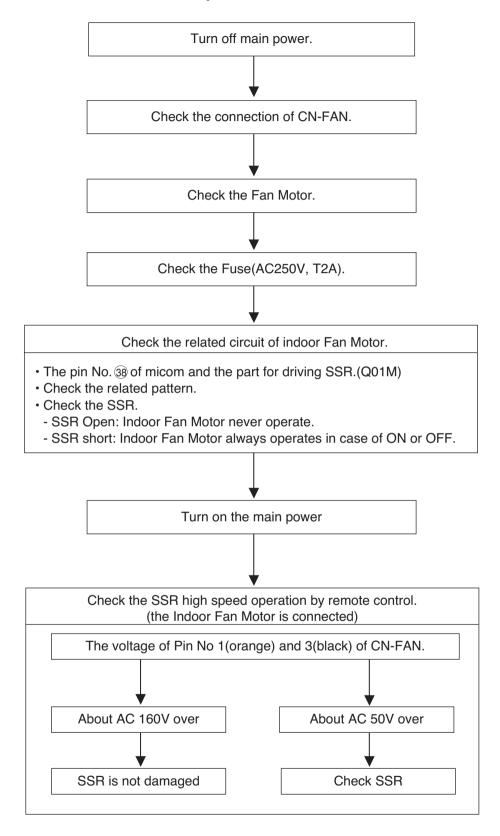
| Check Point | Comp. ON | Comp. OFF |
|-------------------------------|----------|-----------|
| Between Micom(No. 19) and GND | DC 5V | DC 0V |
| Between IC01M(No. 10) and GND | DC 1V↓ | DC 12V |

Turn off main power.

Check the electrical wiring diagram of Outdoor side.

Check the open or short of connecting wires between Indoor and Outdoor.

6.4 When indoor Fan does not operate.



6.5 When the louver does not operate.

- · Confirm that the vertical louver is normally geared with the shaft of Stepping Motor.
- If the regular torque is detected when rotating the vertical louver with hands ⇒ Normal
- Check the connecting condition of CN-U/D or CN0L/R Connector
- Check the soldering condition(on PCB) of CN-U/D or CN0L/R Connector

Check the operating circuit of the vertical louver

- Confirm that there is DC +12V between pin ① of CN-U/D, CN0L/R and GND.
- Confirm that there is a soldering short at following terminals.
- Between ①, ②, ③ and ④ of MICOM B
 - Between ①, ⑫, ⑬ and ② of MICOM
- Between 4, 5, 6 and 7 of IC01M
- Between ⑤, ⑥, ⑦ and ⑧ of IC01M

If there are no problems after above checks.

 Confirm the assembly condition that are catching and interfering parts in the link of the vertical louver

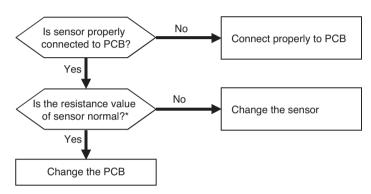
CH 01 (Indoor unit air sensor error

CH 02 (Indoor unit pipe inlet sensor error

CH 06 (Indoor unit pipe outlet sensor error)

| Error No. | Error Type | Error Point | Main Reasons |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 01 | Indoor unit air sensor error | short short short | 1. Indoor unit PCB wrong connection |
| 02 | Indoor unit pipe inlet sensor error | | 2. Indoor unit PCB failure |
| 06 | Indoor unit pipe outlet sensor error | | 3. Sensor problem (main reason) |

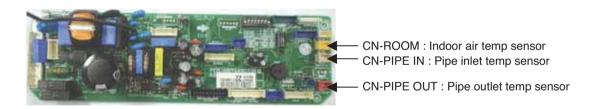
■ Error diagnosis and countermeasure flow chart



** In case the value is more than $100k\Omega$ (open) or less than 100Ω (short), Error occurs

Refer: Resistance value maybe change according to temperature of temp sensor, It shows according to criteria of current temperature($\pm 5\%$ margin) \rightarrow Normal Air temp sensor: $10^{\circ}\text{C} = 20.7\text{k}\Omega$: $25^{\circ}\text{C} = 10\text{k}\Omega$: $50^{\circ}\text{C} = 3.4\text{k}\Omega$

Air temp sensor: $10^{\circ}\text{C} = 20.7\text{k}\Omega$: $25^{\circ}\text{C} = 10\text{k}\Omega$: $50^{\circ}\text{C} = 3.4\text{k}\Omega$ Pipe temp sensor: $10^{\circ}\text{C} = 10\text{k}\Omega$: $25^{\circ}\text{C} = 5\text{k}\Omega$: $50^{\circ}\text{C} = 1.8\text{k}\Omega$



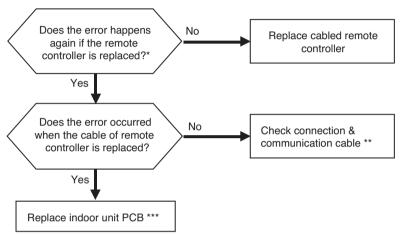


Measure the resistance of outlet pipe temp sensor.

CH 03 (No communication between cabled remote controller & indoor unit)

| Error No. | Error Type | Error Point | Main Reasons |
|-----------|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | No communication between cabled remote controller & indoor unit | The remote controller | 1. Remote controller fault |
| 03 | | did not receive the | 2. Indoor unit PCB fault |
| 00 | | signal from indoor unit | 3. Connector fault, Wrong connection |
| | | during specific time | 4. Communication cable problem |

■ Error diagnosis and countermeasure flow chart



- * If there is no remote controller to replace : Use another unit's remote controller doing well
- ** Check cable: Contact failure of connected portion or extension of cable are main cause Check any surrounded noise (check the distance with main power cable)

 → make safe distance from the devices generate electromagnetic wave
- *** After replacing indoor unit PCB, do Auto Addressing & input unit's address if connected to central controller. (All the indoor units connected should be turned on before Auto Addressing



CN-REMO: Remote controller connection

* The PCB can differ from model to model. Check from the right source.

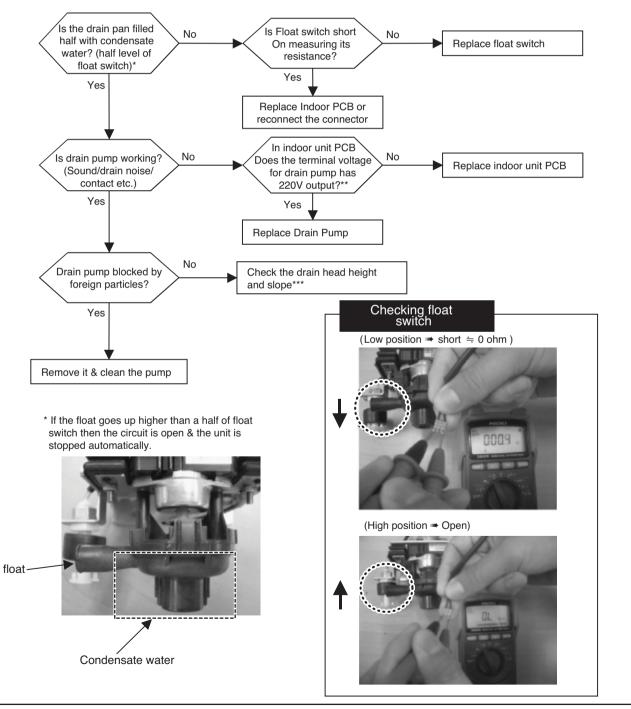


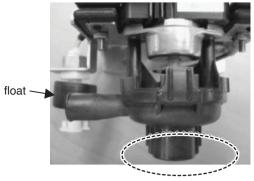
Checking communication cable connection status

CH 04 (Drain pump error)

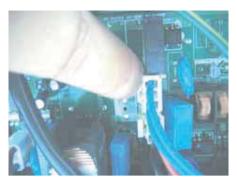
| Error No. | Error Type | Error Point | Main Reasons |
|-----------|------------------|---|--|
| 04 | Drain pump error | Float switch is open due to rising of condensate water level because of drain pump fault or drain pipe clogging | Drain pump/float switch fault Improper drain pipe location, clogging of drain pipe Indoor unit PCB fault |

■ Error diagnosis and countermeasure flow chart

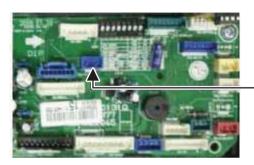




A:Point to check rotating

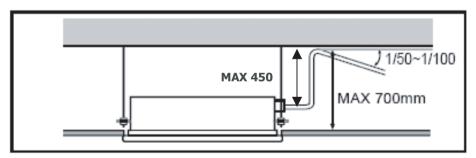


*** Indoor PCB drain pump connector (Check input of 220V) (Marked as **CN-DPUMP**)



Float switch Housing (CN-FLOAT)

[***] Standard of drain pipe head height / slope



CH 09 (Indoor unit EEPROM error)

| Error No. | Error Type | Error Point | Main Reasons |
|-----------|--------------------------|---|--|
| 09 | Indoor unit EEPROM error | Error occur in EEPROM of the Indoor PCB | Error developed in communication between the micro- processor and the EEPROM on the surface of the PCB. ERROR due to the EEPROM damage |

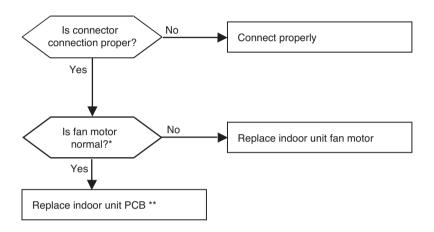
■ Error diagnosis and countermeasure flow chart

- Replace the indoor unit PCB, and then make sure to perform Auto addressing and input the address of central control

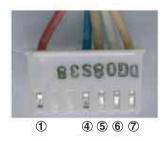
CH 10 (Indoor unit BLDC fan motor failure)

| Error No. | Error Type | Error Point | Main Reasons |
|-----------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | Indoor BLDC fan motor | 1. Motor connector connection fault |
| 10 | Indoor unit BLDC fan motor failure | feedback signal is absent | 2. Indoor PCB fault |
| | | (for 50 sec.) | 3. Motor fault |

■ Error diagnosis and countermeasure flow chart



* It is normal when check hall sensor of indoor fan motor as shown below



Each termainl with the tester

| - | | | | | |
|---|----------|---|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| | Tester | | Normal resistance(±10%) | | |
| | + | - | TH chassis | TD chassis | |
| | 1 | 4 | ∞ | ∞ | |
| | ⑤ | 4 | hundreds kΩ | hundreds kΩ | |
| | 6 | 4 | ∞ | ∞ | |
| | 7 | 4 | hundreds $k\Omega$ | hundreds kΩ | |

<Checking connection state of fan motor connector>



^{**} Replace the indoor unit PCB, and then make sure to do Auto addressing and input the address of central control

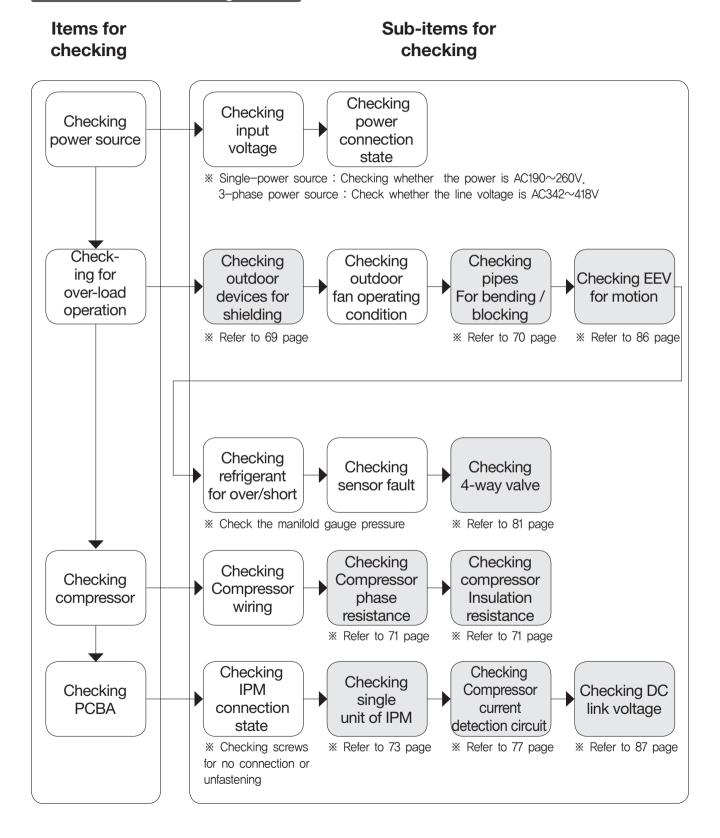
(Notice: The connection of motor connector to PCB should be done under no power supplying to PCB)

CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

| Items | | Contents |
|-----------------|----------------------------|--|
| Purpose | | Protection of the IPM parts and compressor in the PCB assembly from over-current. |
| Condition | for Generation | Generation when over-current is detected in IPM. |
| | Installation & Overload | Outdoor device shielding, closing of a SVC valve, under/over charging of refrigerant, infiltration of water into refrigerant, outdoor fan fault, EEV (Electric Expansion Valve) fault, fault of a temperature sensor or its connection, blocking of an indoor device filter, and bending/blocking of a pipe. |
| Expected Causes | Compressor | Open/Short of the coil in the compressor, insulation breaking between the coil in the compressor and the pipe or panel, damage of compressor with abrasion, and compressor connection fault. |
| | PCB As- sembly | IPM part fault, fault-signal detection circuit fault, compressor current detection circuit fault, and DC link detection circuit fault. |
| | Others | Improper power input, IPM connection fault, and insufficient distance between heat sink and control panel. |

CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

Flow of trouble diagnosis

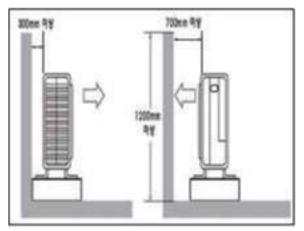


CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

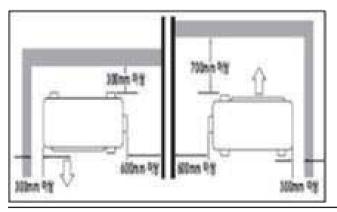
Checking outdoor devices for shielding

| Cause of Trouble | Condition | Mechanism of Fault Generation |
|------------------|---|---|
| | Blocking of the front part of outdoor devices | Frequent turning-off of the compressor : Inflow of high-temperature air generated by |
| Whirlwind | Installation of outdoor devices in narrow space | outdoor fans into the air conditioner → Wrong influence to the system in over-load state |
| Shielding | Blocking of the lateral suction point on the wall of the outdoor devices Foreign substances in the heat exchanger and obstacles in the surrounding | Frequent turning-off of the compressor : Elevation of the pipe temperature due to reduced wind velocity → Wrong influence to the system in over-load state |
| Corrosion | Possible infiltration of moisture / highly humid area | Corrosion of heat exchanger → Reduced operation efficiency → Transfer of troubles to other parts |

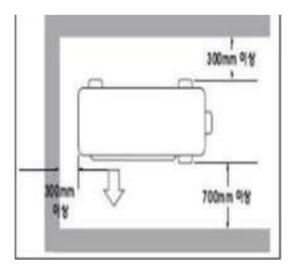
■ When the front/back has a wall (1 side)



■ When the front/back/left/right have walls (2 sides)



■ When the front/back/left/right have walls (3 sides)



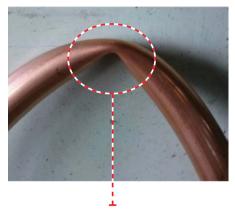
CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

Generation of refrigerant flow disturbance

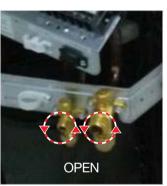
| Cause of Trouble | Condition | Mechanism of Fault Generation |
|---|--|--|
| Generation of refrigerant flow distur- bance | Bending/Blocking of a pipe EEV fault Closing of SVC Valve | Freezing of indoor device → Reduced evaporation temperature due to excessive expansion of refrigerant. Weak heating and cooling → Insufficient flow of refrigerant Frequent turning on/off of the compressor by the high/low pressure protection logic → Accumulated refrigerant elevates the temperature and reduces the pressure. Wrong oil collection elevates the outlet temperature of the compressor and damages the compressor. |

■ Bending/Blocking of a pipe

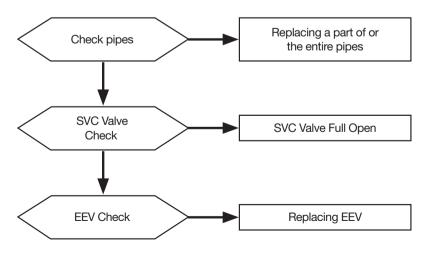
■ Checking SVC Valve







Bending of a pipe



※ EEV Checking Method :

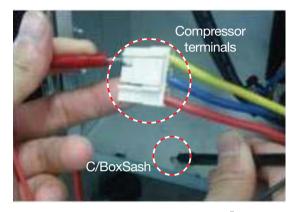
Check the opening/closing sound of EEV when the power is applied for the first time.

CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

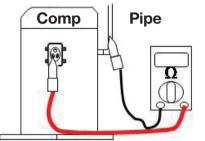
Checking compressor phase resistance

| Purpose | Judgment of the fault of the compressor. | Items for checking | Measurement of insulation resistance between the compressor and panel. Measurement of phase resistance. Wiring Check. |
|---------|--|--------------------|---|
|---------|--|--------------------|---|

■ How to check the insulation resistance between the compressor and panel



Measure the resistance between a compressor terminal and panel.



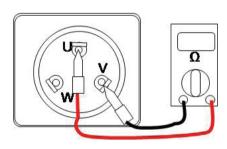
| Terminal | Insulation |
|----------|------------|
| Terminai | Resistance |
| U-panel | ≥10M Ω |
| V-panel | ≥10M Ω |
| W-panel | ≥10M Ω |

- 1. Turn the switch of the tester to "Resistance" mode and check the resistance
- 2. Measure the resistance between the terminals.
- 3. " 0Ω " means the short of compressor phase. (Replace the compressor)
- 4. Refer to the compressor resistance standards.
- 5. If any disorder is found, measure the line resistance between the terminals of the compressor as shown below.
- 6. If the compressor is found to be normal, any compressor connection wire may have a fault,

■ How to check the U, V, and W phase resistance



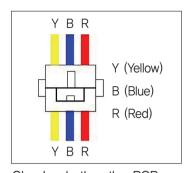
Measure the line resistance between the compressor terminals.



| Model | | GKT141MAC | GKT176MAB | GJT240MAA | GPT442MBA | GPT442MAA |
|------------|-----|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Windings | U-V | 1.040 ±7% Ω | 1.125±7% Ω | 0.628 ±7% Ω | 0.438 ±7% Ω | 0.845 ±7% Ω |
| Resistance | V-W | 1.040 ±7% Ω | | | | |
| (at 25°C) | W-U | 1.040 ±7% Ω | 1.125±7% Ω | 0.628 ±7% Ω | 0.438 ±7% Ω | 0.864 ±7% Ω |

| Purpose Judgment of the fault of the compressor. | Items for checking 1. Measurement of insulation resistance between the compressor and pane 2. Measurement of phase resistance. 3. Wiring Check. | Items for checking | el. |
|---|--|--------------------|-----|
|---|--|--------------------|-----|

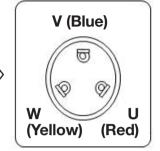
■ How to check the compressor wiring error



Check whether the PCB wires and compressor wires are connected in the same colors.



Check whether the compressor wires are properly connected with U, V, and W.



* The wiring direction is CCW. (counter clock wise)



[Picture of normal compressor wiring]

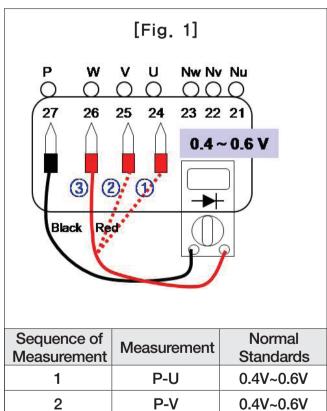
CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

IPM Check

| Purpose | Judgment of the IPM part fault of PCB assembly. | Items for checking | Judgment of damage of IGBT Checking the soldering state |
|---------|---|--------------------|---|
|---------|---|--------------------|---|

■ How to check IPM IGBT (Diode Mode)

- 1. Remove the connector from PCB.
- 2. Set the Multi-Tester as Diode Voltage Measurement Mode. (→)
- 3. Measure the voltages of P~U / P~V / P~W as shown in Fig. 1.
- 4. Measure the voltages of U~Nu / V~Nv / W~Nw as shown in Fig. 2.
- 5. If the measurements are significantly different from the levels shown in the figures, the IPM is deemed to be damaged.



P-W

| nent | Normal | Sec |
|------|-----------|-----|
| nent | Standards | Mea |
| | 0.4V~0.6V | |
| | 0.4V~0.6V | |
| | 0.4V~0.6V | |
| | | |

| [Fig. 2] | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| P W V 27 26 25 3 2 6 Black | U Nw Nv Nu 24 23 22 21 3 2 1 | 0.4~0.6 V |
| Sequence of Measurement | Measurement | Normal Standards |
| 1 | U-Nu | 0.4V~0.6V |
| 2 | V-Nv | 0.4V~0.6V |

W-Nw

3

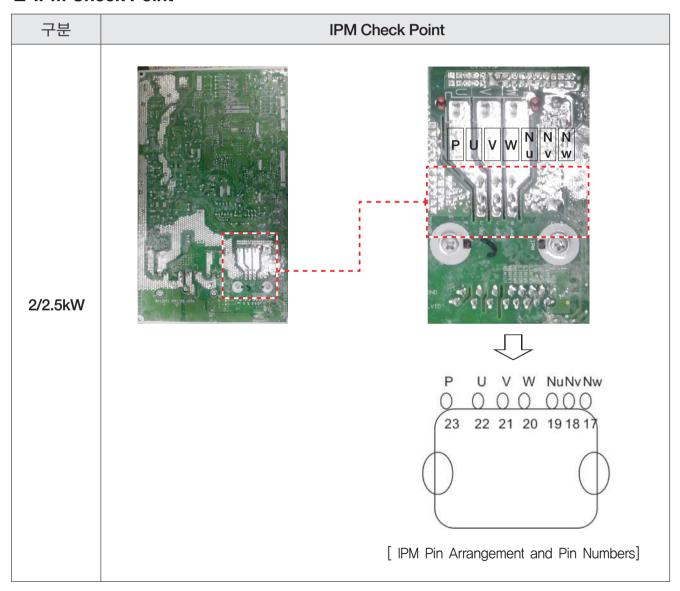
3

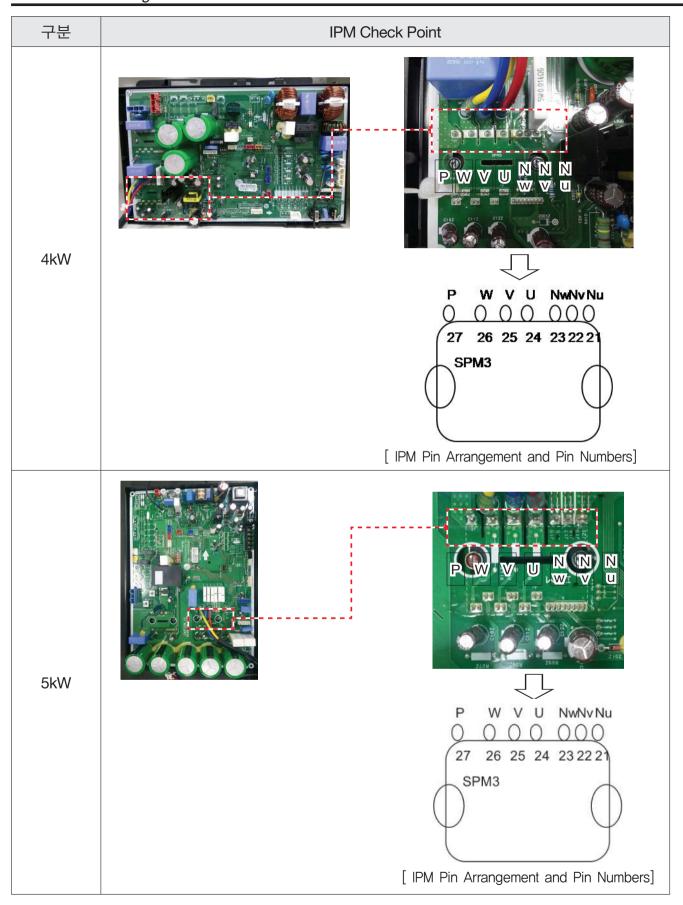
0.4V~0.6V

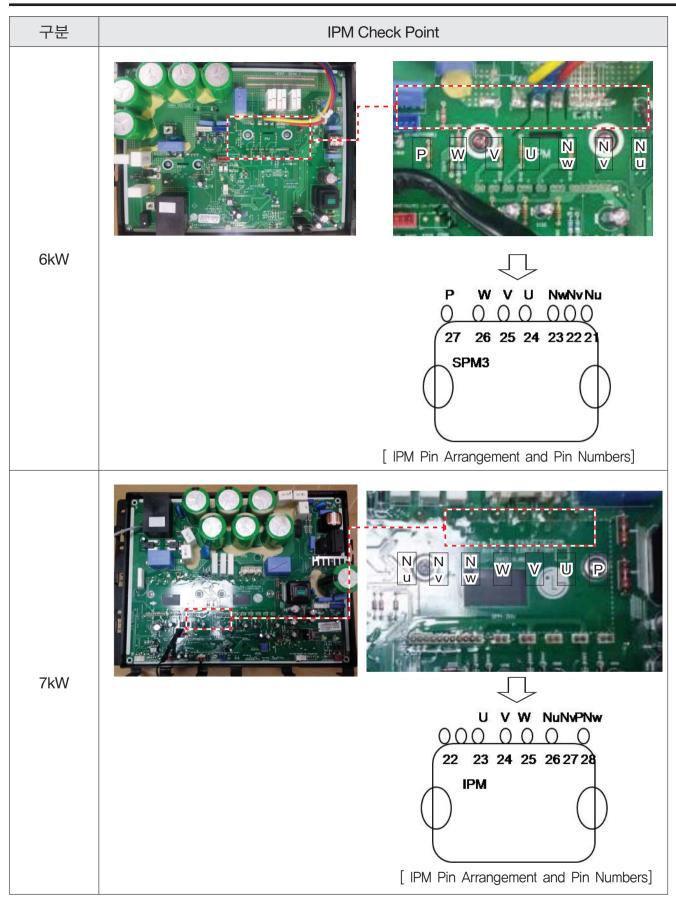
| Purpose | Judgment of the IPM part fault of PCB assembly. | Items for checking | Judgment of damage of IGBT Checking the soldering state |
|---------|---|--------------------|---|
|---------|---|--------------------|---|

| Step | Flow of Inspection |
|------|--|
| 1 | Turn the power off (wait until the outdoor device LED is turned off) |
| 2 | Remove compressor wires. |
| 3 | Measure the voltage as shown in the figure. |
| 4 | Check the voltage for being in the range of 0.4~0.6V. |
| 5 | Judge IPM Pins for short. |

■ IPM Check Point







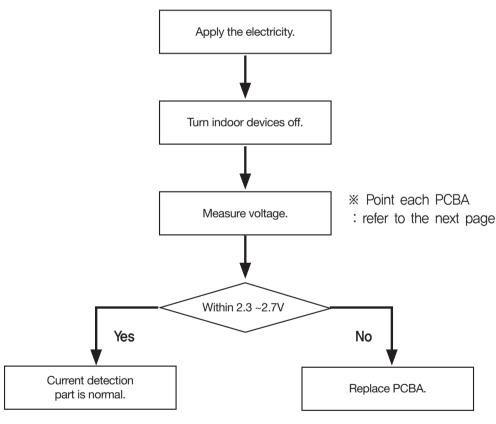
CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

Compressor Phase Current Detection Circuit

| Purpose | Judgment of the IPM part fault of PCB assembly. | Items for checking | Checking for current detection error. |
|---------|---|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
|---------|---|--------------------|---------------------------------------|

- 1. Set the tester in DC Voltage Mode and check the Voltage.
- 2. Measure the voltage in the order of "U-GND/V-GND/W-GND."
- 3. The standard of normal voltage measurement is 2.5V±0.2V.
- 4. If the measurement is different from the standard, replace PCBA.

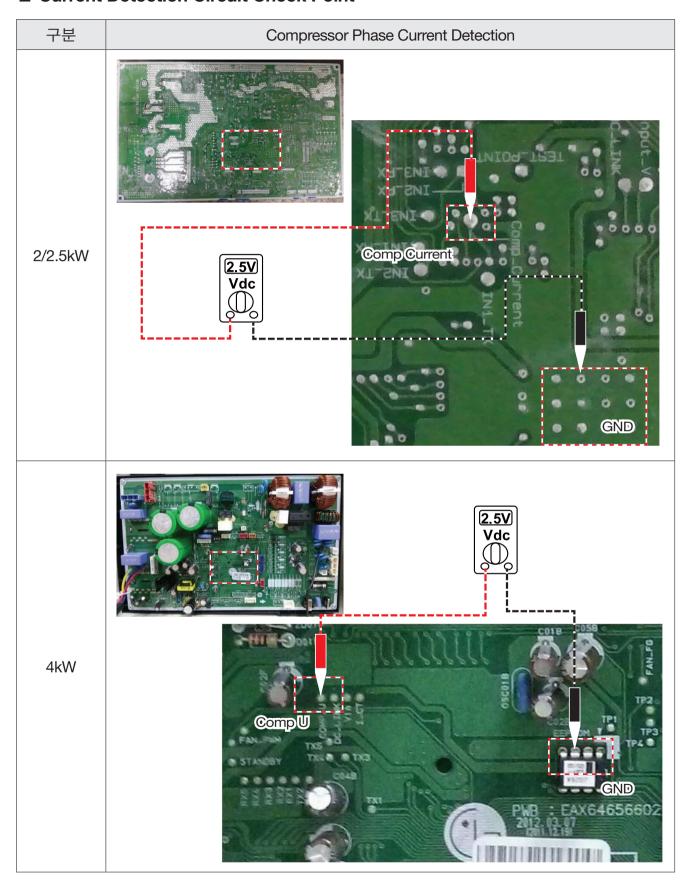
Checking method

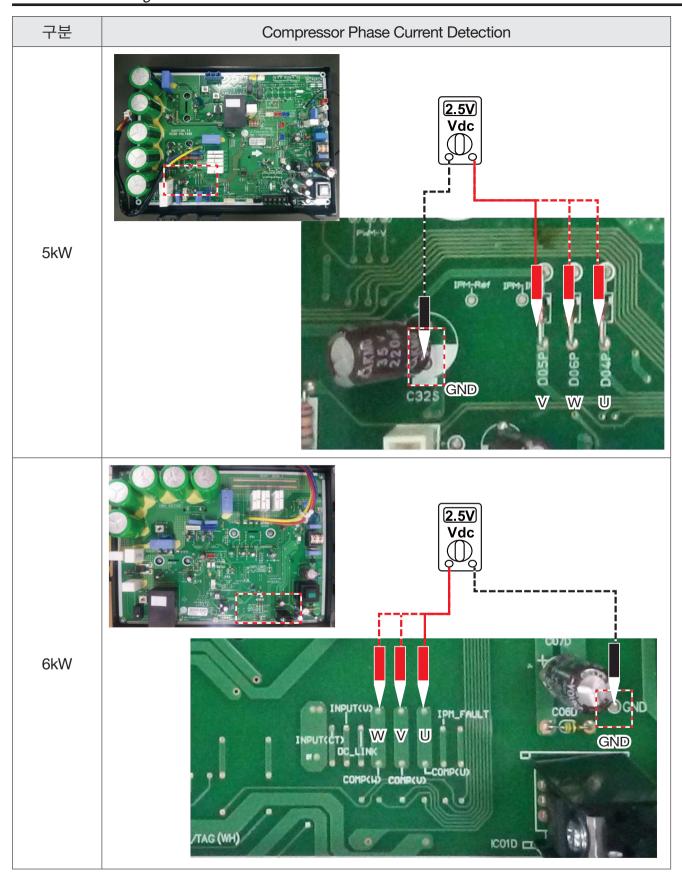


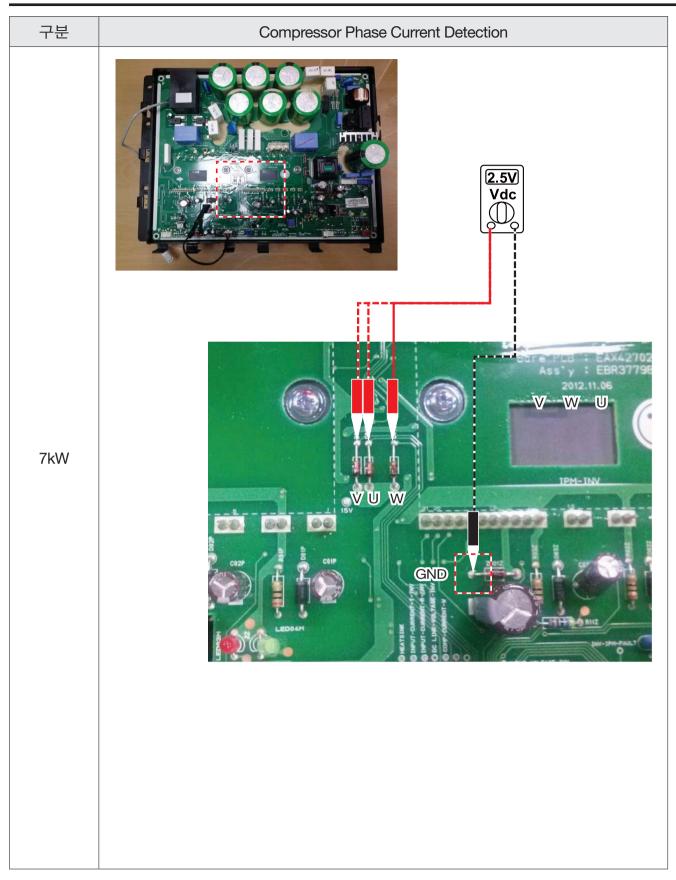
* PCBA : PCB Assembly

! Caution: When the measurement is made in the state that the electricity is applied, check the tester for being in the measurement mode and be careful to avoid possible short of the parts other than the measuring part.

■ Current Detection Circuit Check Point







CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

4-Way Valve Check

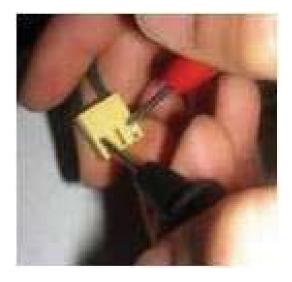
| or checking 1. Check the working voltage of the 4-way valve. 2. Check the 4-way valve coil resistance. |
|--|
| fo |

■ Checking the output voltage of CN-4way (refer to next page)

- 1. Set the tester in AC Voltage Mode and check the current.
- 2. Check the output voltage between both ends of CN-4Way Connector.
- 3. The standard of normal voltage is 220V±10%.
- 4. If the measurement is different from the standard, replace PCBA.
- * The measurement should be made at the time to start heating mode operation and at the time of standby after operation.

■ Check the 4-way.valve coil resistance.

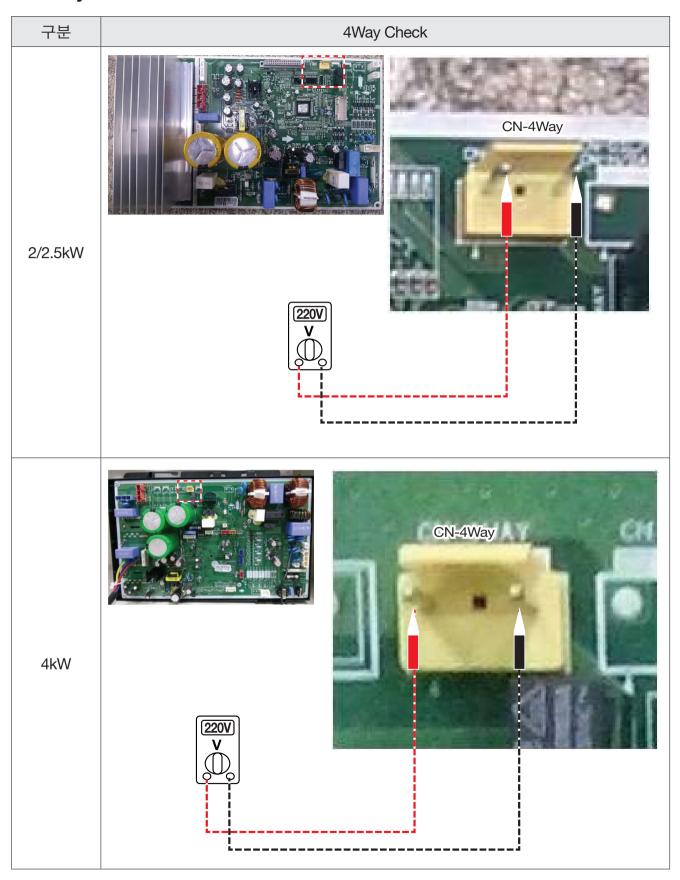
- 1. Set the tester in Resistance Mode and check the current.
- 2. Measure the resistance between the both ends of a single unit of 4-Way valve coil.
- 3. The standard of normal resistance is $14 \text{kg} \pm 10\%$.
- 4. If the measurement is different from the standard, replace 4-Way valve coil,

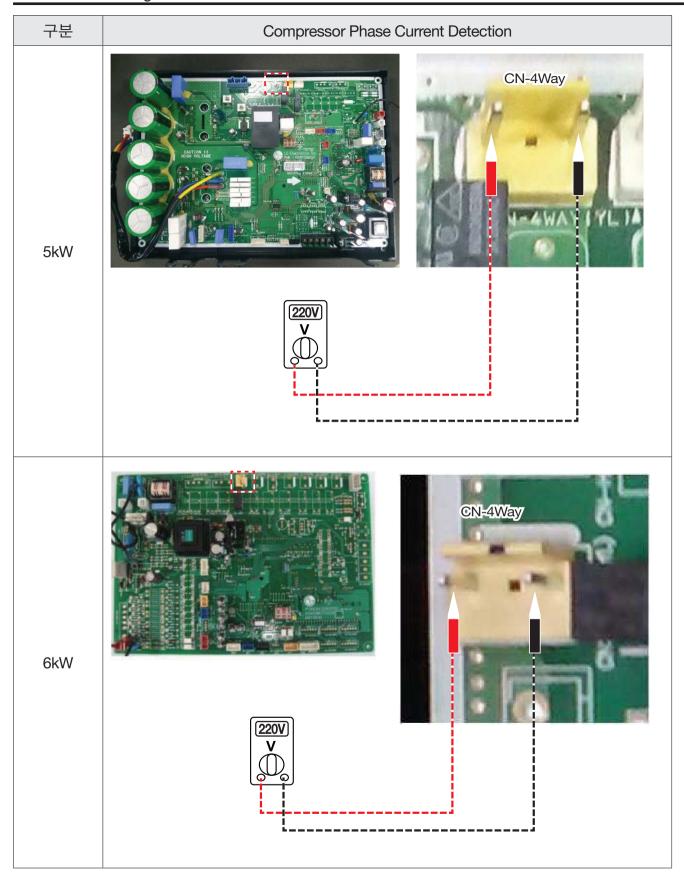


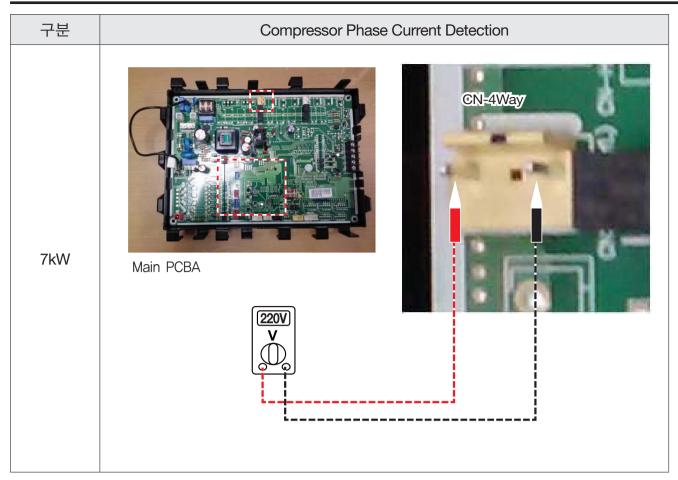


! Caution: When the measurement is made in the state that the electricity is applied, check the tester for being in the measurement mode and be careful to avoid possible short of the parts other than the measuring part.

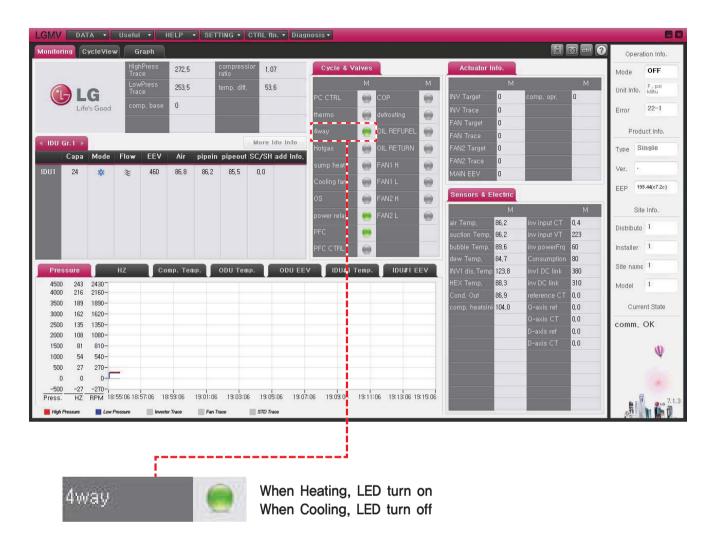
■ 4-Way Check Point







■ LGMV Display

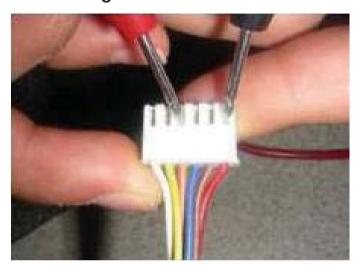


CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

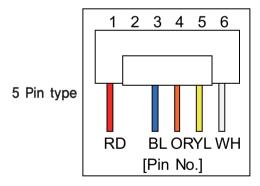
EEV Check

| Purpose | Judging EEV part fault. | Items for checking | 1. Measure EEV resistance. |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|

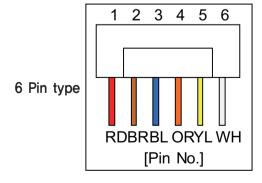
■ Checking EEV resistance



- Set the tester in Resistance Mode and check the current.
- 2. Measure the resistance between eth Pins of EEV Connector.
- 3. For the measurement method and normal standard, refer to the Table.



| [Table] | | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Measurement Pin | Normal Standard | | | |
| 1-3 | 45 Ω±5 Ω | | | |
| 1-4 | 45 Ω±5 Ω | | | |
| 1-5 | 45 Ω±5 Ω | | | |
| 1-6 | 45 Ω±5 Ω | | | |



| [Table] | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Measurement Pin | Normal Standard | | |
| 1-4 | 45 Ω±5 Ω | | |
| 1-6 | 45 Ω±5 Ω | | |
| 2-3 | 45 Ω±5 Ω | | |
| 2-5 | 45 Ω±5 Ω | | |

^{*} There may be the difference in the resistance depending upon the EEV Specifications.

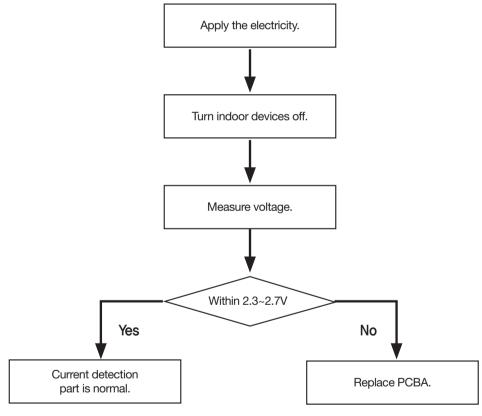
CH 21 (DC Peak / Comp IPM Fault)

DC Link Detection Circuit

| Purpose | Generation of an error caused by DC link voltage detection error. | Items for checking | Checking DC link voltage detection error |
|---------|---|--------------------|--|
|---------|---|--------------------|--|

- 1. Set the tester in DC Voltage Mode and check the current.
- 2. Checking the voltage between DC/L and Micom_GND.
- 3. The standard of normal voltage measurement is 2.4~2.8V.
- 4. If the measurement is different from the standard, replace PCBA.

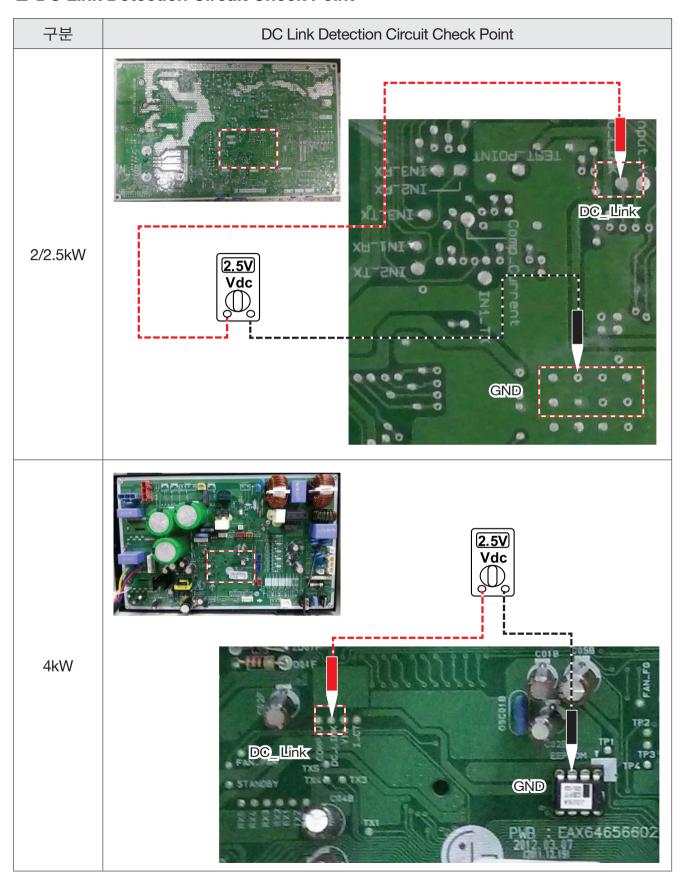
Checking method

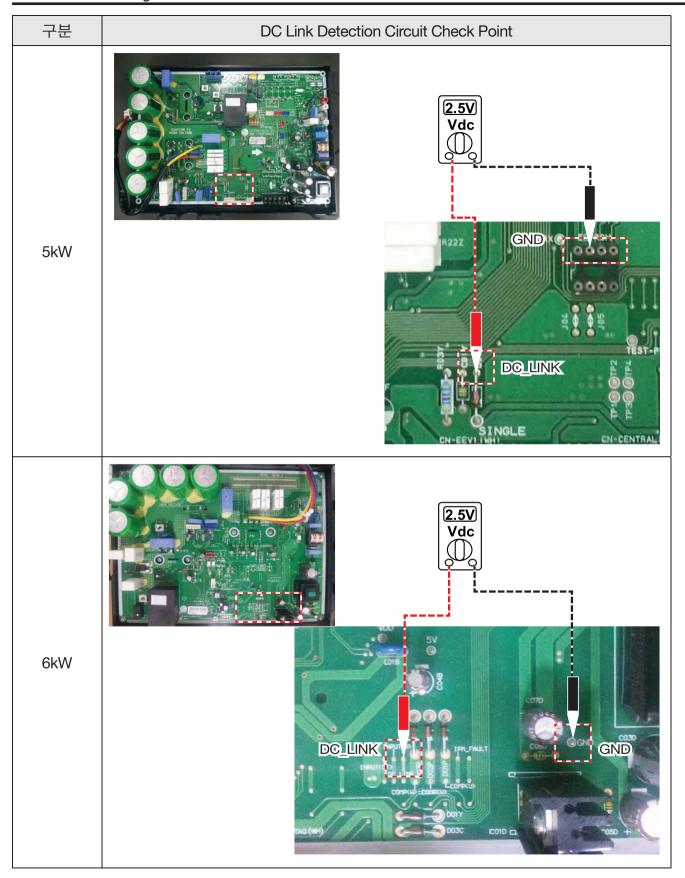


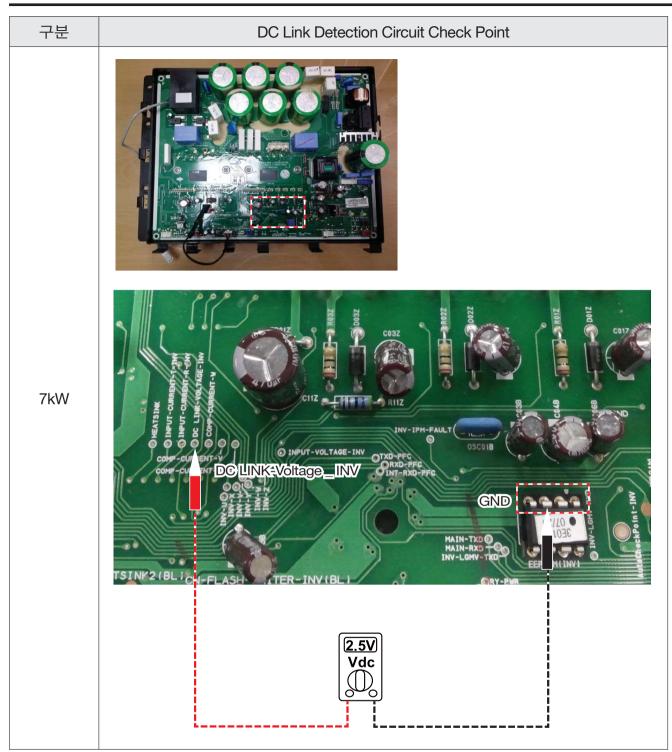
PCBA : PCB Assembly

! Caution: When the measurement is made in the state that the electricity is applied, check the tester for being in the measurement mode and be careful to avoid possible short of the parts other than the measuring part.

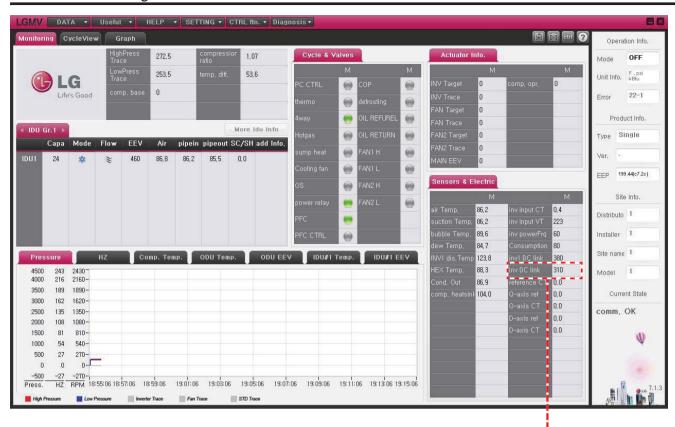
■ DC Link Detection Circuit Check Point







4. Trouble Shooting





DC Link NG Voltage level

| Controller | Voltage |
|------------|---------|
| 2~6kW | 140V |
| 7kW | 380V |

CH 22 (Input of Over Current)

| Items | | Contents | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| Purpose | | Prevention of the damage of PCBA, wire, and connector caused by over-current | |
| Condition for Generation | | The detected current exceeds the standard. | |
| Expected Causes | Installation & Overload | Installation fault, closing of SVC valve, under/over charging with refrigerant, infiltration of water into refrigerant, outdoor device shielding, outdoor fan fault, EEV valve fault, and sensor fault or assembling error. | |
| | Compressor | Short between compressor coil and sash, abrasion of compressor, and short/opening of compressor coil. | |
| | PCB Assembly | Input current detection circuit fault. | |
| | Others | Input of low-voltage. | |

CH 22 (Input of Over Current)

Flow of trouble diagnosis

Sub-items for Items for checking checking Checking Checking Checking power input voltage connection power source state * Check for AC190~260V Checking Checking Checking Checking outdoor Checking EEV for pipes outdoor over-load devices for for Bending / for motion fan operation operation shielding blocking * Refer to 69 page X Refer to 70 page * Refer to 86 page Checking refrigerant for over/shorts * Check the manifold gauge pressure Checking Checking Checking Checking compressor compressor compressor phase resisinsulation compressor wiring resistance tance ※ Refer to 71 page * Refer to 71 page Checking input Checking current **PCBA** detection circuit * Refer to 94 page

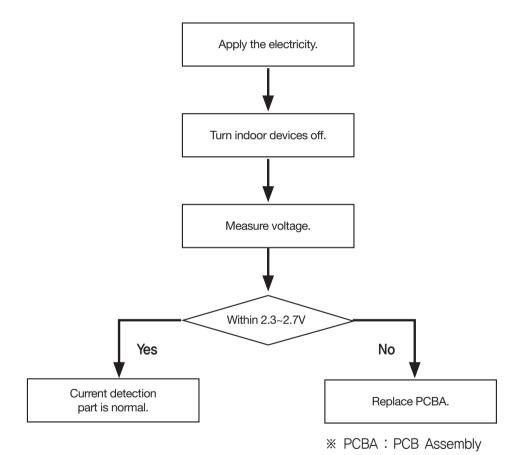
CH 22 (Input of Over Current)

Input Current Detection Circuit

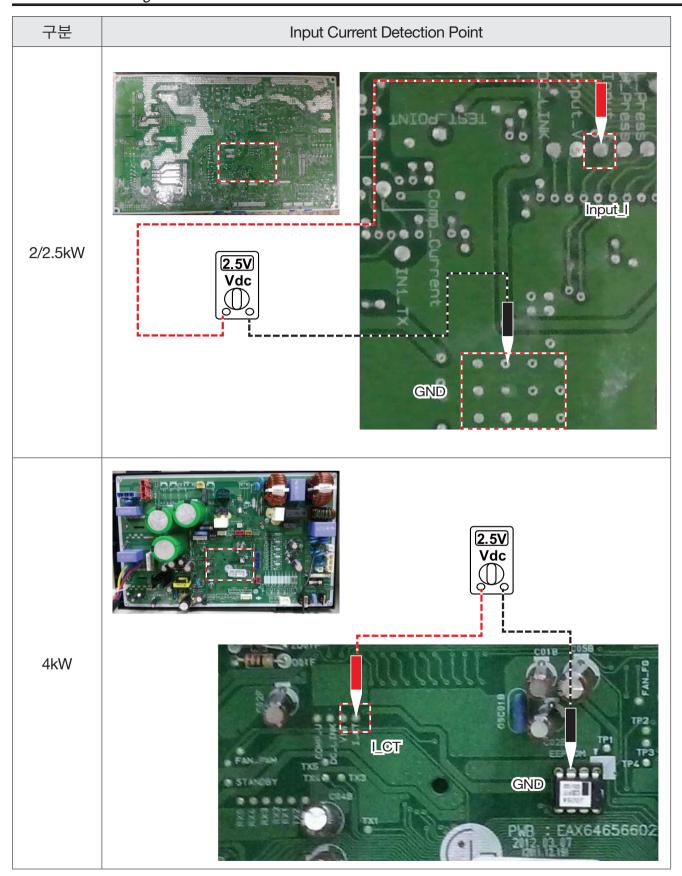
| Purpose | Generation of over-current caused by input current detection error. | Items for checking | 1. Checking for current detection error |
|---------|---|--------------------|---|
|---------|---|--------------------|---|

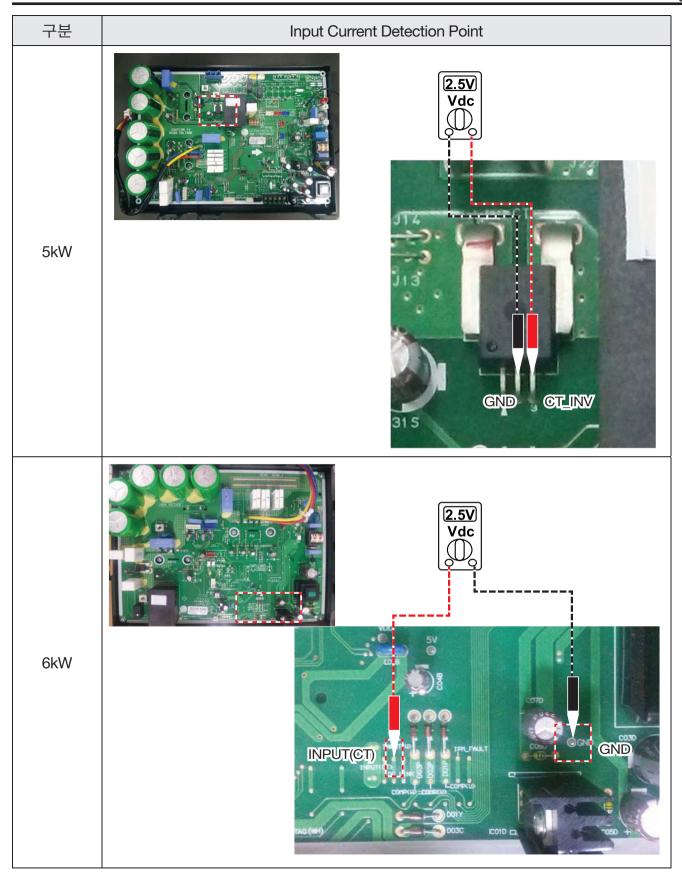
- 1. Set the tester in DC Voltage Mode and check the current.
- 2. Check the current between IN/I and Micom_GND.
- 3. The standard of normal voltage measurement is 2.5V±0.2V.
- 4. If the measurement is different from the standard, replace PCBA,

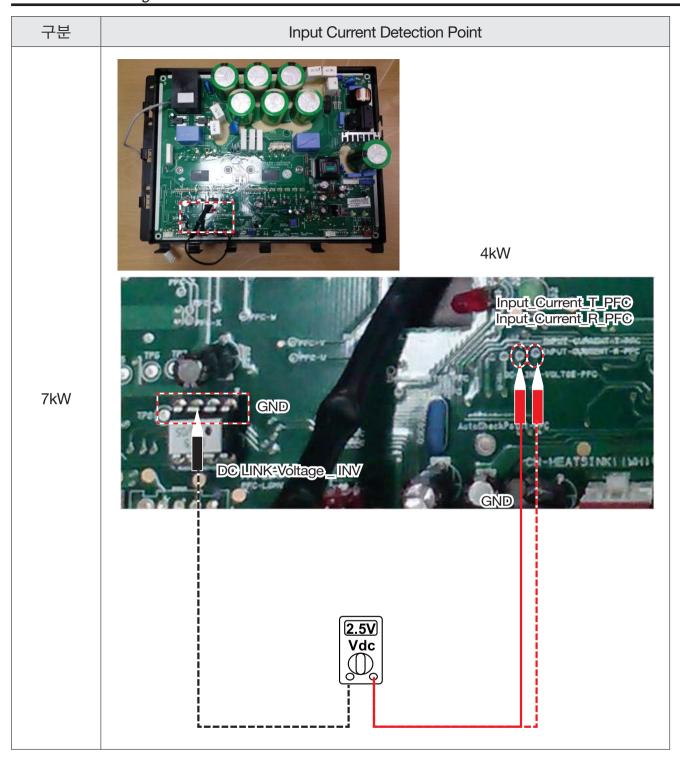
Checking method



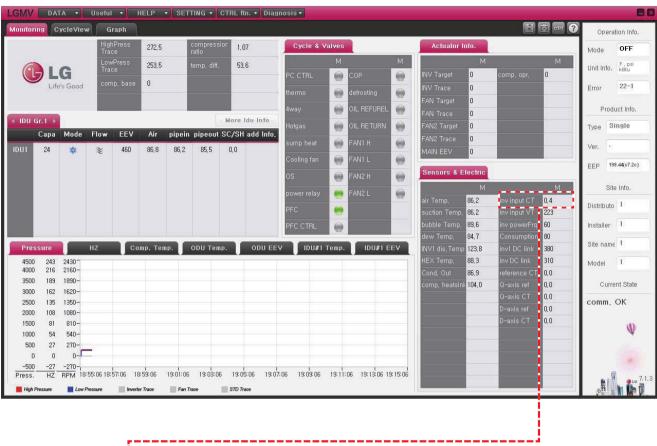
! Caution: When the measurement is made in the state that the electricity is applied, check the tester for being in the measurement mode and be careful to avoid possible short of the parts other than the measuring part.







■ LGMV Display





CH22 error condition

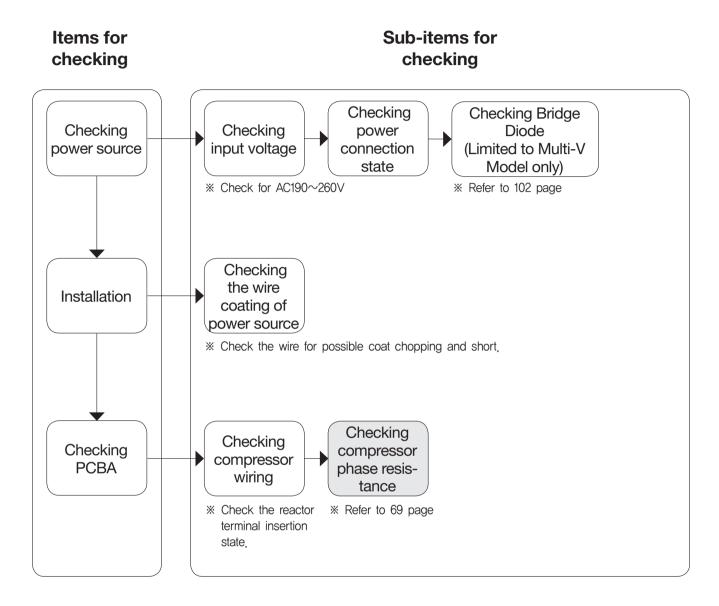
| Controller | Current Level |
|------------|---------------|
| 2kW | 9A ↑ |
| 2.5kW | 11A ↑ |
| 4kW | 19A ↑ |
| 5kW | 29A ↑ |
| 6kW | 29A ↑ |
| 7kW | 13A ↑ |

CH 23 (DC Link Voltage Low)

| Items | | Contents | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|---|--|--|
| Purpose | | Securing the credibility of the compressor lifetime against the generation of over-current at the compressor part in the DC Link Low Voltage condition. | | |
| Condition for Generation | | Detected DC Link Voltage is less than the standard. | | |
| Expected | Installation | Installation fault and input of low-voltage power | | |
| Causes | PCB Assembly | Damage of DC link voltage detection circuit and reactor terminal connection error | | |

CH 23 (DC Link Voltage Low)

Flow of trouble diagnosis



CH 23 (DC Link Voltage Low)

Checking Reactor Connection

| 구분 | Reacto | r Conr | nector Point |
|---------|--------|---------------|--|
| 2/2.5kW | | \Rightarrow | |
| 4kW | | \Rightarrow | CHARACTER AND |
| 5kW | | \Rightarrow | Brown Wire is connected AC(L) Terminal. Blue Wire is connected AC(N) Terminal. |
| 6kW | | \Rightarrow | Brown Wire is connected CN(L) Terminal. Blue Wire is connected CN(N) Terminal. |
| 7kW | | \Rightarrow | Brown Wire is connected CN L1(R) Terminal. Black Wire is connected CN L2(S) Terminal. |

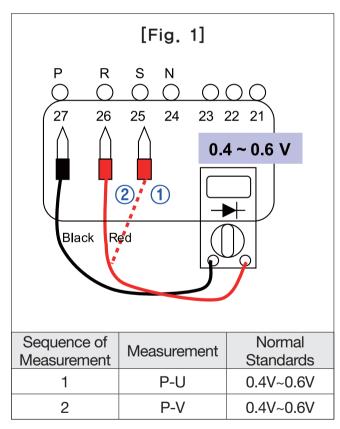
CH 23 (DC Link Voltage Low)

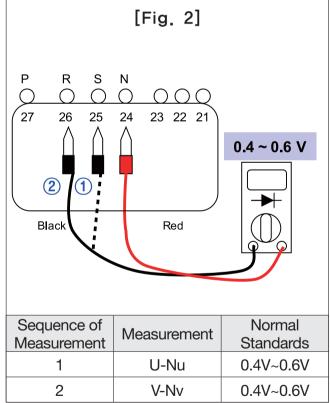
Checking PFCM (PCBA: 4,5,6kW)

| Purpose | Checking Bride Diode parts for fault. | Items for checking | 1. Checking PFCM for damage |
|---------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
|---------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|

■ How to check PFCM IGBT (Diode Mode)

- 1. Remove the connector from PCB.
- 2. Set the Multi-Tester as Diode Voltage Measurement Mode. (→)
- 3. Measure the voltage as shown in Fig. 1.
- 4. Measure the voltage as shown in Fig. 2.
- 5. If the measurements are significantly different from the levels shown in the figures, the PFCM is deemed to be damaged.





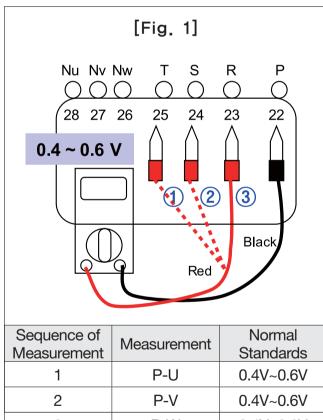
CH 23 (DC Link Voltage Low)

Checking PFCM (PCBA: 7kW)

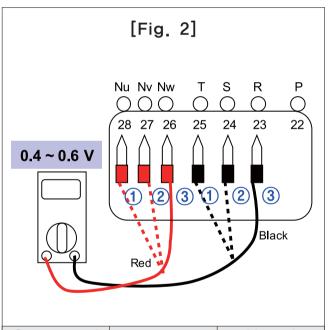
| Purpose | Checking Bride Diode parts for fault. | Items for checking | 1. Checking PFCM for damage |
|---------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
|---------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|

■ How to check PFCM IGBT (Diode Mode)

- 1. Remove the connector from PCB.
- 2. Set the Multi-Tester as Diode Voltage Measurement Mode. (→→)
- 3. Measure the voltages of P~R / P~S / P~T as shown in Fig. 1.
- 4. Measure the voltages of T~Nu / S~Nv / R~Nw as shown in Fig. 2.
- 5. If the measurements are significantly different from the levels shown in the figures, the IPM is deemed to be damaged.

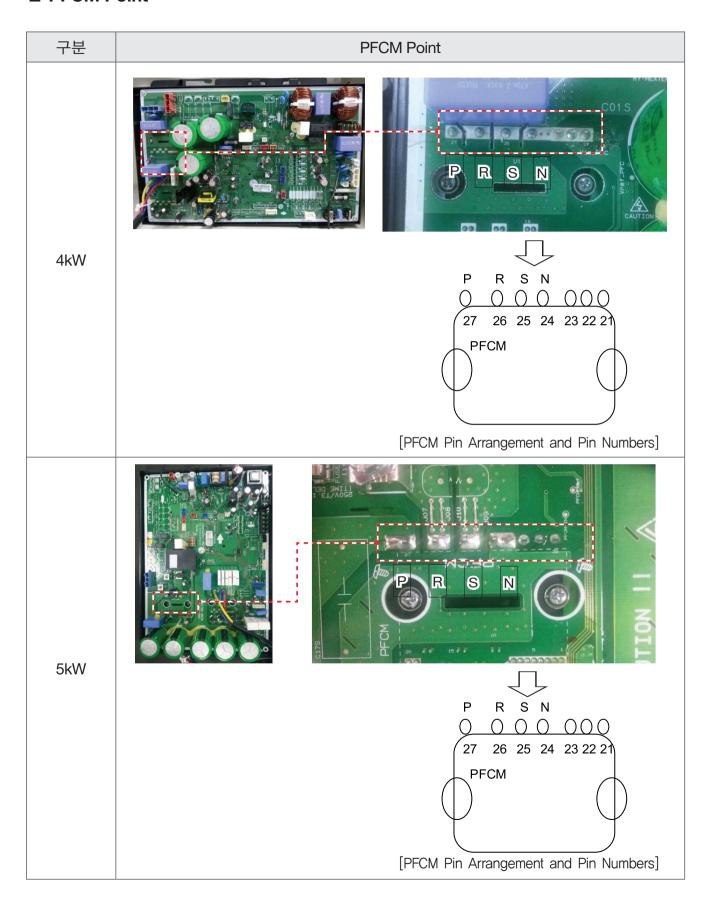


| Sequence of Measurement | Measurement | Normal Standards |
|-------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1 | P-U | 0.4V~0.6V |
| 2 | P-V | 0.4V~0.6V |
| 3 | P-W | 0.4V~0.6V |

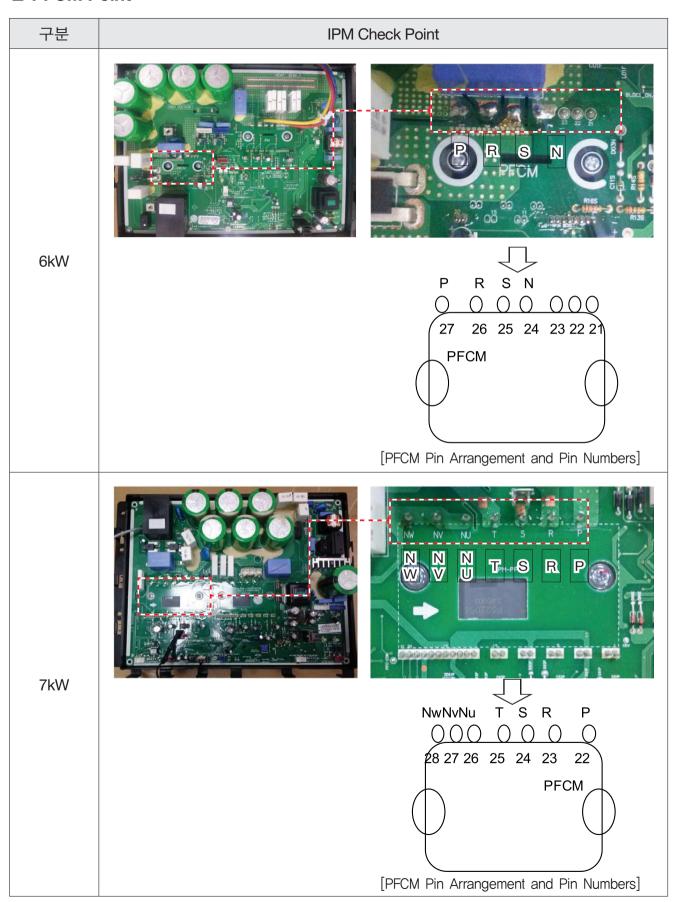


| Sequence of Measurement | Measurement | Normal Standards |
|-------------------------|-------------|---------------------|
| 1 | U-Nu | 0.4V~0.6V |
| 2 | V-Nv | 0.4V~0.6V |
| 3 | W-Nw | 0.4V~0.6V |

■ PFCM Point



■ PFCM Point

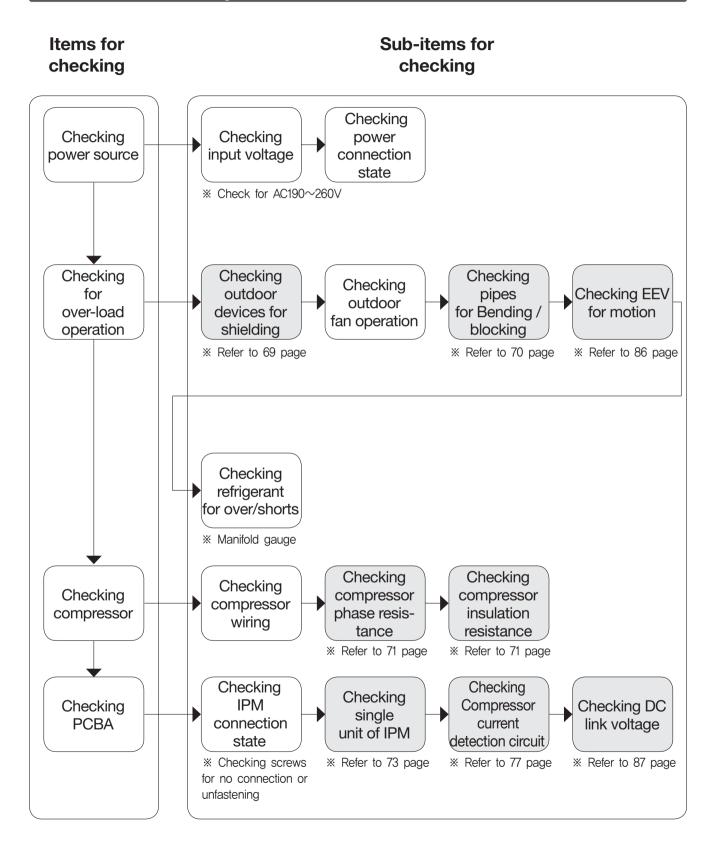


CH 26 (Compressor Starting Failure)

| Items | | Contents | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Purpose | | Restarting of the compressor when it does not properly work. | |
| Condition for Generation | | The compressor current exceeds the standard at initial starting. The compressor current does not reach the standard at initial starting. The compressor frequency does not reach the standard at initial starting. | |
| | Installation & Overload | Closing of SVC valve, under/over charging with refrigerant, infiltration of water into refrigerant, outdoor device shielding, outdoor fan fault, EEV valve fault, and sensor fault or assembling error | |
| Expected Causes | Compressor | Open/Short of the coil in the compressor, insulation breaking between the coil in the compressor and the sash, damage of compressor with abrasion, and compressor connection fault | |
| | PCB Assembly | IPM parts fault, compressor current detection circuit fault, and DC link detection circuit fault | |
| | Others | Input of abnormal power, IPM connection fault, and power connection fault | |

CH 26 (Compressor Starting Failure)

Flow of trouble diagnosis

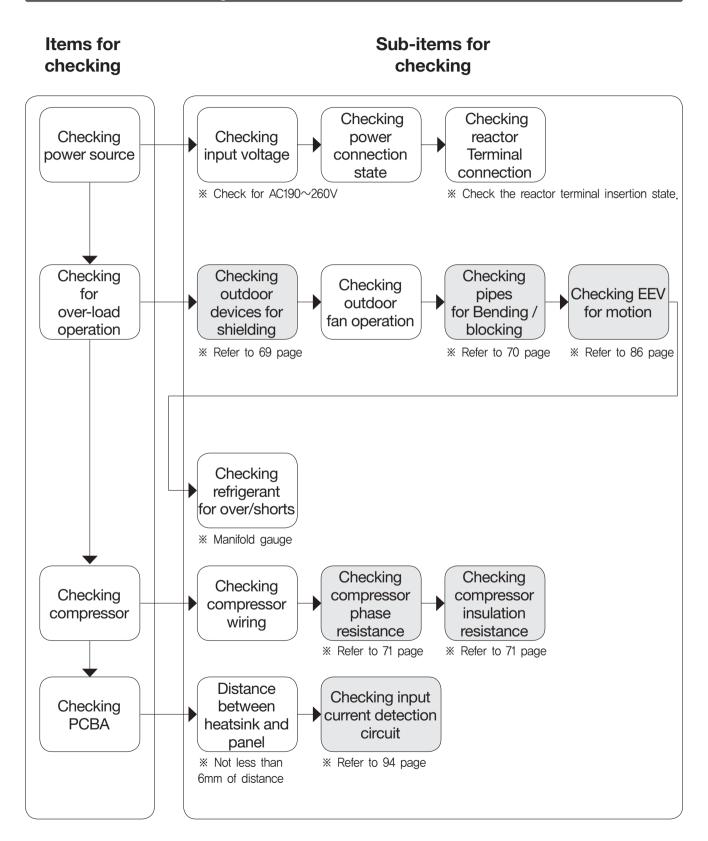


CH 27/73 (PSC/PFC Fault Error)

| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Purpose | | Prevention of the damage of PCBA, wire, and connector caused by over-current |
| Condition | for Generation | Transfer of signals with detection of the flow of over-current in PSC/PFC |
| Expected Causes | Installation & Overload | Transfer of signals with detection of the flow of over-current in PSC/PFC, Outdoor device shielding |
| | Compressor | Open/Short of the coil in the compressor, insulation breaking between the coil in the compressor and the sash, damage of compressor with abrasion, and compressor connection fault |
| | PCB Assembly | Damage of PSCM/PFCM and input current detection circuit fault |
| | Others | Input of abnormal power, power connection fault, reactor terminal connection fault, and faulty distance between heatsink and sash |

CH 27/73 (PSC/PFC Fault Error)

Flow of trouble diagnosis

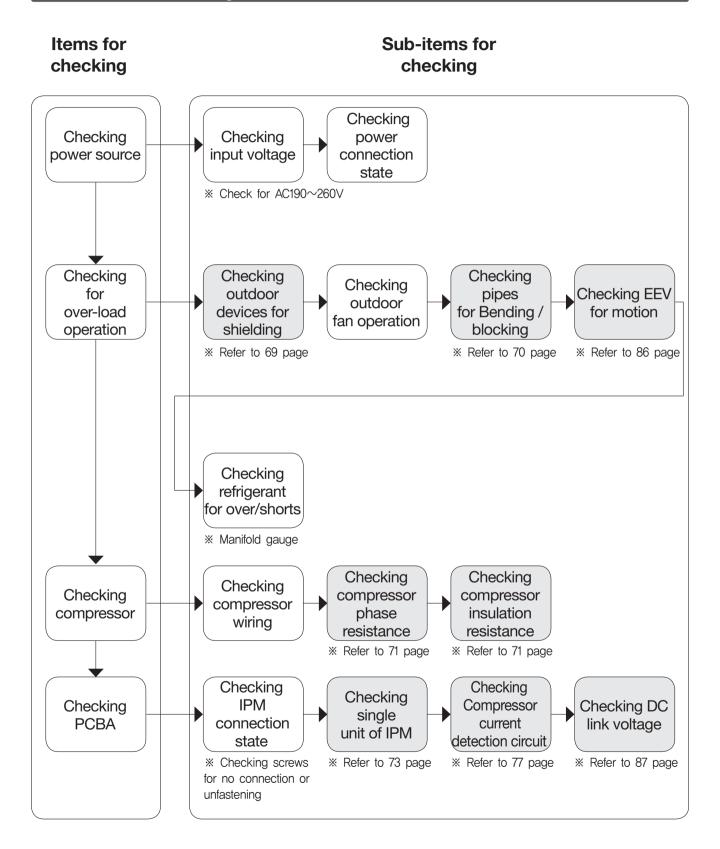


CH 29 (Compressor Over Current)

| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Purpose | | Protection of IPM and compressor in the PCB assembly from over- current. |
| Condition for Generation | | Increased compressor current exceeding the standard. |
| Expected Causes | Installation & Overload | Transfer of signals with detection of the flow of over-current in PSC/PFC, blocking of a outdoor unit. |
| | Compressor | Open/Short of the coil in the compressor, insulation breaking between the coil in the compressor and the sash, damage of compressor with abrasion, and compressor connection fault |
| | PCB Assembly | Compressor current detection circuit fault, DC link detection circuit fault, and fault of single unit of IPM |
| | Others | Input of abnormal power and power connection fault |

CH 29 (Compressor Over Current)

Flow of trouble diagnosis



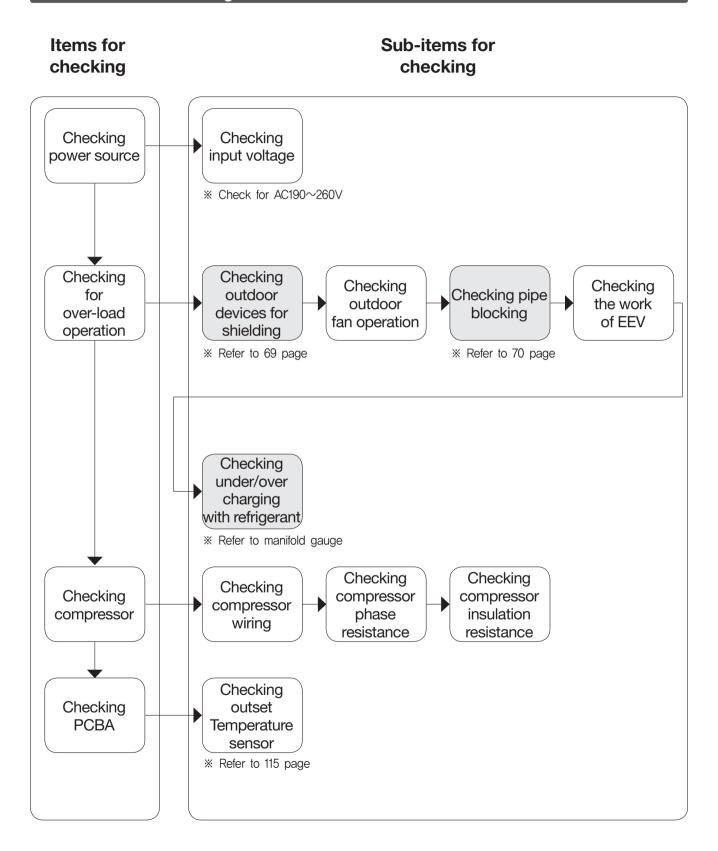
CH 32 (Discharge pipe overheating error of Inverter)

| Items | | Contents |
|--------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Purpose | | Possible damage of compressor and piping due to high discharge temperature |
| Condition for Generation | | The discharge temperature is elevated exceeding the standard. |
| | Installation | Installation fault, closing of SVC valve, under/over charging with refrigerant, and infiltration of moisture into refrigerant |
| | Overload | Outdoor device shielding, outdoor fan fault, and EEV valve fault |
| Expected Causes | Compressor | Short between compressor coil and sash, abrasion of compressor, and short/opening of compressor coil |
| | PCB Assembly | Compressor current and DC link voltage detection circuit fault |
| | Sensor | Discharge temperature sensor fault |

^{*} IPM (Intelligent Power Module): The part to control the inverter compressor

CH 32 (Discharge pipe overheating error of Inverter)

Flow of trouble diagnosis



Checking Temperature Sensor Open/Short

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Prevention of reception of wrong temperature value from the temperature sensor |
| Condition for Generation | Damage of temperature sensor (Short / Open) |

■ Cause of Temperature Sensor Error

| Classification | Causes in Detail |
|----------------|---|
| PUB ASSEMBLY | Connector open, damaged insulation of sash, damage of the wire coating of temperature sensors |

| Code No. | Details of Errors | |
|----------|--|--|
| 41 | Inverter Discharge temperature sensor Open/Short | |
| 43 | High pressure Sensor Error | |
| 44 | Outdoor air temperature sensor Open/Short | |
| 45 | Outdoor piping temperature sensor Open/Short | |
| 46 | Outdoor suction temperature sensor Open/Short | |
| 47 | Constant rate outlet temperature sensor Open/Short | |

1. Uses of sensors

: Control of compressor and cycle

2. Kinds of Sensors (See corresponding pages)

Outlet: $200K\Omega \pm 10\%$ Piping: $5K\Omega \pm 10\%$ Air: $10K\Omega \pm 10\%$

(Based on 25°C of surrounding temperature)

3. Sensor insulation resistance

: The resistance between the sash and sensor terminal should be not less than $1M\Omega$.

Sensor Checking Methods

Purpose

Checking single units of sensors for fault

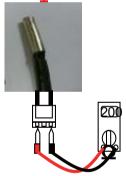
Items for checking

Measurement of the unique resistance by sensor temperature.

1 Compressor discharge sensor

- Position : Outlet of compressor Sensor value : 200k \wp ± 10%
 - (Based on 25°C)



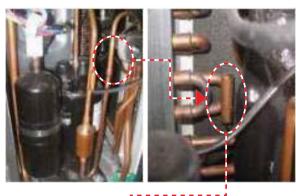


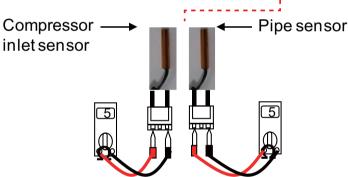
③ Outdoor temperature sensor

2 Pipe sensor

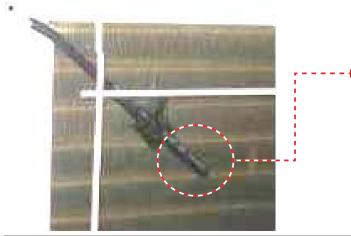
- Position: Compressor inlet and pipe
- Sensor value : $5k\Omega \pm 10\%$

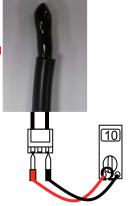
(Based on 25°C)





- Position: Rear part of outdoor device
- Sensor value : $10kQ \pm 10\%$ (Based on 25° C)

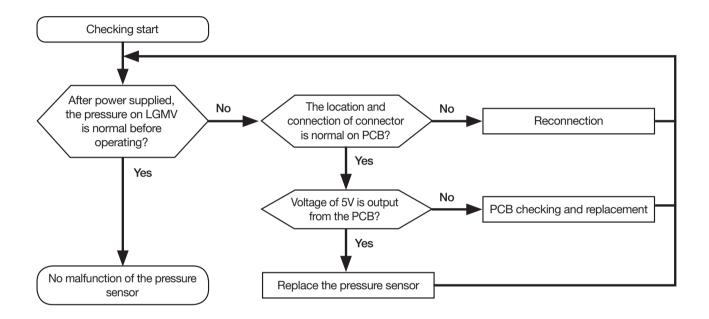




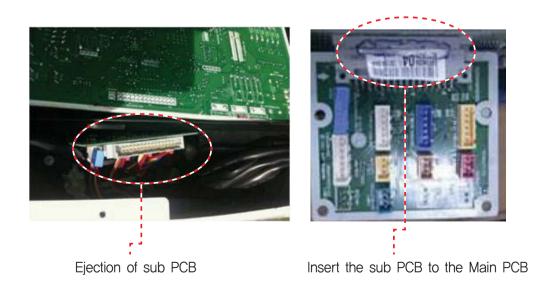
| Purpose | Checking single units of sensors for fault | literus for checking | Measurement of the unique resistance by sensor temperature. |
|---------|--|----------------------|---|
|---------|--|----------------------|---|

4 Pressure sensor

- Position: Outlet of 4-way valve (based on cooling mode)

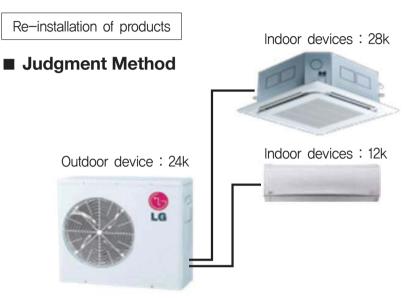


- In case of Multi models (A3UW18GFA0, A3UW21GFA0), check the ejection of Sub PCB.



CH 51 (Indoor Device Connection Error)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|---|
| PHINASE | Prevention of installation of indoor devices exceeding the capacity of outdoor device |
| Condition for Generation | Connection of indoor devices exceeding the guaranteed capacity of outdoor device |



Product guarantee: 150% (Percentage is different from each model)

| Model Name | "Maximum total capacity" |
|------------|--------------------------|
| MU2M15 | 21 |
| MU2M17 | 24 |
| MU3M19 | 30 |
| MU3M21 | 33 |
| MU4M25 | 39 |
| MU4M27 | 41 |
| MU5M30 | 48 |
| MU5M40 | 52 |
| FM40AH | 52 |
| FM48AH | 63 |
| FM56AH | 73 |
| FM41AH | 54 |
| FM49AH | 63 |
| FM57AH | 73 |

1) Selection of the possible capacity to be combined with the outdoor device

2) Indoor device capacity = 28k + 12k = 40k



Total capacity of indoor devices (40k) exceeds the maximum combination capacity of the outdoor device (36k).

→ CH51(Indoor Device Over-Connection Error)

CH 52 (PCB Communication Error)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Checking the communication state between Main PCB and Inverter PCB |
| Condition for Generation | Generation of noise source interfering with communication |

Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off.

Items for checking **Sub-items for checking** Resetting power source Insufficient insertion Damage of Connector of housing wire coating Damage of Check the Heat sink Checking and Chassis Panel wire coating power source * It should not be short Replacement of LED Off inverter PCB * Refer to 119 page Replacement of main PCB

CH 52 (PCB Communication Error)

Environment interfering PCB communication

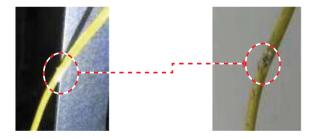
| Purpose | Installation environment interfering the communication | Items for checking | Checking method of faulty points |
|---------|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|
|---------|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|

1) Insufficient insertion of wires





② Damage of wire coating: Interference with wires or wire coating damage with chopping



③ Inverter PCB LED: Replacement of inverter PCB during LED Off after resetting

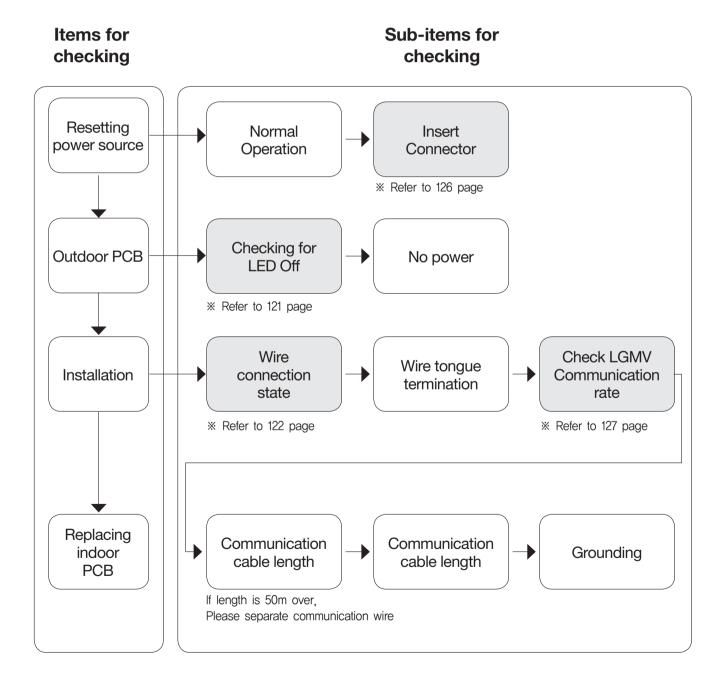




CH 05/53 (Indoor/Outdoor Device Communication Error) → Detection by indoor devices

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|---|
| Purpose | Checking for smooth data sending/receiving between indoor/outdoor devices |
| Condition for Generation | Damage and installation of outdoor device PCB |

Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off,

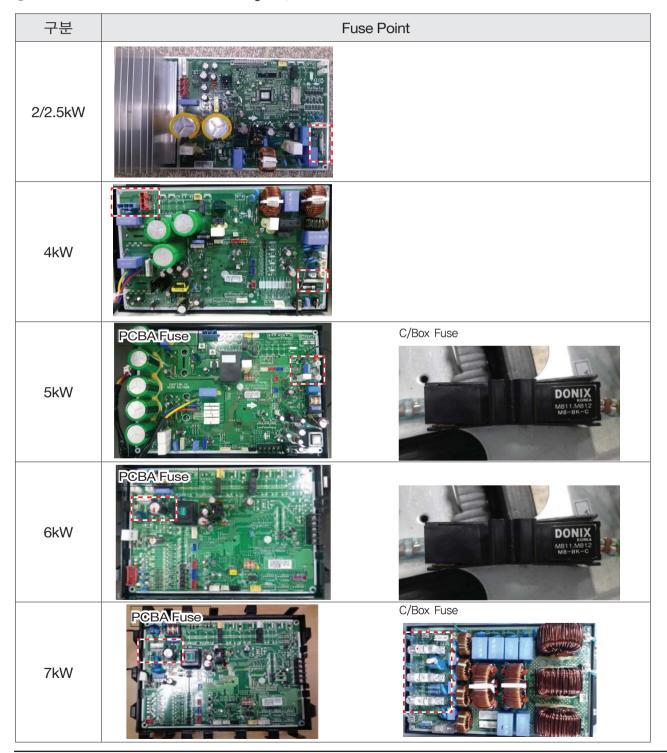


CH 05/53 (Indoor/Outdoor Device Communication Error) → Detection by indoor devices

Checking Method of Outdoor PCB

| Purpose | Checking whether outdoor PCB is | Items for checking | Lighting of LED, fuse damage, and reactor |
|----------|---------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| 1 dipooc | normal | items for checking | connection error |

- 1) Check reactor connection state.
- 2 Check fuse state
- 3 Check whether outdoor PCB LED is lighted.

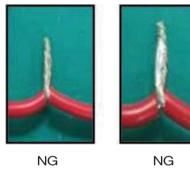


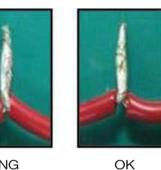
CH 05/53 (Indoor/Outdoor Device Communication Error) → Detection by indoor devices

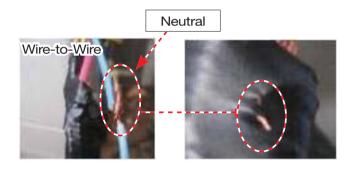
Installation environment interfering with the communication of indoor/outdoor devices

Purpose Installation environment interfering the communication Items for checking Check installation error points

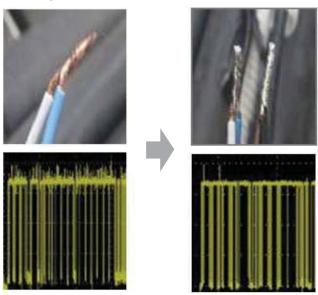
- The communication lines of the indoor /outdoor devices are installed by wire-to-wire ethod.
 In case of additional connection, connect the wires with soldering as shown below.
- ③ The cut section of the wire passes the insulation tape and causes a short with another wire.







- ② Wire tongue-termination fault.
- Neutral
- ④ Communication noise by oxidized wire arrangement : Soldering is required.

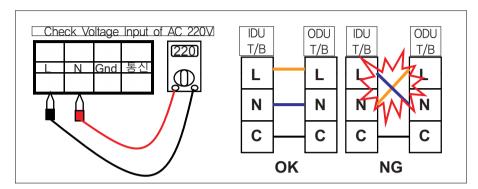


 Check Voltage Input of AC 220V, Indoor & Outdoor Communication When Input AC 220V.

Equipment : Multi-Meter
Test Mode : AC Voltage
Indoor & Outdoor Terminal block

- Check AC 220V Live ↔ Netural, Indoor & Outdoor
- Otherwise, arrange the Communication Wire, Check AC 220V



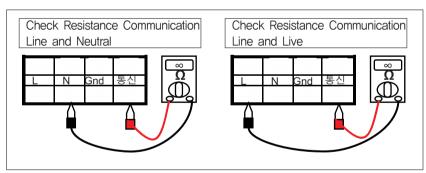


Equipment: Multi-Meter Test Mode: Resistance

2) Check electric short Communication Line and Power Line

After Removing Power Line Wire and Communication Line Wire, Check the voltages

- Check resistance Communication ↔ Live should be infinite
- Check resistance Communication ↔ Netural should be infinite
- Check resistance Communication ↔ Gnd should be infinite



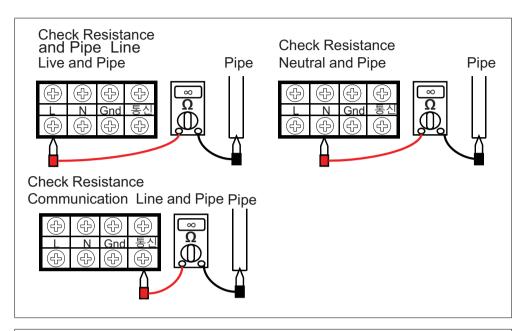




3) Check electric leakage Communication Line and Pipe

After Removing Power Line Wire and Communication Line Wire, Check the voltages

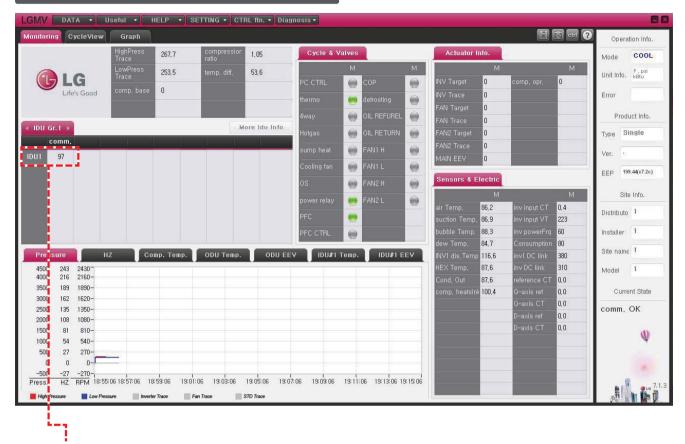
- Check Infinite Resistance between Power / Communication Line and Pipe Line





CH 05/53 (Indoor/Outdoor Device Communication Error) → Detection by indoor devices

Check LGMV Communication rate



Communication rate (Normally 90% ↑)

IDU1 97

CH 05/53 (Indoor/Outdoor Device Communication Error) → Detection by indoor devices

How to measure for Environment Noise

■ Applied Model : Multi/Single Outdoor PCBA (Refer to PCB P/no of attached file)

■ Applied S/No: ~ 301xxxxxx (~ Jan, 2013)

1. Symptom

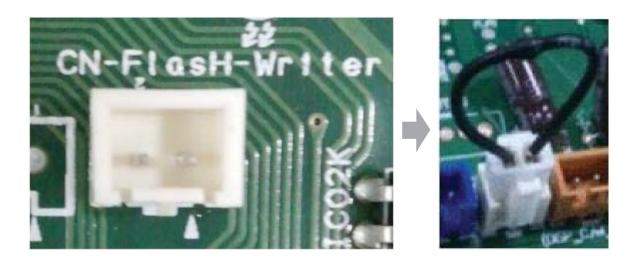
- -. Outdoor unit cannot communicate with Indoor unit.
- -. Outdoor reset then work normal.
 - : It happens intermittently
- LEDs for showing power—on and communication status are not on or not blinking in outdoor inverter PCBA

2. Causes

- Noise disturb the outdoor unit communication with indoor unit

3. Improvement

- Inserting small connector with capacitor in Inverter PCBA of Outdoor Unit 1)Connector can be applied to the list(PCBA P/No) on the next page 2)Guide where you put it on the next page
- -. It helps outdoor unit communicate with indoor unit better than before and reduce the noise level



[Connector with capacitor in CN Flash Writer or CN Flash]

[Phenomenon]



- 1) Red LED off
- 2) Red LED turn on but not blinking

[PCBA P/NO]

PCBA P/NO

EBR362668**

EBR356522**

EBR481682**

EBR610154**

EBR614818**

EBR633722**

EBR652505**

EBR683491**

EBR723989**

EBR753611**

EBR741383**









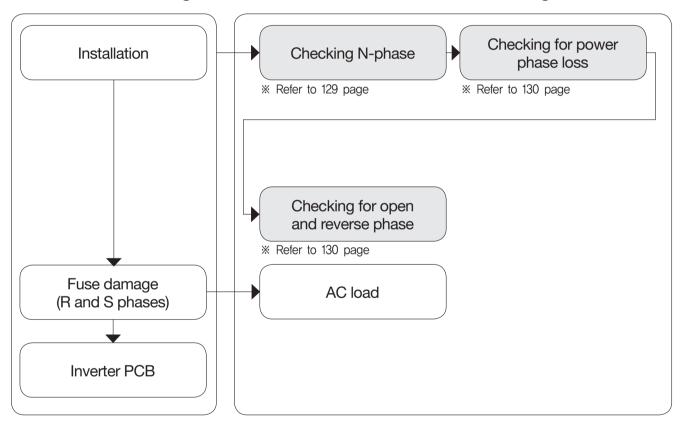
CH 54 (Open and Reverse Phase Error)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Prevention of phase unbalance and prevention of reverse rotation of constant-rate compressor |
| Condition for Generation | Main power wiring fault |

Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off.

Items for checking

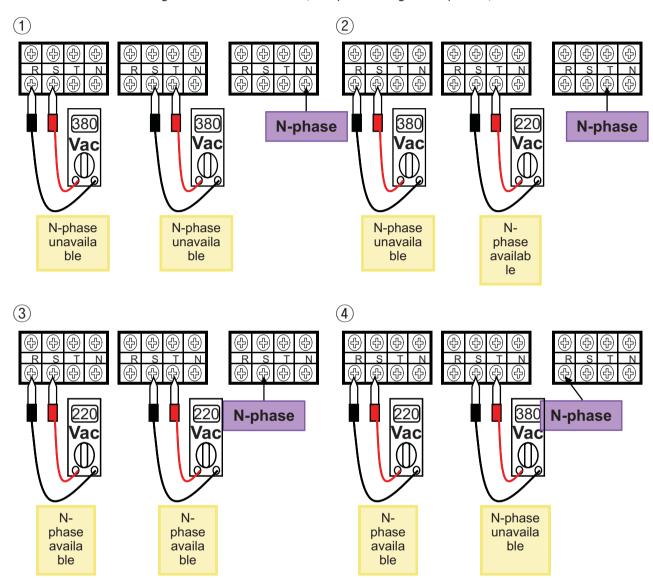
Sub-items for checking



CH 54 (Open and Reverse Phase Error)

Judgment method of N-phase wiring error

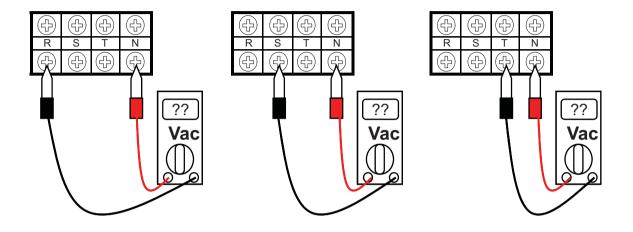
Set the tester in AC voltage measurement mode (The part having wave pattern)



CH 54 (Open and Reverse Phase Error)

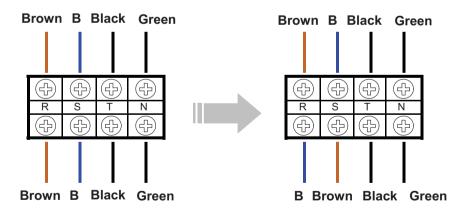
Judgment Method of R,S,T phase loss

- Set the tester in AC voltage measurement mode (The part having wave pattern)
- The part that does not generate voltage was upgraded.
- Power module requires checking...



Judgment method of open and reverse phase of R,S,T

- Operation with replacement of R and S phases only



CH 60 (EEPROM Fault)

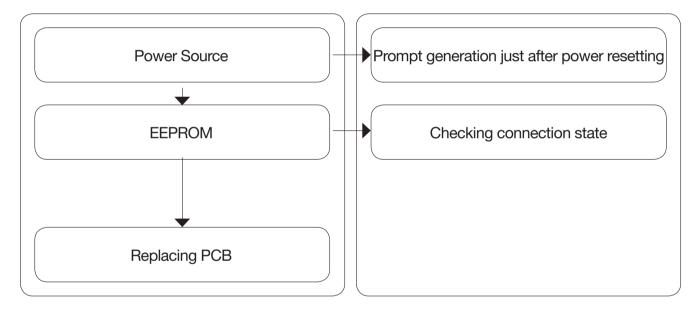
- EEPROM: IC containing the operation data suitable to the product

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| • | Prevention of application of wrong cycle data |
| Condition for Generation | Judgment of the error caused by noise and the fault of EEPROM connection |

Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off.

Items for checking

Sub-items for checking



■ How to check the EEPROM assembling state of outdoor devices

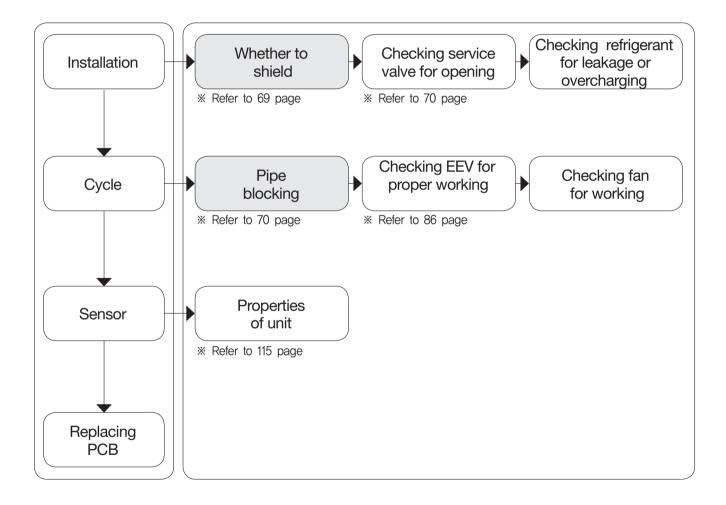
- ① Check the direction of EEPROM (Shape of marking line and direction of EEPROM)
- 2 Check whether EEPROM is perfectly adhered.
- 3 Check whether EEPROM lead is put out of the outlet.

| 구분 | EEPROM Position | |
|---------|-----------------|--|
| 2/2.5kW | | EEPRON () |
| 4kW | | EEPROM CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY |
| 5kW | | EEPROM CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY |
| 6kW | | EEPRON () |
| 7kW | | EEPROM CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY |

CH 61 (Condenser High Error)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| PHINNSA | Protection of compressor from elevated pressure and judgment whether to start defrosting |
| Condition for Generation | Shielding environment, cycle disorder, and sensor unit fault |

Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off.



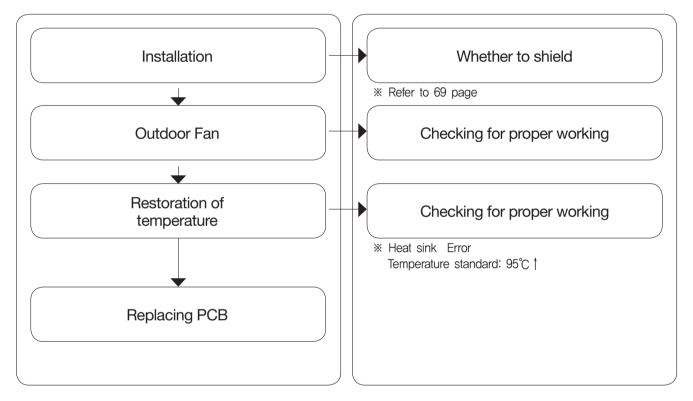
CH 62 (Heat sink High Error)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|--|
| Purpose | Prevention of damage of IPM and PSCM/PFCM |
| Condition for Generation | Heat sink temperature reaches the limit level. |

Resetting power source: Wait for 3 minutes after turning the power of the product off.

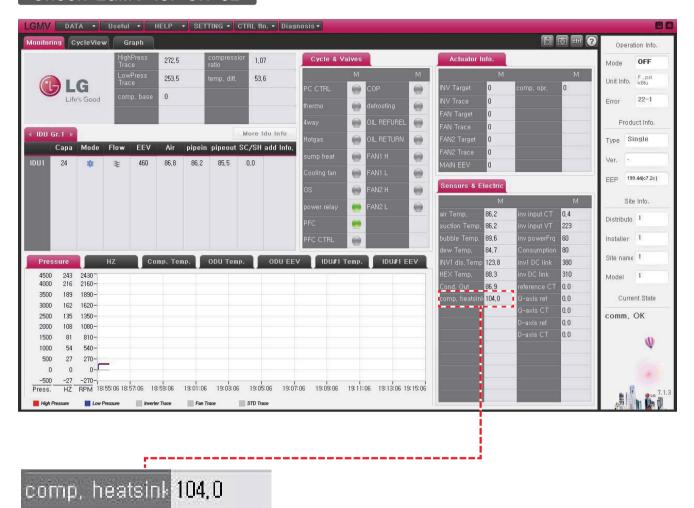
Items for checking

Sub-items for checking



CH 62 (Heat sink High Error)

Check LGMV for CH 62



DC Link NG Voltage level

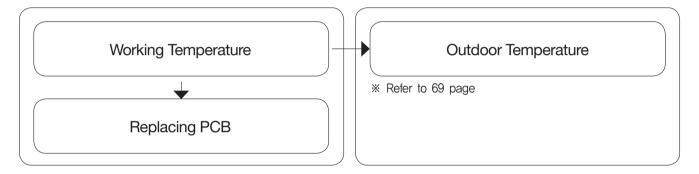
| Controller | Current Level |
|------------|---------------|
| All PCBA | 95℃ ↑ |
| 7kW | 85℃ ↑ |

CH 65 (Heat sink Temperature Sensor Open/Short)

| Items | Contents |
|--------------------------|---|
| | Prevention of damage or wrong control of PCBA (PSCM/PFCM,IPM) caused by heat sink temperature detection error |
| Condition for Generation | Detected temperature is ≤-40°C or ≥200°C. |

Items for checking

Sub-items for checking



Environmental factor checking method

- 1) The products works when outdoor temperature is $\leq -20^{\circ}$ C.
- 2) Generation of CH65 case 10 minutes after the operation of the product



If both of above-stated conditions are satisfied, environmental factor is the cause.

Sensor checking method

- 1 Power Off
- 2. Measure the resistance using a tester.
- 3. Measure the resistance Heat sink Temp point (Refer to the next page) (based on 25°C, 7K Ω \pm 10%)

| 구분 | Heat sink Tempe Sensor Point | | |
|---------|------------------------------|--------|--|
| 2/2.5kW | | #14,16 | |
| 4kW | | #19,20 | |
| 5kW | | #19,20 | |
| 6kW | | #19,20 | |
| 7kW | | | |

CH 65 (Heat sink Temperature Sensor Open/Short)

| Items | Contents | |
|--------------------------|--|--|
| Purpose | Detection of no proper operation of the fan. | |
| Condition for Generation | The fan is not operated at the rpm exceeding the standard. | |

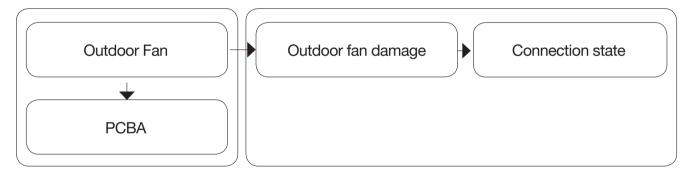
CH67 Cause of Generation

| Classification | Causes in Detail | |
|----------------|---|--|
| Fan | Fan motor damage and fan connection fault | |
| PCB Assembly | Damage of fan motor driving circuit | |

Trouble Checking Flow

Items for checking

Sub-items for checking



Cautions

- 1) Both the fan and PCB may be damaged when the fan connector is mounted or removed in the state that the power is supplied.
- 2) Both the fan and PCB may be damaged when the fan connector is inserted in reverse direction...
- 3) If fan motor fault is identified, PCB should be also replaced in consideration of possible damage of PCB.

CH 65 (Heat sink Temperature Sensor Open/Short)

Checking Temperature Sensor Open/Short

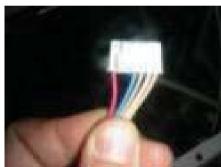
- 1. Check alien substance in the Fan.
- 2. Check the imprisonment of fan \rightarrow Please turn Fan, if fan is turn, ok.
- 3. Check the terminal.



4. Check the Motor, Refer to the below.

■ How to check the outdoor fan motor of BLDC





 Checking wire terminals for possible short





| Tester | | 정상저항(±10%) | | |
|--------|---|--|--|--|
| 1 | 4 | ∞ | ∞ | |
| (5) | 4 | Dozens k Ω ~hundreds k Ω | Dozens k Ω ~hundreds k Ω | |
| 6 | 4 | ∞ | ∞ | |
| 7 | 4 | Dozens k Ω ~hundreds k Ω | Dozens k Ω ~hundreds k Ω | |



P/NO : MFL67478301 December, 2013